"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Thunder showers today; Friday fair, moderate southwesterly winds.
For full weather report see Page 12.

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ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Elsewhere N. Y. State, N. J., Conn. | THREE CENTS Other States.

WILSON, SHOCKED AT JAILING MILITANTS, MAY ADVOCATE 'VOTES FOR WOMEN' AS PART OF WAR EMERGENCY PROGRAM

SEES PRISONER'S HUSBAND

J. A. H. Hopkins Reports the President's Desire to Aid Suffrage Cause.

BATTLE MAY ARGUE APPEAL

Has a Conference with Malone, Who Visits Women Prisoners at the Workhouse.

PLAN FOR PAYING FINES

Arrangements Made for Releasing Prisoners Who Will Consent to Accept Freedom.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The situation produced by the imprisonment of sixteen suffragettes in the District of Columbia Workhouse for displaying banners near the White House took a new turn tonight, when the husband of one of the imprisoned women, J. A. H. Hopkins of Morristown, N. J., after a forty-five-minute interview with President Wilson, issued a statement in which he indicated that the President would consider making national woman suffrage legislation a part of his war emergency program. Mr. Hopkins did not say so directly, but he left the impression that the President, deeply shocked over the arrest and imprisonment of the women, was anxious to do something to conform to the "votes for women" sentiment. Mr. Hopkins is the Chairman of the Progressive State Committee of New Jersey. He supported President Wilson's candidacy in the last Presidential campaign.

Dudley Field Malone, Collector of Customs for the Port of New York, went twice today to Occoquan, Va., where the District of Columbia Workhouse is located, to consult the sixteen women in whose behalf he appeared as counsel when they were on trial in the local police court. Occoquan is twenty-five miles from Washington by road, and Mr. Malone made the two round trips in a motor car.

After Mr. Malone's return from the second visit it was made known that George Gordon Battle of New York would probably be retained to represent some of the convicted women in appeal proceedings. Mr. Battle came to Washington tonight in connection with the case, and was in consultation at the Shoreham Hotel with Collector Malone and others interested. They were joined by George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, but it was said afterward that Mr. Creel just happened to be present, and did not take part in the conference.

Most of the suffragette prisoners refuse to make an appeal, but it seems likely that a few of them may take the case to an upper court. It is expected that when Mr. Battle or some other prominent lawyer has been retained by the women Mr. Malone will not appear actively in the case as legal adviser.

Arrangements were made today by which money may be deposited with the Superintendent of the workhouse, which he will accept in payment of the fines imposed on the women by those of any of them care to leave the institution. None of the prisoners has yet decided to take this means of obtaining release.

Stories brought to Washington today by visitors to the workhouse in regard to the treatment of the suffragette prisoners have aroused members of the Woman's Party, and it was announced today on Saturday they would send thirty-six pickets to the workhouse to display the President's official residence, with the intention of keeping alive the issue they have raised.

Some of those who visited Occoquan represented the treatment of the suffragettes by the workhouse authorities as unnecessarily humiliating. They said, for instance, that the picketers were quartered last night in a dormitory with negro women prisoners. A man whose wife is among the prisoners said at the Woman's Party headquarters this evening that he had information that a Cabinet officer was directing the Washington police and the District of Columbia authorities in their repressive measures toward the White House pickets.

Mrs. Abby Scott Baker, the wife of a Washington physician and Chairman of the Press Committee of the Woman's Party, went to New York last night to arrange for a mass meeting to protest against the sentences imposed on the suffragettes, and it was reported that she would appeal to Colonel Roosevelt to espouse the cause of the militants and oppose President Wilson on that issue. One of those at the headquarters of the Woman's Party said that the report that Mrs. Baker would appeal to Colonel Roosevelt was true. Another denied it.

Mr. Malone continued to decline to say anything in regard to the report that he had tendered his resignation as Collector in order to take up the cudgels on behalf of the suffragettes, but it was learned in other quarters that Mr. Malone had not submitted a letter of resignation.

MALONE IN CONFERENCE WITH MILITANTS IN JAIL

Prisoners Will Receive No Favors, Superintendent of the Workhouse Announces.

Special to The New York Times.

OCCOQUAN, Va., July 18.—Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York and volunteer champion of the sixteen militant suffragists confined in the District Reformatory for picket-

Continued on Page 3.

Hopkins's Interview With President Wilson, Which May Lead to Triumph for Suffrage

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—After J. A. H. Hopkins, Progressive National Committeeman from New Jersey, had conferred with President Wilson on the suffragist situation today, he was impressed with the idea that President Wilson had been deeply shocked at the whole affair, and on learning the circumstances has had only one thought, namely, to straighten the matter out. The President asked Mr. Hopkins for a suggestion as to what might be done, and the latter replied that, in view of the seriousness of the situation, the only solution lay in the immediate passage of the Susan B. Anthony amendment.

One of the suggestions that evidently had been made to the President was for a pardon for the women from the workhouse. This suggestion seemed to appeal to the President, but it was apparent that this would be only a temporary relief, since the picketing would undoubtedly continue and the agitation go on until the entire question was settled.

The President discussed the advisability of treating the suffrage amendment as a war emergency measure and asked for data which would throw light on the question of whether it would be likely to pass Congress with the necessary majority if he should add it to his war emergency program. Mr. Hopkins volunteered to furnish him a canvass of the House and Senate which would be quite convincing on this line.

EXPECT DRAFT TO NEW ARMY FRIDAY

Washington Drawing in Capitol Before Witnesses Will Be Done in an Hour.

PROBLEM OF PUBLICATION

Enormous Task of Transmitting and Printing Lists—Plan to Include Ally Aliens.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Advices today to Brig. Gen. Crowder, Provost Marshal General, indicated that the national lottery to determine the order of liability of 10,000,000 men registered for military service could be held next Friday. Preparations to make the drawing on that day went ahead rapidly, although a final decision as to the date cannot be made until the last Governor has actually reported that the local exemption boards in his State have finished their task.

All States except three—New York, Pennsylvania, and Michigan—had reported their local lists numbered for the drawing when the Provost Marshal General's office closed tonight. Officials said they had reports to indicate that these States would report themselves ready tomorrow, so the drawing could be held Friday.

Details of the mechanism to be employed in the drawing have not been revealed. It is known definitely, however, that present plans are for the lottery to take place in the Capitol, with the members of the Senate and House Military Committees as witnesses. The entire proceeding is not expected to take much more than one hour.

General Crowder was in conference today with the newspaper correspondents over arrangements for the drawing. The press is relied upon to carry to individuals throughout the country the information as to when they will be required to appear before exemption boards, and for that reason every effort is being made to suit the convenience of the papers as to details.

The task of transmitting the long lists of numbers by telegraph is a problem of considerable proportions, but the press associations and telegraph companies are making efforts to insure both speed and absolute accuracy in transmission. There is more concern over the task of the individual newspapers after they receive by wire the results of the drawing, in large communities the problems of printing the serial number with the names of the men they represent in each district attached is one of staggering proportions.

In New York City, where there are 180 of the 4,557 local exemption districts, a list of the names and numbers would fill several hundred newspaper columns. Even to give sufficient names and numbers to cover those likely to be called to the colors immediately, means enormous work.

While the Provost Marshal General's office was busy clearing up the last details for the drawing, the problem of what to do with enemy aliens, other than enemy aliens, came before the Senate in a resolution introduced by Senator Chamberlain, Chairman of the Military Committee. It provides for the drafting for military service of citizens of countries at war with Germany who are now residing in the United States upon the same terms as those to which American citizens are liable under the National Army bill.

The resolution seeks to meet the views of the State Department, however, by excepting from its action citizens of countries which have treaties with the United States prohibiting the enforced military employment of the nationals of each party in the territory of the other. There has been no indication whether it will have Administration approval.

A resolution declaring that the Secretaries of War and Commerce in fixing the quotas of the States and territories on the basis of registration and not on the basis of population have acted illegally; and calling upon them to furnish the House with their reasons for so ignoring the express provisions of the conscription law," was introduced today by Representative McCulloch of Ohio.

POST FOR ROOSEVELT'S SON

Quentin Assigned to Active Duty as Lieutenant in Aviation Section.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—An order made public by the War Department today assigns First Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt of the Aviation Section of the Signal Officers' Reserve Corps to active duty, and directs him to proceed to Fort Wood, N. Y., to report to Captain James E. Miller of the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps for assignment to duty.

OUR TROOPS HAVE FOOD FOR 3 MONTHS

American Army to be Only One Eating White Bread and Biggest Meat Consumer.

GIFTS FROM FRANCE BARRED

Quartermaster's Department Is Puzzled Over the Disposition of Champagnes and Wines.

By The Associated Press.

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, July 18.—The busiest of all the American troop departments these days is the Quartermaster's, which is working almost feverishly to perfect its system of supplying the men with all the necessities. The work has gone ahead so fast that the Quartermaster already has a three months' supply of all foods within a short distance of the camp and a constant ten days' supply here.

The troops are still eating the dark French bread which is being paid for with American flour, but within three days bakeries will have been established, and the rations will change to white bread with a heavy crust, that makes it transportable and durable. The American Army will, then be the only one in Europe eating white bread. It is today the biggest meat consumer, as the men receive a ration of twenty ounces daily.

The American soldiers are now living on the field ration, which consists of twenty ounces of fresh beef daily, or twelve ounces of bacon, or sixteen ounces of canned meat, or sixteen ounces of canned salmon; eighteen ounces of soft or eighteen ounces of hard bread, or flour or beans; twenty ounces of potatoes, with a similar amount of onions or tomatoes; an ounce and a quarter of coffee and three ounces of sugar, with salt, pepper and syrup, as well as prunes, dried apples or peaches or jam. When the supplies all arrive there will also be butter, which will be distributed as an extra on special occasion.

The entire plan of the Quartermaster's Department is to be entirely independent of the French at the earliest date possible, so as to be no burden either to the Government or the population.

The department is still trying to decide what to do with the gift made by the French Government to the American troops, in honor of July 14, the French national holiday, consisting of champagne, red wines, jellies, ham and other delicacies. There is a considerable quantity of champagne and red wine for each soldier and officer, but for the present the authorities have not been able to decide whether the distribution of these wines would be in violation of the spirit of the recent legislation covering the question of liquor to soldiers.

So far, the troops have been rigidly held to water, even though the difficulties of filtering are considerable. Refrigerating plants will be necessary both for water and food supplies, and recommendations for the construction of these plants have already gone forward.

Practice today began early, as usual, despite dismal weather. It included anti-aircraft practice, which was pronounced highly successful.

The first death occurred at the camp yesterday, when Private Nolan of the infantry was drowned.

The latest development of the camp is a Post Office, which will enable men to mail letters either home or to any other point in the world, to keep in constant communication with friends without revealing their exact whereabouts by the tell-tale cancellation mark on envelopes, and to receive mail either through families or friends who do not know what the destination of their letters may be. The system naturally will be enlarged to fit the needs.

At present it consists in requiring of each soldier or officer that he address his communications of every nature from the American training camp and deposit them in a special Post Office from where they will be taken by pouch to Paris and mailed in the ordinary manner. Similarly return mail should be addressed to the training camp of the American expeditionary forces, Paris, whence it will be forwarded to the proper address.

When last troops left their base they took with them surplus supplies which

Continued on Page 2.

WHEN BRAIN WEARY.
Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate and relieve the headache due to mental strain or worry. Send for booklet. Buy a bottle.—Advt.

Germany to Propose General Disarmament and Compulsory Arbitration, Paris Hears

PARIS, July 18.—A dispatch to the Tempe from Geneva says the German Government, according to reliable information, meditates the dramatic proposal to its enemies and to the world of a complete disarmament except for sufficient forces to maintain compulsory peace by compulsory arbitration.

"The German Government," says the Temps, "while allowing the solution of the internal crisis to appear as a success for the Pan Germanists, has in view a manoeuvre of a quite different aspect. The bellicose declarations which resound, and will perhaps continue in Berlin, will be nothing but the prologue, designed to represent Germany as invincible. Afterward, perhaps sooner than is expected, will come the theatrical initiative in which Germany will show a disposition to disarm."

PUTS PETROGRAD IN ARMY'S CONTROL

Russian Government's Action Follows Renewed Outbreaks by Maximalist Anarchists.

STREET FIGHTING SEVERE

Six Persons Killed and 238 Wounded—Council Denounces Rebellious Regiments.

PETROGRAD, July 18.—At a conference of Ministers and Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates last evening, following fresh outbreaks by the Maximalists, it was decided to place the city under martial control. General Polovtseff, Governor of the military district, was summoned and instructed to use all the loyal troops to put down the insurrection. As a result he ordered out the Cossacks and several companies of infantry to patrol the streets.

A majority of the regiments of the Petrograd garrison and most of the armored motor car detachments are supporting the Government. A machine gun regiment stationed at Strielna has signified its willingness to come to the Government's aid.

The city today was quiet under a continuous downpour of rain.

Yesterday's disturbances, which resulted in a list of casualties, so far as ascertained, of six persons killed and 238 wounded, were a repetition of those of the day before, except that they occurred at 2 o'clock in the afternoon whereas the first outbreak occurred around midnight. The manifestants were grouped along the same part of the Nevsky Prospect. A number of stray shots were heard, followed by the firing of rifles against upper windows and rooftops at a seemingly imaginary foe.

Cossacks Put to Flight.

One of the first clashes occurred on Troitsky Bridge, where the Cossacks met a body of armed demonstrants. The Cossacks were armed only with sabres. A brisk fire was opened by the insurrectionists, whereup the Cossacks fled up Liteiny Prospect, many of them abandoning their horses. Several Cossacks and twelve horses were killed.

Later a brush between armed Government troops and Maximalists occurred in the neighborhood of the Duma. The Maximalists, were quickly dispersed leaving behind seventeen wounded.

A group of Maximalists were arrested by patrols on their way to take possession of the telegraph and cable office.

A contingent of sailors from Kronstadt took part in the outbreak but returned home last night. The Maximalists have asked for more help from them, and it was rumored today that a second influx of sailors might be expected before night.

The St. Peter and St. Paul fortress, although commanded by Maximalist regiments, apparently is not in full sympathy with the insurrectionists. The garrison at the fortress refused the demand of a machine-gun contingent of the Maximalists to give them arms.

M. Tchernoff, Minister of Agriculture, was arrested at the Duma by Maximalists, who started to take him away in an automobile as a hostage as he was delivering an address from the steps of the building. The Minister was roughly handled by the crowd, but as he was being taken from the ground he was recognized by Trotsky, one of the Agitator Lenine's lieutenants, who protested and harangued the Minister's captors and secured his release. The taking into custody of M. Tchernoff is accounted for by a rumor of the arrest of M. Tcheidze, President of the Central Executive Committee of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates.

Premier Lvoff today sent the following telegram to all the Provisional Government commissaries:

"In reply to your inquiry, the Minister of the Interior informs you that the reports regarding the arrests of members of the Provisional Government are false. As to the appeals to overthrow the Government by force of arms, and transfer all powers to the soldiers and workmen, these appeals had the character of irresponsible acts on the part of the members of an extreme minority, who were acting in an unfriendly manner by the people.

"At the same time the Government, in full agreement with the Soldiers', Workmen's and Peasants' Delegates, and the Duma, is taking measures to prevent the occurrence of incidents which might be inimical to the State. The events of yesterday and today have for the time being interrupted the negotiations which are in progress for the completion of the Cabinet, but as soon as the disorders are at an end the negotiations will be resumed with a view to forming a Cabinet in which representatives of the various political views will find a place, as in the preceding Cabinet, a matter which has the full approval of the Executive Council of the Soldiers', Workmen's and Peasants' Delegates."

Council Roused by Outbreak.

The council of the new body of Soldiers, Workmen, and Peasants of All Russia, the Extremists abstaining from participation, passed a resolution today after an all-night session rejecting "with indignation all attempts to influence" the attitude of that body.

"It is inadmissible," continues the resolution, "that armed demonstrations should seek to impose the will of isolated military elements upon the whole of Russia. Blood has been shed in the streets of Petrograd. All these acts toward our revolutionary army, which is defending the conquests of the revolution at the front, are acts of treachery and felony. Whoever attacks the recognized democratic agencies, whoever sows discord in their ranks, is striking a dagger's blow in the back

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MICHAELIS TODAY MAY ASK FOR TIME

Reichstag Summoned to Hear the New Chancellor's Declaration This Afternoon.

EXPECTED TO BE EVASIVE

Socialists Demand Immediate, Clear Pronouncement on Peace and Franchise Reform.

LONDON, July 18.—Chancellor Michaelis has asked the President of the Reichstag to summon tomorrow afternoon's session for a "communication from the Government." The Chancellor's declaration, it is understood, will be delivered at 3 o'clock. According to the Neueste Nachrichten of Munich, whose views are transmitted in a dispatch via Switzerland, it will be for peace, having the same general trend as the resolution prepared by the parties of the Left.

It is supposed here that this resolution is the one which before Bethmann Hollweg's resignation the majority bloc decided to introduce unchanged upon the re-assembling of the Parliament. This stated that the Reichstag was laboring for peace and reconciliation, that forced acquisitions of territory and political, economic, and financial violations were incompatible with such a peace, that economic peace must be assured, and that the Reichstag would promote the creation of international juridical organizations.

Liberals Are Uneasy.

From Copenhagen, however, comes the information that the Liberal press and politicians in Germany manifest an increasing apprehension that when the Chancellor breaks silence he will speak with a decided pro-German accent. It is said that Dr. Michaelis's putting forward of Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff to discuss German peace conditions with members of the Reichstag, his failure to consult parliamentary leaders on prospective new appointments to the Imperial Prussian Cabinet, his antecedents, previous environment and openly avowed satisfaction of the Conservative National Liberal Party men with the change in Chancellors, contribute to the marked uneasy feeling in Liberal and Socialist circles.

"The speech," continues this dispatch, "is not expected to go exhaustively into questions of reform or peace, as the time is too short for Chancellor Michaelis to elaborate a definite program. The Socialist agency reports that in all probability he will ask six weeks' grace to inform himself and work out a detailed policy. The agency, undoubtedly speaking for Herr Scheidemann, the Socialist leader, demands, however, that Herr Michaelis immediately and unequivocally make clear his attitude on the Prussian franchise reform and the peace formula.

"The Lokal-Anzeiger also reckons with a deferred presentation of the Chancellor's programs, and instances the question of parliamentizing the Government as one of the problems Dr. Michaelis will avoid because it cannot be approached until after exhaustive discussion by the federated Governments.

"It appears unnecessary for Chancellor Michaelis to burn his fingers with this question at all, because the Catholic Centre Party, which has already changed sides, explains in an inspired article in the Clerical papers that the party interpretation of parliamentarism is merely the bringing of the Government and Parliament into intimate touch, not the introduction of a parliamentary regime, to which the Centre is now, as always, opposed. The Centre merely wishes to change the system that at present hinders a member of Parliament from entering the Government. The National Liberals have also adopted a 'closer touch' theory.

Chancellor Warned by Vorwaerts.

"The papers manifest some uncertainty regarding the fate of the Reichstag's peace resolution. The Clerical and Radical organs insist it will have a big majority, although they evidently are counting on some decidedly uncertain votes. They fear, however, Chancellor Michaelis will refuse to accept it as a basis of his policy. Vorwaerts, the Socialist newspaper, in a leading article, warns Dr. Michaelis of the danger of temporizing on either question. It says the crisis, perhaps, is not over, and may redevelop after a short pause. It is even conceivable that the next manifestation may not pass with the complete order characterising the last."

Another Copenhagen dispatch says that a successor to Foreign Secretary Zimmermann has not yet been selected. Leading German papers continue their campaigning for or against various candidates. The danger of the candidacy of Admiral von Hintze, Minister to Norway, as a victory for the Pan-German, Navy, and Junker elements is steadily clear to the Socialist organs, which concentrate an attack on von Hintze's record in the Russian revolution of 1905. They claim he encouraged Nicholas's reactionary counsel and later offered the Emperor refuge on a German warship.

Count von Reventlow, military writer for the Tageszeitung, says that Count von Bernstorff, former Ambassador to Washington, is impossible because he now is, as from the outset, an advocate of a peace of renunciation and a flat opponent of the submarine war.

COPENHAGEN, July 18.—The German conservatives have decided to submit in the Reichstag an alternative resolution on the aims of the war from the annexationists' standpoint. A test vote between this and the Bloc resolution will come up Friday. A majority

Continued on Page 4.

U-BOATS SINKING 1,600,000 TONS A MONTH, NEARLY THRICE THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION; DEFEAT THREATENS IF LOSS IS NOT REDUCED

18 British Ships Week's Toll in U-Boat Zone; No Gain Shown Since Beginning of July

LONDON, July 18.—Fourteen British ships of over 1,600 tons were sunk by submarines or mines in the last week, according to the official report tonight. Four British vessels under 1,600 tons were sunk and eight fishing vessels.

The official report follows:

"Arrivals, 2,828; sailings, 2,820.

"British merchant ships sunk by mine or submarine, over 1,600 tons, including one previously, 14; under 1,600 tons, 4.

"British merchant vessels unsuccessfully attacked, including three previously, 12.

"British fishing vessels sunk, 8."

The foregoing dispatch tells almost the same story as the reports of the marine losses on July 8 and July 11. Since the U-boat war reached its maximum of destructiveness in the week ending April 22, with a total of fifty-five vessels destroyed, forty of which were over 1,600 tons, there had been a rapid decline until the week of June 10, which showed an increase of fourteen over the total of the previous week. The total of June 17 was the same—thirty-two. Then the week of July 8 showed a decline from twenty to seventeen. The total for last week is eighteen.

In the two weeks which each registered thirty-two the entrances at British ports were respectively 2,767 and 2,897, the clearances 2,822 and 2,993, and the unsuccessful attacks twenty and thirty-seven. For the entire month of June (five weeks) the entrances were 13,978, clearances 14,226; those sunk over 1,600 tons, 99; under, 29; fishing craft, 22; while exactly 100 vessels were unsuccessfully attacked.

The losses to British shipping since early March are as follows:

Week ended—	Ships Over 1,600 Tons.	Under 1,600 Tons.	Total.
March 4	14	9	23
March 11	13	4	17
March 18	16	8	24
March 25	18	7	25
April 1	18	13	31
April 8	17	2	19
April 15	19	9	28
April 22	40	15	55
April 29	38	13	51
May 6	24	22	46
May 13	18	5	23
May 20	18	9	27
May 27	18	1	19
June 3	15	3	18
June 10	22	10	32
June 17	27	5	32
June 24	21	7	28
July 1	15	5	20
July 8	14	3	17
July 11	14	3	17

No Solution Yet in Shipping Row As Submarine Ravages Go On

Goethals, Asked if He Intends to Resign, Replies: "I am a Soldier"—Denman Now Criticises Commandeering Plans as Inadequate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—After a two hours' debate with William Denman, Chairman of the Shipping Board, Major Gen. George W. Goethals, General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, said tonight when asked if he contemplated handing in his resignation: "I am a soldier."

This was taken to indicate that the General would not resign in any circumstances under fire, and that the fight was on to the end.

The possibility of a readjustment which might keep both Mr. Denman and General Goethals in the service was considered much greater than it was yesterday. The only thing that seemed certain today was that the impossible situation confronted when the Shipping Board adjourned tonight could not be continued for another forty-eight hours.

A meeting of the Shipping Board today did not bring any definite settlement and an adjournment was taken until 8:30 o'clock tomorrow morning. The early hour of meeting shows that the members of the board are alive to the necessity of adjusting the trouble as soon as possible. General Goethals attended the meeting and will be present at the session in the morning.

Those on the inside of the controversy so far as it affected General Goethals put no faith today in the published statements that the General would resign. On information obtained tonight it may be said General Goethals will not even take the matter of resigning into consideration as long as any hope exists that he will be in charge of the building of the great merchant fleet to be owned by the Government. As for Mr. Denman, it was said that he had no intention as head of the Shipping Board to seek to have General Goethals dismissed, a power that rests in Mr. Denman as President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

At the meeting of the Shipping Board today General Goethals furnished information as to his plans for commandeering merchant ships under construction. He also gave data as to what he had in mind concerning the erection of the Government building plants to be located near Philadelphia and Chester, Penn. It was said that Chairman Denman thought that the information was not adequate, and after a long wrangle over this point the adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning, when General Goethals is expected to produce further information.

An inquiry into the work of the Shipping Board is contemplated in a resolution offered in the Senate today by Senator Smoot of Utah. Owing to the Food Administration bill having the right of way the resolution went over until next week.

Under the resolution President Wilson is asked for information "that may be in the hands of the Shipping Board" to show what contracts have been let or are pending for construction of ships under the board's authority, prices paid, money advanced by the Government, and all other facts that may indicate the scope of work undertaken by the board up to this time.

Senator Smoot explained to THE TIMES correspondent that he had been unable to ascertain definitely that the Shipping Board had started the construction of one ship, although it has been organized nearly a year.

"It got a $50,000,000 appropriation under the act creating it," said Senator Smoot. "Under the Ship Emergency bill it got $750,000,000 more, and now wants an additional $500,000,000. I simply want to know what this board has been doing with all the money. Congress is entitled to know how the money is being spent."

WIRELESS IN MEXICO TOLD OF OUR TROOPS

James Hamilton Lewis Says Government Knows How Germany Got Word.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois said today:

"The Administration heads have information that much of the knowledge which Germany got of the movements of American troops and of our conduct of the war was caught on the wireless stations of Mexico and transmitted to Germany.

"We have reason to believe that the ships carrying the American soldiers were betrayed to Germany through Mexico, and that the dispatches sent from the ships to this Government were caught on the wireless that was set at a Mexican port, and that because of such information they were pursued by submarines and their landing announced in Europe days before our navy was ready.

"The representatives of Carranza here say that this information did not go through the Carranza element, that some of these wireless stations are in control of those who are opposing Carranza, and are opposed to the United States, and from these could have come the information. Those who are accused by the Carranza people retaliate and say that some of Carranza's forces have been betraying the United States from the beginning and have never been sincere, and profess devotion that they may be used by the enemies of the United States as sources of information.

"This Government is now investigating the whole situation, and when they have the truth the public will have it, and the United States will take such action as shall be made necessary by the disclosures."

It could not be learned today whether or not the visit of Ambassador Fletcher, who left Mexico City suddenly for Washington, is in connection with the charges against Mexico. Mr. Fletcher before coming to Washington had a conference of several hours with Secretary Lansing on a train, while Mr. Lansing was en route to Watertown

DUTCH SEE SCANT HOPE OF AMERICAN FOOD

Negotiating with British for Help in Getting Supplies for the Winter.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 18.—Referring to reports from America appearing in the Dutch Press that the Dutch representative at Washington has offered to lend the Allies tonnage in return for favorable consideration regarding Holland's needs of food supplies, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns from the British Minister at The Hague that it would appear this must have reference to British negotiations with the Dutch Government under which certain Dutch tonnage would be placed at the service of the Belgian Relief Commission in return for which, it is understood, the Netherlands were seeking to obtain assurances regarding future food supplies for this country.

At the Dutch Foreign Office, an official could give THE TIMES correspondent no information on the subject, but the statement was made that Holland expected very little food from America, as no surplus was looked for, owing to the "bumper harvest." It was also said that Holland's food question for the Winter was beginning to assume a serious aspect, but as the official put it, "It has been proved that countries can live without food."

Speaking of President Wilson's pressure on neutrals, the correspondent was told that he was obliged to do something and as he could kill no Germans for at least nine months he would try to kill neutrals.

The question of the new British danger zone has assumed a serious aspect, so far as Dutch shipping is concerned. It is now obvious that unless the German Government is willing to change the so-called safety channel further west, that is, nearer the German coast, the Dutch overseas shipping will be at a complete standstill, as is the case at present. The Dutch Government has approached Germany on this question and is expecting an answer shortly.

THE TIMES correspondent learns that all American relief ships now under way will receive safe conduct to Holland.

"NATURE'S FAN"—Have you noticed the striking resemblance?—See top of Page 12.—Advt.

APPEAL FOR AID FROM US

Every Available Destroyer Needed to Help the British Patrol.

SHIP CONSTRUCTION LAGS

Allies Unable to Keep Pace with Toll Submarines Are Taking at Present Ratio.

ARMY OPERATIONS MENACED

British Realize Necessity of Sinking More U-Boats and Hope America Will See It Too.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES. [Passed by British Censor.]

LONDON, July 18.—The change at the Admiralty by which Sir Eric Geddes succeeds Sir Edward Carson calls attention to submarine conditions, and there have been sharp revisions of opinion in the last few hours as a result of a re-examination of facts and figures.

The Prime Minister's recent assurance had a sedative effect on the public mind, but discussion by well-informed persons, particularly in banking and commercial circles, during the last few days has brought out conditions that are disquieting. Confidence in the submarine situation appears to have had no foundation more substantial than the hope that some scientific means was surely in the way of being found to put the submarine finally and entirely out of business. The syllogism was: America is a wonderfully inventive country; America is now a belligerent; ergo, America will invent a solution for the submarine menace.

Construction Lags Behind.

That part of England which wakes up somewhat ahead of the rest has suddenly grasped a fact that is so simple that it ought to have been realized and acted on long ago. The average man has been thinking about food—it has been plentiful; or thinking about Germany's threat to reduce England in two months—five have elapsed, and England is no worse off. What has escaped attention, and what is now brought to the fore by the change at the Admiralty, is the inexorable fact—which anybody with knowledge of the rule of three can cipher out for himself—that at the present rate of construction and destruction there cannot possibly be at the end of a few months shipping enough, unless British commitments elsewhere are considerably curtailed, to feed England and France and maintain the present armies in the field, and as for conveying America's armies to Europe and maintaining them, it will simply be out of the question.

The loss of ships by submarines totals 1,600,000 tons a month, or from two to three times the total of new construction. There is no possibility whatever of construction capacity overtaking at the present rate of loss in time to avoid a peace being forced on the Allies. What is wanted, therefore, is to largely increase the destruction of U-boats.

Must Be No Delay.

The British Government is, and the American Government ought to be, eye to eye with the staggering fact that the Allies have got to find a way to curb the submarine or lose the war—a way not yet found and not even approached, except experimentally.

Damage by submarines has been reduced by American co-operation, but every single ton of craft effective against submarines ought to be sent to European waters without a single hour's delay.

It is crystal clear that protection is not needed from the submarine in American waters, and keeping destroyers on the Atlantic seaboard is a sheer waste of time, when the situation here is so critical. The English fleet over here protects all

interests over there. For the purposes of this war the Irish Sea is just as truly American as is Long Island Sound.

It is around the Irish Coast that the fight to make a world safe for democracy is at its deadliest crisis. No military victory short of marching into Berlin can take the place of a deathblow to the German U-boat. Every craft capable of operating against the submarine ought to be sent over here at the earliest possible moment.

Results Lane's Statement.

Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, said before a joint meeting of the Council of National Defense and Governors of States at Washington, May 2:

"Last week German U-boats destroyed 400,000 tons of shipping. Germany has food supplies that will last two years.

"If this keeps up for any length of time it will lay England and France prostrate, unless we are able to come to their support, or some measure is devised to put the submarine out of business.

"We ought to fight on the waters and on land on the other side. The war will be fought on this side unless we beat them, and to beat them on the other side we have got to beat them quickly."

FIGURES SHOCK WASHINGTON.

Had Supposed the Ravage by Submarines Was Waning.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The statements made in a London dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES as to the ravages of the submarines will come as a shock to many officials here.

Those connected with the Government who have followed the submarine warfare carefully showed keen interest today in the weekly report of sinkings, which they look for eagerly in the newspapers of every Thursday morning, and seemed anxious to obtain information in advance of newspaper publication as to what was shown by the report of the British Admiralty for the past week. One of these officials said tonight, however, that he was surprised over the statements made by THE TIMES correspondent, as his impression from the daily reports of sinkings received by this Government was that they were decreasing.

But, at the best, the situation is very serious, and American officials have not hesitated to say so in discussing the German victories of the week. The greater number of those who have made a study of the strategic value of the submarine campaign have reached the conclusion that the great war will be decided upon the sea, by which they mean that if the submarine menace of the German policy of ruthless submarine warfare will determine whether Germany or the Allies will be the victors.

It will be a source of surprise to officials to read in this morning's TIMES dispatch that the tonnage sunk amounts to 1,000,000 tons a month, or three times the construction of the world. This is a larger figure than Washington has understood to be the damage caused by the U-boats. It is supposed that it includes the merchant marine of every country that has suffered at the hands of the German raiders, and is not confined to British shipping. But the fact that the censor let THE TIMES dispatch come to this effect is indicative of the British Government admits the correctness of the figures, and, furthermore, is so alive to the dangers of the situation that it is willing to have the world know that something must be done to ever some the submarine.

Exceeds Hindenburg Figures.

At the inauguration of the ruthless methods of submarine warfare in February last, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, one of its foremost advocates, and the man who is credited with having induced Emperor William to consent to the abandonment of civilized methods of naval warfare, was reported to have estimated that the submarines would sink 1,100,000 tons of shipping a month, or 13,200,000 tons a year. As the British tonnage was about 14,000,000, and particular attention was to be paid by the U-boats to British vessels, it was apparent that Hindenburg, if he was reported correctly, had in mind that the built of the British merchant marine in existence at the time the ruthless policy was put into effect would be wiped out in twelve months, or by February, 1918.

While it has been conceded that the German submarines were making serious threats to British merchant marine strength, new shipbuilding had been rapid, and there had been no realization that the ravages of the U-boats were as great as is told in the cable dispatch of THE NEW YORK TIMES tonight. The figures will be particularly important to observers here in the light of the fact that, owing to the quarrel between General Goethals, head of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and Chairman Denman of the United States Shipping Board, there has been delay in starting work on the great fleet of merchant vessels which the United States promised to build to keep its allies in Europe supplied with food, munitions, and other products essential to the success of the allied arms.

BRITISH BOTTLE UP GERMAN COAL TRADE

Smashing of Collier Fleet Interferes with Enemy's Means of Paying for Swedish Ore.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 18.—The capture of German ships in the North Sea is regarded by the Admiralty as having a far more significant side than the mere destruction of a certain number of enemy merchantmen. It has put out of gear an important branch of the German supply arrangements.

Lately about thirty German ships have been employed in carrying coal from Holland to Sweden in payment for Swedish ore imported along the Baltic. This iron trade, about a million and a half tons last year, was most important to the Germans because the ore was needed for shells and guns. It was impossible for the Allies to interfere directly as the ore ships keep in Swedish and Danish territorial waters, and Russia is unwilling to attack them. If the supply of German coal by the North Sea route is interrupted it is believed that Germany must transport it by rail. This would very seriously increase the burden on the rail facilities already nearly worn out and taxed to the uttermost in carrying munitions and the Rumanian harvest. So the naval incident is held to be of considerable strategic importance.

LONDON, July 18.—The allegation of Dutch newspapers that part of Monday's encounter between British destroyers and German merchantmen, which were attempting to run the blockade from Rotterdam, occurred in Dutch territorial waters is generally discredited in naval circles here.

It is explained that the shoals along the Dutch coast in this district extend so far to sea that it is necessary for ships to steer a course well outside the territorial limits. The attack is said to have occurred at a point more than four miles from shore.

Reporting officially the capture of the German steamships the British Admiralty statement says:

"Some of our fleet forces whilst patrolling the North Sea about 4:30 A. M. Monday sighted a number of German steamers ahead. The signal to stop and abandon ship was hoisted, and shots were fired across their bows to emphasize the order. The order was disregarded, and all the enemy ships made for the Dutch coast. Two of the fastest reached shore, having been badly damaged by our gunfire. The other four ships were, however, intercepted and captured by our destroyers, who placed prize crews on board and brought them away under their own steam. On two of these ships the crews abandoned their ships. The other two crews were brought back into harbor prisoners. All four ships are now in harbor in this country. Their names are Pellworm, Bristelg, Marie Horn, and Heinr Blumenberg."

SENATE VOTES CURB ON DEFENSE COUNCIL

Food Measure Amendments Bar Government Advisers' Firms from War Contracts.

BILL TO PASS ON SATURDAY

Control Board of Three a Snag—Charge Against McElwain's Concern Is Disproved.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The Senate, after a long debate, today adopted the Pomerene amendment to the Food Administration bill by which the powers of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense would be materially curtailed as to contracts with the Government involving their own pecuniary profit. This action was followed at once by the acceptance of an amendment offered by Senator Reed of Missouri further to clinch the modified authority left to the commission.

Section 5, affecting the authority of the Advisory Commission as it now stands in the Food bill, forbids members of the commission to "solicit, induce, or attempt so to induce or direct the execution" of contracts with the Government in which they have any personal interest or to "recommend" the acceptance of such a contract unless they explain their relation to the contract in writing. The Reed amendment affirmed that this legislation was to be taken in conjunction with Section 41 of the Statute at large, passed in 1863, which prohibits a Government employe or agent from engaging in any contracts with the Government.

Senator Reed's amendment was accepted by Senator Pomerene and embraced in the Pomerene amendment after Senator Knox, former Attorney General, had told the Senate that he believed it necessary. If the Senate wanted to make sure that members of the Advisory Commission be prohibited from taking any part in contracts with themselves in their relation to the Government.

Loophole in Amendment.

In the debate Senators Reed, Kenyon of Iowa, Borah of Idaho, and Knox maintained that if the Pomerene amendment were passed as framed it would leave a loophole for unscrupulous Government officials sitting in an advisory capacity to facilitate the acceptance of their own contracts with the Government. None of the Senators cast the slightest reflection upon the integrity of the Advisory Commission. They insisted, however, that the Government ought to protect itself against any contingency that might arise during the war.

When the Senate adjourned tonight it had come to the threshold of the last stage of the Food Administration bill in that body. Tomorrow the hour limit of debate applies, to be in force until Saturday, when the ten-minute limit will be in effect until the Senate votes on the entire bill. Senate leaders predicted today that the bill would pass on Saturday.

One of the principal snags in the bill is that providing for a Food Administrator to be appointed by the President, which would eliminate Herbert C. Hoover as sole food administrator. This, it was said tonight, might be amended on the floor Saturday so as to restore the original provision of the measure, by which Mr. Hoover would be supreme.

In urging his amendment circumscribing the powers of the Advisory Commission Senator Pomerene maintained that it would assure ample safeguard and at the same time allow the Government to have advantage of the advice of the experts whom the President has called to the commission.

"My object in introducing it," he said, "is to restore the original provision of the measure, by which Mr. Hoover would be supreme.

"I am not willing to accept that amendment," said the Ohio Senator. "The effect of this, as I understand it, is simply to have Section 3 interpreted along with Section 41, and I consent to that."

The Reed amendment was then included by a viva voce vote.

Text of Amendments.

As placed in the bill, the Pomerene amendment provides:

"That no person acting either as a voluntary or paid agent or employe of the United States in any capacity, including an advisory capacity, shall solicit, induce, or attempt to induce any person or officer authorized to execute or to direct the execution of contracts on behalf of the United States, to make any contract or give any order for the furnishing to the United States of work, labor, or services, or of materials, supplies, or other property of any kind or character, if such agent or employe has any personal interest in such contract or order, or if he or any firm of which he is a member, or corporation, joint stock company, or association of which he is an officer or stockholder, or in the pecuniary profits of which he is directly or indirectly interested, shall be a party thereto.

"Nor shall any agent or employe make or permit any committee or other body of which he is a member to make or participate in making any recommendations concerning such contract or order to any executive board, or commission of the United States or any member or subordinate thereof, without making to the best of his knowledge and belief a full and complete disclosure in writing to such council, board, commission, or subordinate of any and every pecuniary interest which he may have in his contract or order, and of his interest in any firm, corporation, company, or association being a party thereto.

"Nor shall he participate in the awarding of such contract or giving such order. Any willful violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than $10,000, or by imprisonment of not more than five years, or both."

The Reed amendment, providing that this section should not repeal the act of 1862, reads:

"No officer or agent of any corporation, joint stock company, or association and no member or agent of any firm or person directly or indirectly interested in the pecuniary profits or contracts of such corporation, joint stock company, association, or firm shall act as an officer or agent of the United States for the transaction of business with such corporation, joint stock company, association, or firm."

Among many amendments submitted but not acted on today was one by Senator Pomerene giving the President authority to license food products, immediate, through the Trade Commission, coal, coke, petroleum, and its products when in his judgment it is necessary, and to fix the prices and provide for distribution.

Bankers Oppose Liquor Seizure.

Bankers from eastern and western States appeared before the Senate Finance Committee, and the Ways and Means Committee of the House today, to protest against the liquor amendment in the Food Administration bill providing for commandeering of distilled spirits in bond without assuring adequate compensation to owners.

It developed at the hearing that tremendous withdrawals of whisky from bonded warehouses have been made since the Senate adopted the commandeering feature two weeks ago. These withdrawals, the bankers said, had put a heavy strain on them in money advanced the whiskey owners to pay taxes. Many banks are unable to advance more because they have already reached the limit of credit allowed the owners.

FOOD FOR 3 MONTHS FOR PERSHING'S MEN

Continued from Page 1.

are now being turned back to the Quartermasters Department headquarters for redistribution, so that there will soon be more than enough of such things as tobacco and similar little luxuries which have been somewhat scarce among some troops and sections.

Officers who billeted among the inhabitants are still billeting at the moderate prices that prevail for the majority. They may by request pay one franc daily for quarters and provided they eat at a "hotel" expend seven francs daily for excellent food. Prices are thus kept low to prevent a repetition of events early in the war when allied troops in French territory accustomed to fifty prices all but spoilt the French population by paying what seemed to them moderate but really enormous rates for everything.

RAILROADS FOR OUR TROOPS.

Transport Service Takes Over Lines from Base to Front.

PARIS, July 18.—Official announcement is made that the United States transport service is taking over control of the French railroad lines from the port bases to the permanent camp and the front. Tracks are being laid and sidings enlarged. The roads will be manned later by men of the American engineer regiment. American locomotives, mostly narrow gauge, will be utilized. Most of the supplies will be imported from the United States.

PLEAS BY NEUTRALS TO GET OUR EXPORTS

Several Protest They Have Not Sold American Goods to Central Powers.

ALL SUBMIT TRADE FIGURES

Official Dutch Statistics Disprove Defense That Holland Gave Britain Preference.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—All the neutral nations of Europe have submitted statements to the United States concerning their export trade, and several have protested their innocence of the charges that they have been selling to Germany commodities purchased in this country.

It is not expected by the State Department that there will be formal correspondence with the neutrals, such as took place between the United States and Great Britain and the United States and Germany over controversies relating to neutral rights. State Department officials believe all the difficulties which arise from the application of export restrictions affecting the neutral countries can be adjusted by negotiation.

It was disclosed today that Great Britain had made many guarantees to some of the neutral countries out of consideration for concessions made during the war by them, and for this reason would not insist upon an absolute cessation of commerce by the rest of the world with them. The complete extent and force of these agreements is not known, but they were made necessary, it was stated by an authority today, in order to make the British blockade of Germany most effective.

Assurances to England.

The blockade was enforced by patrol visit and search and prize court proceedings and these measures were supplemented by the agreements with the neutral countries under which the rationing system for the neutrals was instituted. Great Britain was assured that goods bought in America and transported to the neutral countries would not be re-exported into Germany.

Despite these agreements, considerable quantities of goods purchased in the United States did find their way into Germany, but the British system had reached a maximum of efficiency before America entered the war. The exports policy of the United States will supplement the system and the effect of it will be to perfect the British blockade, although it is believed this Government will respect the agreements concluded by Britain with the neutral countries concerning their necessary supplies.

Official Dutch figures, which it is asserted, refute the statement by W. T. Page, Ambassador to the Netherlands Minister to the United States, that Holland supplied a larger quantity of her home products to England than to Germany, were obtained here today. These statistics, taken from official Dutch records, show that Dutch shipments to Germany and to England in the first three months of the present year were as follows:

To Germany—Butter, 1,566 tons; cheese, 9,275 tons; eggs, 3,415 tons.

To England—Butter, 513 tons; cheese, 8,494 tons; eggs, 503 tons.

The potato flour shipped to Germany in the same period by Holland amounted to 5,616 tons.

Unofficial statistics have been produced, it is said, to show that in last April 3,000 tons of butter were exported by Holland to Germany and 1,300 to England. The only instance where the Dutch exports to England exceeded those to Germany was in the shipment of cheese to England, England receiving 2,200 tons and Germany 2,000 tons.

Expects Correct Figures.

It was remarked in an authoritative quarter today that this Government expects no difficulty in obtaining the correct and official figures relating to the exports from any neutral country, and that it will not be misled by any unfair manipulation of figures. Inasmuch as all the favors sought are in the power of the United States to grant, it was believed that neutral Governments would restrict before unfavorable criticism to sustained by falsifying statements of export and imports.

The Exports Council soon will be in possession of exact data concerning all the commerce of the European neutrals with the Central Powers, this information coming both from the State Department's diplomatic and consular representatives in Europe and from the allied Governments, and not only covering the present period, but ante-dating the war and including every month up to the present time, the trade charts will reveal not the necessities of the neutral Governments, the limits of their own production, their utilization of land available for the production of necessaries but which are devoted to the production of exportable commodities needed by the Central Powers, and other data which will furnish the council with all information it desires.

CALLED ALLIES OF ENTENTE.

Non-German Parties in Austria Denounced in German Paper.

LONDON, July 18.—The Vienna correspondent of the Deutsche Tageszeitung, according to a Reuter dispatch from Zurich, accuses the non-German parties in Austria of being in alliance with the Entente.

"No German can doubt," says the correspondent, "that an alliance or understanding exists between the Austrian Czechs, Poles, and other non-Germans on the one hand and France, Great Britain, and Russia on the other. The recent amnesty declared by the Emperor was the first result of this policy of blackmail, and must be considered a victory for the anti-German parties."

MORRIS FOR TOKIO POST.

Philadelphian to be Appointed Ambassador to Succeed Guthrie.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Roland S. Morris of Philadelphia has been chosen for appointment as Ambassador to Japan, to succeed the late Ambassador Guthrie. It is understood he is persona grata to Japan, and that the nomination will go to the Senate shortly.

Vance C. McCormick, the Democratic National Chairman, it is understood, was offered the post at Tokio, but declined, and recommended the appointment of Mr. Morris.

FOUND COST OF FOOD TROUBLING BRITISH

Workingmen's Diet More Restricted, Despite Higher Wages, Says Traveler.

Arthur G. Heimsley, an English marine engineer, who arrived in New York yesterday on his way to Shanghai by way of San Francisco, said there was a good deal of dissatisfaction among the middle and working classes in England and Wales over the high cost of food.

"The bread that every one has to eat," he said, "is almost black, and is composed of bran, rye, malt, corn, and other ingredients which are welded into a solid mass that is sold to the public for 6 cents a pound and would destroy the digestion of an ostrich. When I left Liverpool the local hospitals were full of patients suffering from eating war bread.

"Beef, lamb, frozen mutton, and bacon cost 50 cents a pound. Because nearly all the steam trawlers are taken by the Admiralty for mine sweeping, fish is very scarce. The ordinary haddocks that cost 2 cents a pound before the war now cost 50 to 60 cents a pound and soles are $1.25 a pound.

"I read in the paper before leaving that an American statesman in Washington said that steaks in London restaurants were sold cheaper than in New York, but he forgot to state that the London steak weighs only four ounces, the same as the slice of roast beef that is served at dinner. Rice costs 14 cents a pound, and syrups to serve with cereals at breakfast are unobtainable. Bakers are not allowed to make anything except war bread, and all cakes and pies have been dispensed with, as well as candies of every description.

"I know numbers of families in London, Liverpool, Sheffield, and other large cities who did not have a potato to the house for fully three months last Winter. This will not occur again, because the people have dug up all their picturesque flower gardens and planted the ground with potatoes and other useful vegetables. The gardens in the suburbs of the big cities in England, which were radiant in Summer with hollyhocks, roses, geraniums, carnations, sweetpeas, and other flowers that were the pride of the owners, have disappeared, and waving potato plants and cabbages flourish there.

"Broad beans, that were once, with boiled bacon, the staple diet of the yeomen of England, now cost 25c. a pound, and potatoes, even at their lowest price this Summer, are 6c. a pound.

"The Government officials maintain that the working people are better off now, even with the high cost of living, because their daughters can work in the munition factories and earn from $19 to $15 a week. This is true, but the young women themselves have had by far too much money in their pockets. They buy fine clothes, pay $6, instead of $3, for shoes, and say they must have recreation; so they go away, like bankers or stockbrokers, for the week-end, and the parents do not get any financial help from them except in rare cases.

"In England, and more especially in Wales, the people are heartily tired of the war's heavy burdens, which are increasing all the time. The streets in the big cities are filled with maimed soldiers, who arrive from France in a continuous stream. The thinking people realize that the war must go on until Germany is defeated and they must continue to bear the burden of it as best they can."

Mr. Heimsley said that in shipping circles in Liverpool and London there was a strong belief that if Russia continued her attacks on the eastern front and the British and French advanced along the western line, as they have been doing since the early Spring, it was possible that Germany would sue for peace before next Christmas.

ITALIAN LINES SHELLED.

Artillery and Aviation Activity Along Entire Front Reported.

ROME, July 18.—The following official statement on military operations was issued today by the War Office:

Enemy parties which yesterday attempted to approach our positions were all repulsed. A few prisoners remained in our hands.

The enemy artillery shelled our lines, especially in the Zugna region, on the Pasubio, on the Vodice, and east of Gorizia. Our artillery replied effectively, and also concentrated its fire on the Nabresina Station, causing fire to break out.

The aerial activity was considerable along the entire front. Two enemy machines were brought down by our airmen. One of our airplanes was obliged to land within our own lines.

ORDER WIDENS CENSORSHIP

Daniels Directs Its Extension to Transatlantic Cables.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Extension of the cable censorship to all transatlantic messages was formally ordered today by Secretary Daniels, under the authority of President Wilson's executive order of April 28.

Censorship of cable messages to South and Central America, Mexico, and the Orient has been in force since May 4, when transatlantic cables were temporarily exempted until the workings of the French and British censorships were learned. The extension of the censorship to transatlantic cables was recommended by George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, who after a study of the British and French systems, has submitted a plan of procedure.

Commander David W. Todd, Director of Naval Communications, will continue his executive direction of the cable censorship. The New York office is in charge of Commander Arthur B. Hoff.

ITALY'S LOSSES TO U-BOATS

One Steamer and Four Sailing Vessels the Total for the Week.

ROME, July 18.—One Italian merchant steamer and four small sailing vessels were sunk by submarines in the week ending July 15, according to the official statement today.

Arrivals at Italian ports for the week numbered 558, clearances 499.

WILSON MAY PLEAD VOTES FOR WOMEN

Continued from Page 1.

ing the White House, spent three hours this afternoon in conference with the women urging them to appeal their case. He refused to say what conclusion was reached, but it was stated that an appeal might be taken in the case of one or two of the prisoners in order to make a test case. It appeared practically certain that a majority of them would serve the full sixty days of the sentence imposed.

Further grief comes to the entreaties of husbands, children, and friends, the sixteen prepared to spend their second night at the District Reformatory, determined to serve their sentence rather than pay the fine.

Dr. Malone, A. A. Hopkins of Morristown, N. J., and Gilson Gardner of Washington—the two last the husbands of two of the women sentenced by Judge Mullowny—Miss Mabel Vernon, Executive Secretary of the National Woman's Party, and Miss Lucy Burns, acting in a quasi-legal capacity, reached the workhouse at 10 o'clock this morning and received permission from Superintendent Whittaker to confer with the suffragette prisoners, who had been taken at noon. When the prisoners were marched to the regular mess hall for the midday meal. After lunch the conference continued until 2 o'clock.

Mr. Malone refused to make any comment on the result, but issued a brief statement to give out on reaching Washington. Gilson Gardner said that the case was in the hands of Mr. Malone, and that it was probable that a test case would be made in the case of one or two of the women, whose age and physical condition make it doubtful if they would be able to serve the full sentence. He said he did not know which members of the party would be selected to carry the case to a higher court.

Every member of the visiting delegation which made the trip to Occoquan by automobile was visibly affected by the interview. They started back to Washington soon after 2 o'clock.

"The disposition of the women is to serve the full sentence," said Mr. Gardner, "and I don't look for any change in the situation. It is a matter of the women of the country getting justice. They are putting up a brave fight for the cause. It is a perfectly hideous, frightful thing. It is torture they are enduring.

"Asked if he had insisted on paying his wife's fine, Mr. Gardner said: "Mrs. Gardner is an absolutely free woman. I won't interfere with her. This is her job, and she is going through with it with a great deal of courage."

The visitors had not been gone more than a few minutes when an automobile bearing the husband and daughter of Mrs. Florence Bayard Hilles of Washington drove up. There was a tearful scene, but Mrs. Hilles would not consent to their entreaties that they be permitted to pay her fine.

Mrs. John Rogers of New York City was the first member of the delegation to be assigned to duty. Her labors will be confined to the sewing room. A work program will be mapped out for the entire delegation, and all the women will start tomorrow on the drudgery of their sentence. Many of them have requested that they be assigned to picking berries and lawn and garden work. All of the female prisoners who have this assignment are required to wear bloomers. Mrs. Minnie R. Herndon, assistant Superintendent in charge of the female department, had not decided tonight what disposition would be made of the request for outside work.

Superintendent Whittaker made it plain today that no partiality would be shown the prisoners. They will be treated as are all other female inmates. One of the rules is that only letters of brevity and business import may be written. When one of the suffragettes this afternoon was discovered writing a letter descriptive of the trip to the workhouse she was immediately informed that the rule as to letter writing must be obeyed.

A member of Congress telephoned Superintendent Whittaker for permission to send the delegates a box of California fruit. But the request was denied. Only reading matter may be received by the prisoners, and the only visitors who will be permitted to see them will be fathers, mothers, children, brothers, sisters, and attorneys.

The prisoners were up at 4:30 this morning and marched in single line formation to breakfast at 7. They had hominy and gravy, wheat bread, milk, coffee, and blackberry jam. At noon they received cabbage and shoulder, string beans, beets, and bread. Their night meal included vegetable soup and cornbread.

Immediately after breakfast this morning they were marched to the sewing room and later examined by the workhouse physician, Dr. Frank W. Hornbeck, for the purpose of taking their records for the workhouse files then began. They were requested to answer approximately 150 questions asked under the general heads of commitment, personal history, home training, education, vocation, social relations, religion, delinquency, dependency, physical condition, habits, and family history.

By the time these details were disposed of the delegation from Washington had arrived, and it was decided not to assign the prisoners to work until tomorrow. For the most part the women had no complaint to make of the treatment accorded them. They did not have a section to themselves in the dormitory last night, but were assigned to cots which were arranged in alternating formation with cots occupied by other prisoners.

Immediately after reaching the institution yesterday the prisoners were required to don the regular workhouse wearing apparel, including loose gray dresses, blue cotton stockings, and square-toed, flat-soled shoes. Several members of the delegation tasted but sparingly of the food served them and gave no evidence of having an appetite today, but there is no talk or thought of a hunger strike.

SUFFRAGISTS WIRE WILSON.

Start a Telegraphic Campaign of Protest Against Sentences.

Hundreds of New York women sent telegrams to President Wilson yesterday protesting against the arrest and imprisonment of the militant suffragist pickets in Washington. They are members of the Woman's Party, to which the pickets belong, and at the headquarters of the New York City branch, 50 East Forty-second Street, there was great activity all day, letters and messages being sent to members urging them to act. The same thing is going on all over the country, the women sending thousands of protests by wire.

Among the prominent members of the party who sent telegrams yesterday were Mrs. Robert Adamson, Mrs. Caroline Lexow Babcock, Miss Anna Constable, Mrs. Philip Comstock, Mrs. Lewis L. Delafield, Mrs. Joseph Priswold Deane, Mrs. William Allaire, Mrs. Edmund Kelly, and Mrs. Samuel Martin.

A characteristic telegram was sent to the President by Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, the daughter and granddaughter of the Women's Political Union, which went over sometime ago in a body to the National Woman's Party. It read as follows:

President Woodrow Wilson, The White House, Washington, D. C.,
July 18, 1917.

Be not impatient of being disturbed. All rulers are being disturbed. This war is proving a touchstone of the genuineness of democracy in Kings, Premiers, and Presidents. Lloyd George is being pressed wisely yield self-government to Ireland and suffrage to British women. Measure up to him and give votes and not jail sentences to the women of America.

HARRIOT STANTON BLATCH.

New members have been sending in their names and money contributions to the work of the party, and those who before pledged money are making good their promises.

The New York Headquarters yesterday issued a statement declaring that the Woman's Party must continue its policy of picketing. Three New York women have definitely promised to take part in the next demonstration of the pickets, the date of which is not to be announced in advance. Mrs. William L. Colt, Miss Cora A. Week, and Mrs. Sophia Kramer stand ready to start for Washington at a moment's notice, and others from New York are expected to join them.

"The National Woman's Party is not going to be imprisoned out of existence," said Miss Anna Constable, Treasurer of the State branch. "It is seventy-five years since the women began fighting for enfranchisement, and if they are not so many of them in the early days why, it was a question of ethics, not numbers. This country has a precedent different from any other country of fighting in with a declaration of ethics. If the men wish anything else they must fight for it and get it.

"Why is President Wilson refusing to pass the Susan B. Anthony Amendment? Is it because he disapproves of it? If so, he was measured as a traitor a finger the bill will come out of committee. It will take forty-five minutes for a roll call, and the amendment cannot go into effect until the Legislatures of thirty-six States have ratified it. This may take three years, and in the meantime Congress will have put out of the way this question, which will never be allowed to die down."

Dr. John Rogers of 102 East Thirtieth Street, husband of one of the imprisoned pickets in the workhouse, when asked for his opinion on the subject, had nothing to say for publication, although he made some vehement remarks. Dr. John Winters Brannan, whose wife is also in the workhouse, was at the Veteran Artillery Camp yesterday afternoon and did not return until late last night.

Protest from Newark Branch.

The Newark branch of the Woman's Party held a protest meeting yesterday in the Essex Building in Newark. Resolutions were adopted protesting against the arrest in Washington of Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins and Miss Julia Hurlbut of Morristown, N. J., Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Newark organization.

The resolutions will be sent to President Wilson. They vigorously and vehemently protest against the unreasonable and arbitrary sentence of imprisonment imposed upon sixteen suffrage pickets on July 17, and call for the immediate release of the Susan B. Anthony Suffrage Amendment as the measure in order that the just-minded women who are now under the necessity of submitting to superimposed authority may participate directly in the Government of their country in this way freely and consciously.

The resolutions conclude with these words: "We appeal directly to the President of the United States, that the whole civilized world today and future days will be the court to ultimately adjudicate between him and a group of patriots, no less impelled by their conception of duty, no less devoted to the performance, and no less resolute in their consistently performing that were the revolutionists who founded this nation, and the civil war patriots who saved it."

The Newark organization had received petitions from Mrs. Hopkins and Miss Mabel Vernon of Nevada, who were among the first pickets to be arrested, asking the branch to send requests to the President to revoke the sentences.

COMMONS REFUSES TO OUST HARDINGE

John Dillon Makes Bitter Attack on Official Implicated in Mesopotamia Affair.

JUDICIAL INQUIRY HALTED

Civilians to Go Free, But Accused Army Officers Must Face Trial.

LONDON, July 18.—The House of Commons tonight declined to interfere further to force the resignation of Baron Hardinge, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs. By a vote of 176 to 81 the House rejected a motion by John Dillon to adjourn the House with a view to forcing the hands of the Government to accept the resignation for his connection with the Mesopotamia campaign.

Mr. Dillon, in a speech demanding the adjournment of the House, assailed Baron Hardinge, but after his indictment of the Under Secretary the debate was rather languid. Arthur J. Balfour, the Foreign Secretary, replying to Mr. Dillon's criticism, staunchly defended Baron Hardinge, contending that although he might be attacked for what he did as Viceroy of India it was grossly unfair and grossly unconstitutional to attack him as Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

"While I hold my present office," said Mr. Balfour, "I will not permit such a gross act of injustice to one of my subordinates. If the House decides that because I adhere to that decision I ought to resign, nobody will be more grateful than myself for that expression of opinion."

Mr. Balfour further argued that Baron Hardinge had only the same responsibility as other Ministers and former Ministers, and asked, "Why are these Ministers and ex-Ministers not in the dock?"

In moving the adjournment of the House Mr. Dillon bitterly arraigned the Government and said that the matter involved the gravest principle of Ministerial responsibility and the Parliament's sole means of influencing the executive. Mr. Chamberlain had resigned, but Baron Hardinge, whose responsibility was the heavier, was allowed to remain in honor because he possessed powerful social influence.

The relatives of the men who died in unspeakable agony on the banks of the Tigris, said Mr. Dillon, would condemn a Parliament guilty of such neglect of the duty. What would the country say when it learned that the culprits of the officers had been courtmartialed, while the civilians went free.

Announcement was made in the House by Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, that the Government had decided not to proceed with the proposed judicial inquiry into the report of the commission which investigated the Mesopotamia campaign.

In coming to this decision, the Chancellor said, the Government had been guided by the objection raised during debate on the report to a further inquiry and also was influenced by the undesirability of diverting the thought and energies of the Legislature and the Executive at this critical time from the prosecution of the war. The soldiers would be dealt with by the Army Council in the ordinary way and the decision announced as soon as possible.

SINN FEIN PAPER SEIZED.

British Suppress E. T. Keane's Weekly—Rebel as M. P. Candidate.

DUBLIN July 18.—The newspaper Kilkenny People was seized and suppressed today by the police and military authorities. This paper is an important local weekly conducted by Edward T. Keane, an active politician since the days of Parnell and now Chairman of the local Sinn Feiners.

The paper has had frequent difficulties with the censorship, but it is felt here by good judges that its action on the eve of the Parliamentary election to replace Patrick O'Brien, Nationalist, who died July 12, will assist the Sinn Feiners and prejudice any constitutional candidates.

The Sinn Feiners held a meeting tonight under the Chairmanship of Mr. Keane, and selected as their candidate for the Kilkenny seat W. T. Cosgrave, who was recently released from prison. Cosgrave was one of the rebels, and was sentenced to death, but this was commuted to life imprisonment, and he was finally released under the order of the Government.

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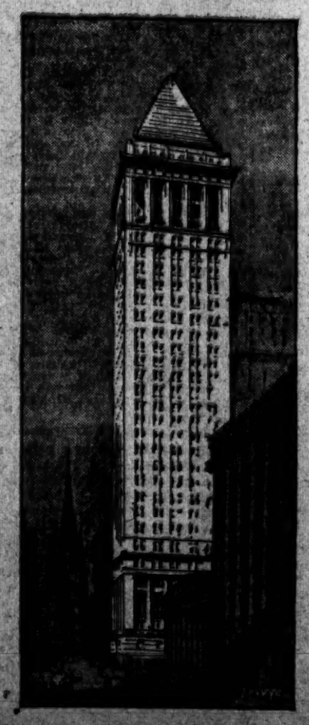

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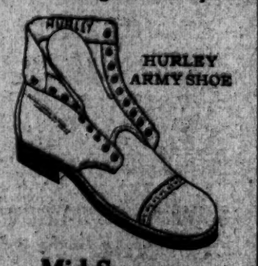

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TROOPS WELL TRAINED

Officers and Men Feel Sure of Themselves, Due to Recent Victories.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, July 16, (Delayed.)—The British front has been particularly interesting for the last few days, both because of the presence here of the King and Queen and the general expectation of another offensive.

The contrast between present conditions and those prevailing when I visited the front last February is striking. The British were then fighting doggedly in the worst conditions imaginable, whereas now the weather is favorable and all other conditions make for optimism. The effect of big movements such as America's rounding into form, the internal eruption in Germany, and Russia's return to hostilities are felt in every trench and dugout, but the soldier's deepest sensibilities are touched by what is concrete and nearest him. The walloping of Frits at Messines was not militarily important, but humanly it was most encouraging and must be rated above larger things in its effect on the morale of the army. Officers and men are beginning to feel sure of themselves as a fighting body. Such incidents as that at Nieuport prevent any slopping over.

There was appropriateness in their final examination by the Sovereign at what may fairly be reckoned the very top of their form and on the eve of maximum of effort. I have followed a day or two behind at many points visited by the Royal party, and the interest which they aroused was so extraordinary that much of the show was still going on, and I saw activities that would otherwise have gone back underground and into camouflage.

The impression of British strength gained from a few days at the front under these circumstances is simply overwhelming. Every one knows the larger units England has on the line in France. There are five armies on the fighting lines, highly organized and perfectly supplied and supported. Adequate factories at home for shells and guns coordinate with a transport system that the enemy has never been able seriously to interfere with. There is absolutely no limit to artillery, with guns, machine guns, ammunition and auto transport. There are more and more tanks, with better knowledge of their use, and picked and trained men counting almost certainly on a career in them, and finally there is a great and rapidly growing airplane service, including photo planes, destined with American help, to deliver what may prove the last fatal hammer strokes from the air. That good food, clothing and medical attention are part of such a tremendous organization goes without saying. These things count in a great war, but the most vivid impression made on me was by the huge numbers of trained young soldiers composing the fine units that constitute the greatest aggregation of impudent, unconquerable youth ever assembled.

But while youthful qualities are so necessary and attractive, and must be available at the front, the war is settled in the end by business, with planning and organization elaborated to the finest point. I have had an opportunity of talking with several army commanders whose manners and mental processes resemble those of captains of industry rather than the old-fashioned military type. They maintain headquarters far enough behind the line to be free from casual excitements, and their aloofness enables them always to bring to bear sobel judgment in a crisis and collate experience in terms of science and philosophy. In this war things have been worked out rather than thought out, and every week brings changes of theory and practice. The improvement that has entered into both the material and moral side—and that is striking as compared with five months ago—is a greater economy of life. Nothing is more demoralizing to courage than the useless wastage of men and nothing accomplished by the reduction of war to a cold science has done more to steady the British than the curbing of recklessness and the conserving of men.

The development of the barrage and other forms of artillery fire with the accessories of air observation and photography has greatly reduced the high cost of an offensive. The percentage of casualties is now lower than on the defensive, and as the offensive hereafter inevitably must lie with the Allies' arms this established principle will work greatly to our advantage. The French continue to make marvelous use of their .75 field piece, whose value lies in the stability which is derived from its recoil and counter recoil.

To visit Albert, Péronne, Bapaume, Arras, Vimy Ridge, and intervening points, topping off with Messines, where I saw a great display of airplanes with some fighting accompanied by artillery liveliness, is an unforgettable experience, especially in brilliant weather. I am leaving with the conviction that what the British have done is merely a prelude. This is not to say that the Germans are going to scurry out of Belgium, but merely that the British are now absolutely at their best and ready to deliver their most telling blows. While this expectation is fully justified we must be prepared for long waits between attacks. No way has yet been discovered to make an offensive continuous in trench warfare.

FRENCH AT VERDUN HOLD NEW POSITIONS

Germans Throw Masses of Men in Vain Against Lines Captured on Tuesday.

PARIS, July 18.—Furious counterattacks were delivered by the Germans last night against the positions captured yesterday by the French on the left bank of the Meuse, northwest of Verdun. All these attacks were broken up by the French artillery and machine guns, which inflicted sanguinary losses on the enemy. At no place were the Germans able to gain a temporary footing in the French positions.

The Germans have resumed their heavy shelling of the front along the Chemin des Dames, in the region of Cerny, the Hurtebise farm, and Craonne.

The text of the official statement issued this afternoon by the War Office follows:

The artillery fighting became rather violent late at night east and west of Cerny.

We repulsed a surprise attack on an outpost north of Vienne le Château, on the western border of the Argonne, and took a number of prisoners.

On the left bank of the Meuse, after a violent bombardment, the Germans made several counterattacks on the positions we captured yesterday, from Avocourt Wood as far as the western slopes of Hill 304. All their efforts were defeated by the heroic resistance of our troops, which inflicted sanguinary losses on the Germans without yielding to them the slightest part of the conquered ground.

A German attack near the Calonne trench was without result. The night elsewhere was calm.

This evening's official statement says:

There was rather lively artillery activity in the region of Cerny and [illegible] and in the sector of Craonne. In the morning we repulsed a German attack west of the Cerny sugar refinery.

On the left bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) the enemy did not react in the course of the day west of Hill 304 except with his artillery.

In the forest of Parroy there were patrol encounters. We took prisoners.

BERLIN, July 18, (via London.)—The trenches recently captured by the Germans near Malancourt Wood and on both sides of the Malancourt-Esnes Road were penetrated by the French yesterday, the War Office announces.

On the northern part of the front, from the Yser to the Lys, the artillery fighting increased toward morning.

The announcement follows:

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht—There was heavy artillery fighting on the Coast of Flanders. From the Yser to the Lys it increased considerably toward the early morning. Between Hollebake and Warneton British reconnoitring advances were repulsed in a hand-to-hand engagement.

At La Bassée Canal, Loos, and Lens, and also on both banks of the Scarpe there was lively artillery fighting in the evening. When darkness set in the British made an attack north of the Arras-Cambrai Road. They were driven back except on a narrow sector west of the Vert Wood. A British battalion which advanced north of Fresnoy was driven off by our fire.

Army Group of the German Crown Prince: On the Aisne and Champagne fronts the artillery fighting for the most part was light, owing to the gloomy weather.

On the left bank of the Meuse, (Verdun front,) there was fighting throughout the day. After strong artillery preparation for three hours, the French attacked on a front of five kilometres, (three miles,) from Avocourt Wood to the region west of Dead Man Hill. In the southeastern corner of Melancourt Wood, and on both sides of the Melancourt-Esnes Road, the French penetrated trenches we captured recently, after bitter fighting. Elsewhere they were driven back.

A fresh assault delivered in the evening by the enemy, in an attempt to increase his gain, broke down without any success, and with heavy losses. East of the Meuse the firing was heavier than usual.

Army Group of Duke Albrecht: There is nothing important to report.

LONDON, July 18.—A further British advance near Monchy-le-Preux was reported by the War Office early today. The announcement follows:

There was fighting of a local character again last night east of Monchy-Preux, resulting in a further gain of ground by us, and the capture of a few more German prisoners.

Prisoners also were captured by us, and many of the enemy were killed in the course of successful raids during the night northeast of Oosttaverne, and in the neighborhood of Boesinghe. A hostile raiding party was encountered and driven off by our patrols near Wieltje.

The official communication issued this evening says:

We carried out a successful raid last night in the neighborhood of Fresnoy. Several of the enemy were killed and their dugouts bombed.

Owing to clouds there was little aerial activity yesterday until the evening, when a number of combats took place, in two of which large formations were engaged on each side. In the course of the fighting eight German airplanes were downed and six others were driven down out of control. Another enemy machine was shot down by our fire from the ground. Four of our machines are missing.

DRIVE AT HALICZ BEGUN BY TEUTONS

Seek to Recapture the Galician Town Following Their Recovery of Kalusz.

HARD FIGHTING TO SOUTH

Height Near Novica Stormed by the Enemy, but Lost Again in Strong Counterattack.

PETROGRAD, July 18. — Having recovered possession of Kalucz, the Teuton forces in Galicia now are seeking to drive the Russians from Halicz. The War Office today announces that the enemy's guns have opened a heavy fire along the front from south of Brzezany and in the region of Halicz. The text of the statement reads:

Western Front—There has been intense artillery fighting on the part of the enemy in the region of the village of Potutory, south of Brzezany, and in the neighborhood of Halicz.

South of the village of Novica, to the south of Halicz, enemy detachments, after strong artillery preparation, attacked and occupied one of the heights. Our detachments slowly retired on the line of the River Berezinica.

An hour later the enemy renewed the attack from the direction of the village of Novica, but as the result of a valiant counterattack by our infantry and cavalry the enemy was thrown back and we reoccupied the above-mentioned height.

There has been no material change in the situation on the Rumanian and Caucasian fronts.

BERLIN, July 18, (via London.)—Increased activity on the Rumanian front is reported in today's official announcement. Artillery fighting was revived in the sectors of Archduke Joseph and Field Marshal von Mackensen. On the northern end of the Russo-Galician front, in the regions of Riga, Dvinsk and Smorgon, the artillery engagements were more severe.

The official statement reads:

Eastern War Theatre: Front of Prince Leopold of Bavaria—There was an increase in the fighting activity at Riga, south of Dvinsk, and at Smorgon.

In Eastern Galicia the firing was strong at Brzezany.

In the Carpathian foothills Bavarian and Croatian troops in a combined attack captured the heights to the east of Novica, which were stubbornly defended by the Russians, and repulsed Russian counterattacks in the captured positions. At other points on the Lemnica line also the Russians were forced back in local engagements.

Fronts of Archduke Joseph and Field Marshal von Mackensen—A gradual revival of artillery activity was noticeable, especially on both sides of the Suchitsa Valley and along the Putna and the Bereth.

Macedonian Front—There was nothing new to report.

PARIS, July 18. — Concerning operations on the Macedonian front, the War Office tonight issued the following:

Eastern Theatre, July 17.—There was cannonading and rifle firing in the region of Moryadag. During the night several enemy patrols attempted to penetrate our lines at Tsrvena Stena and in the neighborhood of Monastir, but were repulsed. British aviators bombarded the station at Angista.

PETROGRAD'S NIGHT OF SUDDEN RIOTS

Workers and Soldiers Engage in Rival, Aimless but Sanguinary Demonstrations.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, July 17.—Again there has been bloodshed on the streets of Petrograd, this time more than at any time since revolutionary week. All night long armed soldiers and workers have marched about the streets demonstrating for or against—what nobody could tell, least of all the demonstrators themselves.

The Government crisis was seized on by conspirators as the long-looked-for occasion for action. About 7 in the evening several factories in the disaffected quarter on the north side of the river struck work. Soldiers in motor lorries from Leninite and anarchist regiments scoured the town and called on workers and soldiers to come into the streets. Some consented, some refused, and a strange movement began. An armed battalion marched about ordering motor cars and trams were stopped. Lorries and cars with machine guns whizzed and rumbled, some whither and now hither. Crowds of idlers gathered in the central streets, debating in impromptu meetings, and fierce disputes. Some of the loyal units came out and acted as a kind of guard.

The Government sat in Prince Lvoff's private rooms. The Council of Delegates sat in the Taurida Palace, and after an excited debate passed against a minority of twenty, a strong resolution condemning the demonstration and appealing for tranquillity.

Shots Fired on Nevsky Prospect.

On the Nevsky Prospect about 10 o'clock shooting began. Who began the shooting is not clear, but men on motor lorries with machine guns began firing indiscriminately into the crowd, which scattered in panic. This happened several times on the Nevsky Prospect and in other parts of the town. A typical case occurred near the Moscow station at 11:30.

A great crowd had gathered around the monument of Alexander. Three motors came up and scattered an appeal from the Council of Delegates condemning the demonstration. Immediately afterward machine gun lorries rumbled up and were hooted by the crowd. Fire was opened from the lorries and the crowd fled. Hundreds flung themselves on the ground to avoid the shots. A fair number were wounded.

Soldiers of one of the local units brought the wounded to the Town Hall. They declared their regiment had been in barracks all day, but when they heard firing in the evening they took their rifles and went out to defend the Provisional Government. At the corner of Sadovaya Street and Nevsky Prospect they met disaffected regiments who, hearing them shout "Long live the Provisional Government!" fired on the loyalists.

Late in the evening life in the streets became complete and unintelligible chaos. It was a hot, close evening. The streets were unlighted to dusk of the falling white night. Crowds wandered aimlessly and excitedly to and fro. Lorries and cars buzzed about filled with yelling soldiers, the nozzles of their machine guns pointed threateningly at the crowds and groups gathered at corners to discuss, to exclaim, to wonder, and to inquire. Yard keepers and their families sat placidly at house gates.

The talk was curiously mingled. One or two soldiers talked against the offensive and complained of Kerensky. Others cursed the Leninites.

On the Liteiny big street crossing on the Nevsky large crowds stood everywhere disputing. Delegates from the Council of Delegates tried to disperse them, saying, "Go home, comrades, go home. There have already been victims; but the crowd lingered on, watching with some anxiety passing armed cars.

Huge Procession of Soldiers.

At the end of the Liteiny came a huge procession with banners inscribed "Down with the capitalist Ministers! All power to the Council of Workmen and Soldiers Delegates! Down with the War!" It was a strange sight, this great, silent, moving mass in the dusk, with the blur of guns, caps and bayonets of the men on lorries and the bent figures of soldiers on artillery horses, all silhouetted against the pale sky. asked a young man looking on what it all meant. "This," he said solemnly, "is a reply to the cadets." He waved an evening paper and added, "The cadets have started sabotage. This is the answer of the workers and revolutionary army." In a matter of fact, the workers and revolutionary army did not know about the resignation of the cadets.

When the huge procession came to the Duma shouting, "Down with the capitalist Ministers!" M. Tcheidse went out to them and said: "The non-Socialist Ministers have already resigned," and the crowd was surprised and could not understand why it was demonstrating. A little later Tcheidse went out to another crowd. Some one fired a shot and missed. The cry was started, "Down with the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates!" In another part of the town the agitators shouted that all the Socialist Ministers, including Tseretelli, had been bought by the bourgeoisie for millions of rubles.

Hour after hour the crowds trudged the streets aimlessly and excitedly. I saw a long procession march down the Liteiny, soldiers in an endless armed stream. Mostly they were silent, but one party was singing the revolutionary "Marseillaise." Then a shot rang out. There followed hubbub and a scuffle and indignant cries. Then some vigorous voice yelled out the "Marseillaise" again. Others joined in, and the procession marched on.

Leninites Shirk Responsibility.

Official Leninites denied responsibility for the demonstration. They said it was the work of counter-revolutionists, whose names they knew, but in the Taurida Palace they refused to vote their condemnation. They sat on the fence and promised they would try to make the demonstration peaceful.

There happened last night to be a meeting of the new Town Council in the City Hall on the Nevsky Prospect. The majority in the council is Socialist. After a debate on the food question the councilors were coming out of the hall when suddenly a rattle and crackle of machine guns and rifles rang out from near the Kazan Cathedral, and then shots were fired on the council building. The councilors ran back followed by a panic-stricken crowd. Then the sitting was renewed.

The Socialists were alarmed and indignant at the firing, and this impression was deepened by the arrival of a number of wounded, who were treated in the council buildings. A committee was formed to draft an appeal to the people. The committee sat for three hours, all because of a Leninite who objected to various phrases, and finally fought a pitched battle of words "for the good of our country." The new Mayor, Schreiber, a Social Revolutionary just returned from long exile, indignantly declared, "But I have fought and suffered for the good of my country all my life," and the Leninite subsided. I saw Leninites there. They were pale and haggard and most obviously frightened.

An attempt was made to arrest Kerensky, but he had left by a train a few minutes before the soldiers who sought him reached the station.

While the Ministers were in session at Prince Lvoff's quarters their motor cars were seized by armed soldiers and then a raid made on the Government garage.

When I returned home about 4 o'clock this morning the streets were quiet. Small parties of soldiers and workers were drifting home. Here and there stood wrecked and abandoned motor cars. I passed the Novoe Vremya offices. They had been seized by an armed band, who were printing their own proclamations.

Today, so far, everything has been quiet, and it is to be hoped the Council of Delegates have control of the situation. A majority of the troops are loyal, and many of the soldiers in the disaffected regiments have not the least idea why they came out. A characteristic incident was the seizure of a small station on the Finland Railway by men from a machine-gun regiment, who put machine guns on the line and refused to allow any trains going to Finland to pass, although they passed incoming trains.

There is Germany's hand in the whole business. Watchwords were hopelessly mixed. There was talk of a protest against the disbandment of an insubordinate grenadier regiment at the front. There were outcries against the bourgeoisie, against the Provisional Government, against Kerensky and the offensive. But it was all chaotic.

In the meantime an attempt is being made to form another coalition Government. The Council of Delegates is reluctant to try a Socialist experiment. Prince Lvoff for the present remains at his post, but has put conditions. The crisis is complicated by the fact that the food question is much worse, and serious privation seems imminent.

MICHAELIS TODAY MAY ASK FOR TIME

Continued from Page 1.

of the Reichstag, though perhaps a small one, is claimed for the latter.

Admiral von Tirpitz has telegraphed an appeal to Ernst Bassermann, the National Liberal leader, who is now in Carlsbad, to leave the sanitarium where he is under treatment and assist in the fight against the Bloc resolution in the Reichstag. The von Tirpitz message says:

"No passing food difficulties or war weariness must be allowed to soften the German people's determination and render possible a peace which would threaten the future of Germany and its working classes. The bulk of the National Liberals will probably vote against the non-annexationist resolution.

AMSTERDAM, July 18.—According to news brought by arrivals from Berlin, belief in Liberal circles there is that Chancellor Michaelis is merely a stopgap who will prepare the way for something in the way of a dictatorship, with General Ludendorff in supreme control.

GERMAN MASSES NOT REVOLUTIONARY

Glad Bethmann Has Gone, but Don't Know What Caused His Fall.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 17, (via London.)—The changes that have taken place in Germany within the last few days must not be construed as though the Fatherland were on the verge of political convulsions that might change the foundations of the State radically, nor is there the slightest sign of unrest among the masses beyond the usual expressions of annoyance over the food question, which, as was generally known and expected, would reach the critical point in the first half of July but even today is showing a marked improvement.

The change in the Chancellery has certainly done much to restore the equanimity of the people, if that was disturbed at all. Curiously enough, the masses seem glad that Bethmann Hollweg has gone, as your correspondent has had occasion to observe in his extensive wanderings over all parts of Berlin during the last few days for the purpose of ascertaining public opinion. They are glad Bethmann has gone, there can be no mistake about that; but if you ask the people why, they can hardly give a reasonable explanation. The Berlin masses, at least, failed to a great extent to understand what brought about the change in the Chancellorship. The theory of revolutionary inclinations, such as they are, may be epitomized in the short sentence, "Es muss anders werden," meaning that they want a change. Well, they have had their change, Michaelis in place of Bethmann—and they are quite satisfied. None of them ventures an explanation why Michaelis should do better. No doubt they are pleased that Michaelis is of "Buergerlicher" birth, meaning a civilian, but that the Kaiser personally, since they can wreak their rage on the Chancellor, but they will soon find out that Wilhelm the Second is no mere shadow of a Kaiser.

It is equally foolish to hold him personally responsible for everything that has been done, is doing and will be done during his reign. There is no room today any more for such straining of monarchical idea. No man can rule absolutely a nation of seventy million were its every wish and talent. Nor can leave to him the sole disposition of all vital questions of the national life would mean burdening him with a superhuman responsibility and to expose the country and people to the gravest danger.

It has been and often enough that the German Social Democratic Party has no intention of making a republic of Germany, much less of transforming her into a sort of bourgeois-governed State after the French and American pattern. Who and what may possess such a modern government form, if they are slower than others, they are certainly more thorough-going once they have recognized the necessity for reform. That will come, no doubt, their understanding growing with larger measure of civic rights. But it will never come as it did in Russia. There is no revolutionary spirit here, nor any anti-monarchic tendency, not even among the Socialists. I say this advisedly, for during my wanderings through Berlin I have not detected the slightest sign of anti-monarchic feeling. Certain eventualities have not been thought of, much less shaped in words or planned.

The Hohenzollerns are at the head of the Government and they will be in generations to come. That is gospel truth to the average Prussian, and if he is not outspokenly enthusiastic over it, he at least does not dispute it, but takes it much as one does the unalterable succession of Sunday by Monday. The majority of the Prussian people of all classes are, even after this war of three years, and after having made unparalleled sacrifices, still as loyal as ever to the Hohenzollerns, and they are quick to tell you know it if you doubt their genuineness.

Therefore, Americans should not be astonished if Germany goes on in her quiet way, even if parlitmentarization does not come as quickly as German parliamentarians seem to demand and as the world in general thinks it ought to come, as even Germany's friends wish it would come. Only an early peace might quicken the pace of reform, because it would mean the election to the Reichstag of many young members graduated from the hardest, the hardest school for matured manhood the nation ever passed through, in place of the somewhat antiquated majority members of the present Imperial Legislature. And such a new Reichstag would probably quickly and quietly arrive at a happy solution of all the problems that as yet divide old Germany from the ideas governing other countries. But do not count on a revolution.

The following extract from an article in the Socialist Hamburger Echo clearly outlines the Socialist attitude to the monarchy:

"'On revient toujours sur ses premiers pas,' says the French adage. Its truth is now proved by Kaiser Wilhelm with his decree of July 11, 1917. He returns to the traces left behind by his decree of Feb. 15, 1890. He again seeks the confidence of the laboring and poor classes. In twenty-six years of peace and three years of war the Kaiser and the people have come to know each other so well that neither wishes the return of the old mistrust and suspicion. No doubt attempts will be made to stir them up again, but we hope that the people's enemies will have no luck. They carefully avoid attacking the Kaiser personally, since they can wreak their rage on the Chancellor, but they will soon find out that Wilhelm the Second is no mere shadow of a Kaiser.

"It is equally foolish to hold him personally responsible for everything that has been done, is doing and will be done during his reign. There is no room today any more for such straining of monarchical idea. No man can rule absolutely a nation of seventy million were its every wish and talent. Nor can leave to him the sole disposition of all vital questions of the national life would mean burdening him with a superhuman responsibility and to expose the country and people to the gravest danger.

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added M. Cambon, "that by sacrificing Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg he would find a cat's paw to do the peace negotiations; but, whatever happens, Germany will make its war Chancellor a scapegoat for its own faults and its own crimes.

"Herr Michaelis," continued M. Cambon, "seems to be of the type of disciplined, brutal, Prussian functionary, a Liberal so long as he is not in power, but conservative and reactionary as soon as he is charged with public functions. He will doubtless try, according to the method familiar to the Germans, to practice contradictory policies, supporting von Hindenburg and von Ludendorff and the military party energetically on the one hand, and trying, on the other, to flatter the Socialists and the pacifist elements in Germany and her allied countries. The National Liberal Party seems to desire now to come to an understanding with the Conservatives and refuse to follow the Centre Party in its more conciliatory policy."

FOOD RIOTERS PUNISHED.

Dusseldorf Workers Protest Against Severe Prison Sentences.

COPENHAGEN, July 18.—Advices received from Dusseldorf say that the state of siege there, the result of food riots, has been raised after 185 persons received sentences averaging eighteen months. At a big labor meeting vigorous protests were made against the severity of the sentences. Suspension of the sentences of children and minors, and guarantees against reduction of the bread ration were demanded.

Twelve thousand workmen attended a meeting at Bielefeld, the centre of the Westphalia linen industry, and adopted a resolution demanding peace without annexations or indemnities. They asked the Reichstag to support only a Government making unequivocal declarations along these lines.

GERMANS GROWING AFRAID.

Stein Seeks to Encourage Them—Tirpitz Asks Time for U-Boats.

AMSTERDAM July 18.—Many Germans have become faint-hearted, says General von Stein, Prussian War Minister, as quoted by the General Anzieger of Düsseldorf. The General, replying to a telegram from the German National Union, expressing confidence in him, gave the following advice:

"Every one should possess confidence in the future greatness of Germany, but an excessive anxiety and faint-heartedness is still troubling many persons. Every one should endeavor to give an example of self-renunciation and sacrifice and to make selfish and faint-hearted persons ashamed of themselves."

Admiral von Tirpitz, replying to a similar telegram, said:

"The U-boat is extremely effective, but needs time."

BETHMANN A HINDRANCE.

Jules Cambon Says Kaiser Wanted a New Peace Negotiator.

PARIS, July 18.—"One thing is certain, and that is, that Emperor William wanted to get rid of a man who trailed after him unpleasant recollections of the days preceding the war," said Jules Cambon, General Secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, to The Associated Press today. "This was the man to whose name remain fitted the historical words, 'a scrap of paper,' that are unforgettable.

"The Emperor doubtless thought,"

WAR LORDS GO TO CHURCH.

Kaiser, Hindenburg, and Ludendorff Attend Cathedral Service.

BERLIN, July 16, (via London, July 18, delayed.)—The imperial family, accompanied by Field Marshal von Hindenburg and his wife, General von Ludendorff, First Quartermaster General, and Count von Dohna-Schlodien, aide de camp to Emperor William and who was commander of the German commerce raider Möwe, attended Sunday's service at the Cathedral here. The service is said to have been one of the most impressive held in the Cathedral during the war.

The text of the sermon was taken from the Ninety-third Psalm, fourth verse:

> The Lord on high is mightier than the noise on many waters, yea, than the mighty waves of the sea.

The officiating Court Chaplain invoked the Divine blessing on Emperor William and Field Marshal von Hindenburg, "the man into whose hands the Lord has laid the German sword," and on the newly appointed Imperial Chancellor, Dr. Michaelis.

PUTS PETROGRAD IN ARMY'S CONTROL

Continued from Page 1.

of the revolutionary army which is fighting against the troops of William." The resolution protests against the "deplorable symptoms of decomposition" which compromise the whole national authority and the future constituent assembly, and it demands that an end be made once and for all "to all acts which dishonor revolutionary Petrograd."

LONDON, July 18.—A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd filed on Tuesday night reads:

"General Polovtseff, the Military Governor of Petrograd, has issued the following order of the day:

"'In accordance with an order of the Provisional Government to relieve the city of armed disturbers of its peace and security, citizens are requested not to quit their houses without urgent need, to keep their door and gateways closed and prevent unidentified persons from entering their houses. At the same time the troops are ordered to proceed immediately to establish order.

"A passenger steamer and a flotilla of tugs brought several thousand sailors, soldiers, workmen, and workwomen from Cronstadt to Petrograd this morning. They bore no mere inscribed: 'Cronstadt Anarchists' Club. Down with Authority! Long Live the Commune!'

At the corner of the Newsky Prospect and Sadovaya Street provocative firing was started similar to that of last night. It was followed by the opening of random machine gun and rifle fire. There was more firing still later in the Liteiny Prospect, the people in the street taking refuge in the courtyards of the houses and on the rear stairways. Part of the Cronstadt party made a pilgrimage to the villa of Mlle. Kshesinska, from which the agitator Lenine addressed them."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, July 17, 9:30 A. M., (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Armed manifestation is proceeding all over the town. Private motors have been stopped and seized as in the first days of the revolution. Regiment after regiment is carrying banners bearing the words, "Down with the temporary Government! All power to the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates!" Already shots have been fired, and in the present hungry condition of the town the manifestation may take serious proportions. Motors and machine guns manned by armed soldiers are again parading the streets.

RUSSIA'S PLAN UNCHANGED.

Embassy Says Resignation of Ministers Was Expected.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The resignation of the cadet Ministers of the Russian Cabinet as a result of the Ukraine situation was officially explained at the embassy here today as not at all unexpected and as not interfering in any way with the major questions of the Russian military offensive and the reconstruction of the Russian governmental system. The Ministers, it is said, wanted to leave the Cabinet two months ago, when former Foreign Minister Miliukoff resigned, but were prevailed upon to continue in office.

The continuance of Premier Lvoff as head of the Government was declared to show the permanence of the Government policy and to indicate that the continuity of the powers granted to it by the Duma had not been broken.

The Ukrainian demand for immediate independence was stated to be a rather natural reaction among men who have always sought freedom from the old reactionary forces and who have not yet been able to realize that the new Russia is actually bringing them the autonomy they desire. Separatist movements are expected, it is pointed out, until the different nationalities can be brought together in a strong administration.

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COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

A DEPOSITOR from time to time has money to invest. He seeks impartial advice. We are glad to give it.

Half-Yearly Sale Stein-Bloch Suits

$25 Suits.....$18.75
$30 Suits.....$24.75
$35 Suits.....$28.75

This is not so much a Half - Yearly Sale, as a Twice-A-Year Opportunity to buy clothes of undoubted quality at the price of doubtful unknowns.

Alterations free, if required.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

ADVERTISEMENT.

When You Eat anything that does not agree with you take 6 Bell-ans in a little hot water and see what pleasant relief it gives. 25c pkg.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
Contain no harmful or deleterious substance.

Manhattan Shirts in Smart New Fabrics and Soft Summer Colors

Summer shirtings offer temptations—almost unlimited possibilities—to the colorist.

One must be careful in making his selections—must know that he correctly chooses the foundation of his color scheme.

Manhattan Shirts are being shown in many new and exclusive pastel shades—in beautiful stripes and checks, of the coolest and most soothing colors.

They harmonize perfectly with the fashionable neckwear of the season—and with the Summer woolens and tropical suit fabrics.

Many new silks, silk mixtures, madrases and percales—and the colors guaranteed fast.

Prices, $2.00 to $12.00.

Also complete assortments of Manhattan Golf, Tennis and Outing Shirts, prices, $1.75 to $6.00.

Largest Distributors of Manhattan Shirts

Weber and Heilbroner
Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores
241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 775 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, 30 Broad, 42nd and Fifth Ave.
Clothes at: 30 Broad, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 42d and Fifth Ave.

WITH the United States Army Officer it's first thought, second nature and sixth sense to be correctly turned out, for he's been bred to it in civilian life. I am tailoring the smartest possible Officers' Uniforms with a slashing, soldierly swank about them that kindles intense personal pride.

You'll get a body-gracing military fit and a thoroughbred military style that will send your chin up and your chest out, as befits the flag you fight under.
14-oz. O. D. Serge to measure, $32.00
18-oz. O. D. Serge to measure, $42.00

Civilian Suits, $20 to $45 to individual measure

Clemons
Civilian and Military Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
19 Years On This Corner

In the Clearance of
FRANKLIN SIMON
Hand-Tailored Suits for Men
at $23
We have cut former prices from $5 to $12 per Suit

SUITS advertised as *regularly so much*, suits advertised as *values so much*, and suits advertised as *worth so much* are just so much advertising without much meaning! The suits in this sale are Hand-Tailored, they are exclusively this season's productions, they were not made for sale purposes, and they were in regular stock at $28, $30, $33 and $35 the day before we reduced them.

HAND-TAILORED at the price of those that are not
Men's Clothing Shop—8 West 38th St.
A Separate Shop on the Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

Sale of Superfine Shantung Silk Suits
$19.50
Reduced from $25.00

There was the mail-order man who advertised "three yards of silk for fifteen cents."

He sent you three yards of silk thread.

There are "silk suits" which bear about that same relationship to imported Shantung.

These Weber and Heilbroner suits ARE genuine imported Shantung of unusually fine quality and they are superb examples of the Weber and Heilbroner standard of tailoring.

They merely have arrived at their clearance reductions.

Norfolk or two-button, soft roll, sack coat and trousers—fashioned to meet the most fastidious tastes.

Weber and Heilbroner
Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores
241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 775 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, 30 Broad, 42nd and Fifth Ave.
Clothes at: 30 Broad, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 42d and Fifth Ave.

DRAFT HERE 1 IN 14, OFFICIAL ESTIMATE

City Has Supplied Much of Its Quota Through National Guard and Volunteers.

BOARDS GET UNDER WAY

All But Eighteen Organized and Actual Work of Selecting Men for War May Begin Tomorrow.

The chances are about 14 to 1 against any individual who registered in New York on June 5 being drawn for the selective army, according to word received here yesterday from the office of Adjt. Gen. Stotesbury at Albany. These odds were computed in this manner:

New York's quota for war service has been figured by Washington authorities at 122,212 men. From this was taken the number of National Guardsmen on April 1, 1917, the number of guard enlistments to June 30, which was 16,858, and the number of enlistments in the United States Army since April, or 12,-883, giving the State an allowance of 52,071. Therefore the State must furnish 69,241 men for the new army, or one man out of every 14.5 who registered.

At 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon all but eighteen of the 189 local exemption boards in the City of New York had turned in their draft cards, numbered as required by the draft law regulations, and it was announced that the remaining boards were almost ready to turn in their cards and that there was no doubt that New York City would be ready for the draft this morning.

While the news from all parts of New York City continued encouraging, that was not the case so far as Buffalo and Syracuse were concerned, and at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon the Adjutant General's office in Albany reported over the long distance telephone to the New York City headquarters in the Stewart Building that not a single card had been received up to that hour from either Buffalo or Syracuse. The Mayor of Syracuse denied last night that his city was delaying the draft. He asserted that the cards from that place were mailed to the Adjutant General in Albany on Tuesday. It was stated officially that Adjt. Gen. Stotesbury sent a telegram to Mayor Fuhrmann of Buffalo Tuesday night urging him in the name of the State to speed up the work in that city. General Stotesbury, it was said, worded his telegram in such a way as to make it impossible for any one to mistake its meaning.

The Boroughs of Queens and Richmond reported the preliminary work completed shortly after midnight yesterday morning. The Bronx reported complete with only one or two districts, and those districts would be ready. It was stated before midnight last night. In all of the Manhattan and Brooklyn districts where the boards had not finished numbering the cards the reports received at the Stewart Building headquarters showed that those boards, without exception, had practically completed the preliminary work.

Exact Location Given.

Manhattan Local Exemption Board No. 167, the headquarters of which is at 107 East 125th Street, has the distinction of being the board which has the largest number of eligible registrants in its jurisdiction. The board turned in its serially numbered cards yesterday, the total number of cards being 4,696. This indicates that the highest of the key numbers to be drawn at Washington will be 4,696.

In about one-half of the boards the list of registrants, with the serial number of each registrant affixed, are posted in the headquarters, and by tomorrow it is expected that every board will have its list on view. All men subject to draft are requested by the Federal and State authorities to visit the headquarters in their respective districts and ascertain their serial numbers, so as to know as soon as those numbers are published what their position in the official list, as it will be made public in Washington, is.

Many of the exemption boards have taken new headquarters in the last few days, and it was not until yesterday afternoon that a complete official list, revised up to date, was available at the New York headquarters. These headquarters, as given in the list, are the places where the numbered lists of registrants will be posted for public inspection. The list follows:

THE BRONX.

No. Local Boards and Headquarters.
1—P. S. 45, Brown Place and 156th St.
2—P. S. 22, 166 East 140th St.
3—P. S. 20, Brook Av. and 141st St.
4—P. S. 30, Longwood Av. and Beck St.
5—Lod Hall 1264 St.
6—P. S. 64, Overing St.
7—P. S. 57, White Plains Av. and 223th St.
8—391 East 149th St.
9—Hospital Building, 161st St. and 3d Av.
10—P. S. 47, 407 East 150th St.
11—1,028 Stebbins Av.
12—Morris H. S., Boston Road and 116th St.
13—P. S. 40, Prospect and Jennings Sts.
14—Octavia Park East, corner 170th St.
15—P. S. 4, 17th St. and Fulton Av.
16—Borough Hall, Tremont and 3d Avs.
17—P. S. 83, East 180d St. and Beaumont Av.
18—P. S. 31, Ogden Av. and 160th St.
19—Park Commissioner's office, Clermont Park.
20—New York University, Gould Hall.
21—P. S. 48, Jerome Av. and 184th St.
22—P. S. 82, Jerome Av. and 184th St.

BROOKLYN.

23—Brooklyn Bar Assn., 158 Montague St.
24—99-105 Myrtle Av.
25—P. S. 3, York and Jay Sts.
26—P. S. 14, Concord and Navy Sts.
27—Clinton and Union Sts., Public Library.
28—P. S. 97, Hicks and Nelson Sts.
29—Municipal Court, Lee Av. and Clymer St.
30—P. S. 71, Keyward and Lee Avs.
31—P. S. 56, Decatur St. and Lewis Av.
32—P. S. 70, Patchen Av. and Macon St.
33—P. S. 55, Stockton St., near Marcy Av.
34—Ambet P. S. 2, 335 Kosciusko St.
35—325 Hart St.
36—P. S. 40, 15th St. and 4th Av.
37—P. S. 172, 4th Av. and 29th St.
38—P. S. 135, Butler St., bet. 4th and 5th Avs.
39—P. S. 32, Hoyt and President Sts.
40—P. S. 93, 4th Av. and 47th St.
41—404 85th St.
42—P. S. 170, 8th Av. and 71st St.
43—P. S. 127, 7th Av. and 79th St.
44—P. S. 111, Sterling Pl. and Vanderbilt Av.
45—58 Hicks St., cor. W. Mt.
46—P. S. 45, Classon and Lafayette Avs.
47—P. S. 3, Hancock St., near Bedford Av.
48—Manual Training H. S., 7th Av. and 4th St.
49—Public Library, 9th St. and 6th Av.
50—464 Humboldt St.
51—144 De Yoe St.
52—P. S. 150, Christopher Av. and Sackman St.
53—P. S. 142, Havemeyer and N. 6th Sts.
54—P. S. 38, Driggs Av., No. 5th St.
55—97 Herbert St.
56—341 Manhattan Av.
57—P. S. 90, West 17th St., near Neptune Av.
58—Av. O and Coney Island Av.
59—New Utrecht H. S., 50th St. and New Utrecht Av.
60—1,555 67th St., Atlantic Rep. Club.
61—P. S. 180, Ocean Parkway and Ft. Hamilton Av.
62—T. M. C. A., Bedford and Monroe Sts.
63—P. S. 44, Throop Av. and Putnam Av.
64—St. Mark's Av. and Albany Av., Commercial High.
65—P. S. 167, Eastern Parkway and Schenectady Av.
66—Erasmus H. H. S., Church and Flatbush Avs.
67—P. S. 139, Cortelyou and Rugby Roads.
68—P. S. 108, Linwood St. and Arlington Av.
69—1,301 Myrtle Av., (cigar store.)
70—P. S. 123, Irving and Willoughby Avs.
71—P. S. 90, Madison St. and Bushwick Av.
72—P. S. 75, Evergreen Av. and Grove St.
73—880 Graham Av., (real estate office.)
74—P. S. 21, McKibbin St., near Manhattan Av.
75—P. S. 145, McKibbin and Leonard Sts.
76—909 Wyckoff Av.
77—2,686 Fulton St.
78—2,290 Atlantic Av., (business office.)
79—P. S. 108, Linwood St. and Arlington Av., East New York.
80—P. S. 72, New Lots Rd. and Livonia Av., (temp.)
81—Simonson Av. and Ash, P. S. 158.
82—P. S. 25, Herkimer St. and Ralph Av.
83—P. S. 144, Howard Av., cor. St. Marks.
84—P. S. 66, Hinsdale St. and Glenmore Av.
85—P. S. 63, Glenmore and Stone Avs.
86—P. S. 175, Blake Av. and Bristol St.
87—P. S. 125, Rockaway and Thatford Avs.
88—P. S. 4, 17th St. and Fulton Av.
89—Borough Hall, Tremont and 3d Avs.
90—P. S. 83, East 180d St. and Beaumont Av.
91—P. S. 31, Ogden Av. and 160th St.
92—Park Commissioner's office, Clermont Park.
93—New York University, Gould Hall.
94—P. S. 48, Jerome Av. and 184th St.
95—P. S. 82, Jerome Av. and 184th St.

MANHATTAN.

96—P. S. 21, 260 Mott St.
97—P. S. 103, 250 East 4th St.
98—P. S. 64, 351 West 18th St.
99—P. S. 33, 418 West 28th St.
100—P. S. 62, Hester and Essex Sts.
101—P. S. 137, Grand and Essex Sts.
102—Univ. 137, Grand and Essex Sts.
103—175 Suffolk St.
104—P. S. 105, 4th St., (289 East.)
105—P. S. 103, 250 East 4th St.
106—P. S. 64, 351 West 18th St.
107—P. S. 33, 418 West 28th St.
108—P. S. 62, Hester and Essex Sts.
109—P. S. 137, Grand and Essex Sts.
110—P. S. 32, 357 West 35th St.
111—Parochial School, 332 West 43d St.
112—P. S. 63, 4th St., east of 1st Av.
113—P. S. 51, 6th Av. and 47th St.
114—Orphan Asylum Office, 52 St. Mark's Place.
115—P. S. 17, 47th St., west of 8th Av.
116—P. S. 17, 47th St., west of 8th Av.
117—P. S. 61, 12th St., east of Avenue B.
118—Stuyvesant H. S., 15th St., near 1st Av.
119—309 East 18th St.
120—318 West 57th St., near West Side Y. M. C. A.
121—P. S. 141, 62 West 50th St.
122—P. S. 34, 225 East 27th St.
123—P. S. 116, 176 East 104th St.
124—P. S. 61, 17th St. and Amsterdam Av.
125—P. S. 87, 77th St. and Amsterdam Av.
126—P. S. 90, 966 St. and Amsterdam Av.
127—P. S. 72, 200 East 46th St.
128—P. S. 185, 51st St. and 1st Av.
129—247 Central Park West.
130—Patriotic League, Broadway and 105th St.
131—P. S. 171, 230 East 97th St.
132—Hunter College, 66th St. and Lexington.
133—P. S. 183, 68th St., east of 1st Av.
134—P. S. 165, 226 West 106th St.
135—P. S. 43, Amsterdam Av. and 129th St.
136—212 West 125th St.
137—P. S. 111, 170 East 77th St.
138—P. S. 53, Third Av. and 79th St.
139—P. S. 109, 100 Attorney St.
140—P. S. 118, 235 West 132d St.
141—City College, 137th St. and Convent Av.
142—P. S. 77, corner 85th St. and 1st Av.
143—P. S. 109, 8th St., east of 1st Av.
144—P. S. 5, 122 Edgecombe Av.
145—Professor Palmer's office, City College.
146—P. S. 186, 145th St., west of Amsterdam Av.
147—550 West 158th St.
148—232 Reg. Armory, Fort Washington Av. and 168th St.
149—P. S. 132, Wadsworth Av. and 183d St.
150—164 East 91st St.
151—1,556 Lexington Av.
152—321 East 104th St.
153—18 West 11th St., rectory Church of Ascension.
154—Julia Richmond High School, 60 West 13th St.
155—P. S. 86, 99th St. and Lexington Av.
156—P. S. 72, Lexington Av. and 106th St.
157—P. S. 102, Madison Av. and 119th St.
158—P. S. 67, 120 West 44th St.
159—P. S. 13, 121 East 81st St.
160—P. S. 83, 219 East 109th St.
161—P. S. 102, 236 East 113th St.
162—223 East 116th St.
163—Hunter College, 68th St. and Lexington Av.
164—P. S. 6, 85th St. and Madison Av.
165—60th St. and Lexington Av.
166—P. S. 30, East 126th St.
167—107 East 125th St.
168—Wadleigh H. S., 220 West 118th St.
169—95 West 136th St.
170—Harlem Chamber of Commerce, 126th St. and Lenox Av.

QUEENS.

171—Bryant H. S., Wilbur Av. and Radde St., L. I. City.
172—186 Grand Av., Astoria.
173—P. S. 84, Albert St., near Ditmars Av., L. I. City.
174—P. S. 11, Woodside, L. I.
175—Jersey and Court Sts., Newtown, L. I.
176—First Nat. Bank, 8th Av., Whitestone, L.I.
177—149 Grand St., Newtown, L. I.
178—816 Onderdonk Av., Ridgewood.
179—1,818 Cypress Av., corner Myrtle, Ridgewood.
180—P. S. 91, Central and Fosdick Avs., Glendale.
181—Public Library, Rockaway Beach.
182—4,112 Jamaica Av., Woodhaven, L. I.
183—Richmond H. S., Richmond Hill.
184—480 Hillside A., Jamaica, L. I.
185—Jamaica H. S., 839 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

RICHMOND.

186—124 Stuyvesant Place, Tompkinsville, S.I.
187—P. S. 20, Heberton Av., Pt. Richmond, S.I.
188—P. S. 14, Stapleton, S. I.
189—Borough Hall, St. George, S. I.

HIGHLAND CHEERS FOR NAVY RECRUITS

Canadians Give Youngsters Bound for Newport a Memorable Farewell.

CITY OWNED BY KILTIES

First Evening of Freedom Showed Them the Town and Coney Were Theirs for the Taking.

A hundred New York youngsters, recruits in the United States Navy, sent off to the Newport Naval Training Station to begin their education as seafighters, received a memorable farewell yesterday afternoon, when the entire force of Canadian Highlanders, now in this city for "British Recruiting Week," went to Union Square to give them a parting cheer. It had originally been planned to split the Highlanders up today into small detachments and send them out through the city to hold recruiting rallies, but the intense heat, to which the fighting men from the North are not yet accustomed, and their strenuous day in Newark on Tuesday caused their officers to abandon this plan. Then they decided upon a day of complete rest, but just at this point Commander Charles A. Adams, U. S. N., in charge of recruiting for the navy in New York, called at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, where the Kilties are staying, told them of the departure of his recruits, and invited officers and men to see them off.

Lieut. Col. Darling, commanding the Gordon Highlanders, and Lieut. Col. Guthrie, commanding the Macleans, consulted Lieut. Col. J. S. Dennis, who, being in charge of Canadian recruiting in general in the United States, is in command of the expedition, and all decided that an opportunity like this could not be missed. So the pipers were told to strike up and the drummers to beat the long roll, and in a few minutes the Kilties were swinging down Fourth Avenue to nion Square, accompanied by the admiring throng of New Yorkers that follows the Highland bonnets every time they appear.

The new recruits for the navy were drawn up in line alongside the land battleship "Recruit," in charge of Chief Boatswain C. F. Pierce, with Commander Adams on the quarterdeck, and the crew of the Recruit, armed as infantry, a little further aft. As the first distant skirl of the bagpipes came to him, Commander Adams brought his men to attention, and when the first tartans appeared through the cheering crowd, which by this time packed all the spaces around the ship, the blue-jackets presented arms. Then while the Gordons marched up on the quarterdeck and played war songs while Commander Adams was formally introduced to all the Highland officers, the pipers and the platoon of infantry forming up on the starboard side of the Recruit, forward. Then Commander Adams and the three Canadian Commanders went down to a speakers' stand which had been erected on the starboard side, and Colonel Guthrie, introduced by Commander Adams, spoke to the recruits as a man who had been in the war since its beginning and knew what he was talking about.

In the Same Fight.

"It is a great thing to be able to talk to you lads today," he said, "for, after all, you come of our blood, your traditions are the same as ours, and more than all, we are in the same fight, and in it to the finish. You are just entering a service of glorious traditions, as every Britisher and Canadian knows, and more than that, you have the right to claim a share in the traditions of the British Navy as the common heritage of the English-speaking peoples. The traditions of the British Navy are now yours as well, for we are brothers all, these days. In fact, in spite of the past, we have always been brothers, but we didn't realize it fully until now. As a Canadian officer I am proud and happy to say here, because Canada and America in the past have been privileged to prove to the world, by 100 years of unbroken peace, that war is unnecessary between free nations. We have shown it by our long frontier, along which for 100 years not one armed man has ever faced another armed man, nor one gun another gun."

Just as the Highlanders were marching back to their armory, a chance remark by Fire Commissioner Adamson, who was present, caused an impromptu addition to the program which was hugely enjoyed by the crowd. The Commissioner, in conversation with Commander Adams, inquired as to the fire protection on the Recruit. Commander Adams passed the remark off and continued the conversation, but quietly signaled to Chief Boatswain Pierce. A bell rang furiously, a bugle sounded "Fire quarters," and in less than ten seconds half a dozen hose nozzles were playing in all directions over the Recruit's decks, while a bucket brigade lined up with a swiftness that completely satisfied the Commissioner.

Highlanders Won the City.

The Highlanders last night received their first evening of freedom in New York, and soon found that the city was theirs. Everywhere they went they were greeted with cheers and slaps on the back, and found it difficult to spend any money because of the insistence of everybody that they help themselves free of charge, to anything in the place. Many of them went down to Coney Island, where Luna Park and everything in it, and most of the shows outside it as well, welcomed them with open arms. The mere sight of a kilt and sporran was sufficient to give their wearer a free ride on anything that moved on the island.

Today is Boxing Day for the Highlanders. They march to Borough Hall, via the Manhattan Bridge, at 3:30 P. M., and return in the evening after a reception, parade, recruiting rally, and dinner. Tomorrow they will hold recruiting rallies by detachments throughout the city and in the evening will make their last public appearance at the great rally in Madison Square Garden.

The effects of the Kilties' visit and the enthusiasm they have aroused began to show yesterday in the recruiting figures, both for the British and American services. Over sixty men enrolled for the British service from Newark alone after the visit of the Highlanders there, and men have been coming in from New York at an equal rate. Colonel Walsh, in charge of New York recruiting for the United States Army, said yesterday that volunteers were continuing to come in remarkably well for the lateness of the campaign season, and he attributed the good results almost entirely to the Highlanders.

NEW JERSEY FILLS ITS QUOTA FOR ARMY

33,855 Men Still Needed to Bring Regulars Up to Maximum War Strength.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The navy obtained 212 recruits yesterday, bringing its total to 138,638 enlisted men. Army recruiting crossed the 150,000 mark. In all 1,427 men were taken in, raising the total since April 1 to 150,043. New Jersey yesterday filled its regular army quota. The army needs 33,855 men to reach maximum war strength. The daily statement on regular army recruiting follows:

	Obtained July 17.	Total to July 17.		Obtained July 17.	Total to July 17.
Alabama	11	1,502	*Nebraska	23	2,613
Arizona		202	*Nevada	3	114
Arkansas	5	876	N. Hamp.		380
*California	36	5,207	*N. Jersey	65	5,097
Colorado	1	1,878	New Mexico		241
Conn.	21	1,609	New York	209	16,771
Delaware	9	903	N. Carolina	7	1,121
Dist. of C.	3	342	N. Dakota		238
Florida	8	1,211	Ohio	99	6,799
Georgia	82	3,868	Oklahoma	18	1,581
Idaho	1	330	Oregon	16	2,458
*Illinois	75	13,800	*Penn.	212	10,970
*Indiana	42	7,795	Rhode Isl'd	8	804
Iowa	13	4,001	S. Carolina	39	882
Kansas	12	8,100	S. Dakota	7	774
Kentucky	20	2,634	Tennessee	39	2,094
Louisiana	26	1,536	Texas	24	5,905
Maine	9	701	*Utah		1,461
Maryland	2	1,149	Vermont	4	94
Mass.	94	6,590	Virginia	8	1,611
*Michigan	59	6,657	Washington	49	1,800
Minnesota	9	3,048	West Va.	17	1,457
Mississippi	3	576	Wisconsin	11	1,627
Missouri	46	6,439	*Wyoming	3	534
*Montana	19	1,187			

*Quota filled.

Total quota, 182,898.
Total obtained July 17, 1,427.
Total obtained since April 1, 150,043.

New Jersey's enlistment of sixty-five men yesterday made the State's total twenty-three more than the quota.

WANT THE GUARDSMEN TRAINED NEAR HOME

Senator Lodge and Others Resent Plan to Send Northern Troops to the South.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Attacks on the War Department's policy of training National Guardsmen in Southern camps and the method of compiling the army draft quota estimates continued today in the Senate.

Senator Lodge said the estimate method was "simply preposterous," and created the opinion that the "rolls have been padded." He wanted to know why it was that the National Guard from New England was to be sent to Southern training camps, while the army to be raised by conscription is to be trained at a camp in central Massachusetts.

"If the Massachusetts camp is good enough to drill one set of troops in Winter," he asked, "why is it not good enough for the others?"

Senators La Follette and Watson also voiced opposition to sending Northern troops to the Southern camps. Senator Watson expressed the belief that there was something back of the plan other than military reasons.

Senator Knox said he had received information that the camp at Plattsburg was to be broken up and transferred to a site at Atlanta, Ga. Santor Wadsworth corroborated this report and characterized the policy as "inconsistent." He said the camp at Plattsburg, which represents an investment by the Government of $500,000, was to be abandoned by the middle of August, although the climate around Plattsburg in the Fall was ideal and training could continue there as well as in the South.

Senator Townsend told of protests by the officials of Michigan against the National Guard being sent to Waco, Texas, and he thought there was something behind it which should be explained.

Senator Weeks indorsed the protest of Senator Lodge and said he knew the opinions of Major General Wood and Surgeon General Georgas had not been asked by the department.

Senator Fletcher read a statement that Surgeon General Gorgas approved of the health and climatic conditions in the South for training of troops through the Winter. Senator Overman said no Southern man was on the board which located the camps.

Delay in laying out camp sites is being remedied and officials of the department believe the first movement will be well under way by the end of the month.

GERMANS IN PLOT TO SPREAD TETANUS?

Three Men Arrested in Kansas for Selling Poisoned Court Plaster.

ANALYSIS REVEALS GERMS

San Antonio Reports Discovery of a Liquid Poison Made for Germans in Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, July 18.—Federal officials in Kansas City believe that they have in custody three principals in a conspiracy, supported and fostered by agents of the Kaiser, to spread terror by inoculation with deadly disease germs through the medium of court plaster. These men are now under arrest in three Kansas towns. Their names are withheld, Fred Robertson, United States District Attorney, said today, for fear of lynchings. They are said to be Germans.

W. B. Smith, Government chemist, made a laboratory test of court plaster sold and given away in the towns and villages of Kansas. The first test did not satisfy him, and he summoned three chemists from this city. A thorough test revealed tetanus germs—all of the chemists agreeing. Other germs not yet identified were found, the chemists said.

"The work is that of skilled hands," Mr. Smith said today. "The plasters are so made that detection of the germs except by analysis is impossible.

District Attorney Rooertson said that those arrested would face severe penalties, because they had been guilty of three crimes—assault with intent to kill, violation of the pure food law, and using the mails unlawfully.

So far Mr. Robertson has heard of no one poisoned by the germs, but he is expecting to hear of such a case in the next few hours, as many persons must have received the plasters, and if none have used them it would be unusual this time of year.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, July 18.—A liquid poison invented by German chemists was being manufactured in Mexico, and perhaps already shipments had been made to Germany, when the plot was exposed by American agents in Mexico, and the Carranza Government took action and put an end to the conspiracy.

Three men said to be chemists were arrested at the border as they crossed the Rio Grande into the United States.

Laccito, a poisonous weed grown in Southwestern Texas and Mexico, is said to be the basis of the poison, which was mixed with oil and could be used for death-dealing purposes in its crude state, and when lighted spread rapidly over a large area, emitting a poisonous gas. In old shacks located near Monterey and Tampico the stuff was being made and put up in iron tubes to be exported as illuminating oil to Germany.

ARMY UNITS RENUMBERED.

New System Indicates Regulars, Militia, or National Troops.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The War Department today announced the promulgation of an order providing for the renumbering of the different units of the Regular Army, the National Guard and the National Army. The order, which has been approved by Major Gen. Bilas, Acting Chief of Staff, and by Secretary Baker, is as follows:

The three parts of the army of the United States referred to in the Act of Congress, approved May 18, 1917, are designated the Regular Army, the National Guard, and the National Army.

The regiments, brigades and divisions of each arm of these three groups will be numbered in a separate series, and the first number of each series will be as indicated in the following table:

REGIMENT.

	Inf.	F. A.	Engrs, Cav.	Engrs, Pion'rs.
Regular Army	1	1	1	1
National Guard	101	101	101	101
National Army	301	301	301	301

BRIGADE.

	Inf.	F. A.	Cav.
Regular Army	1	1	1
National Guard	51	51	51
National Army	151	151	151

DIVISION.

	Inf.	F. A.	Cav.
Regular Army	1	..	*15
National Guard	26	..	..
National Army	76	..	..

*This is to provide for the organization of cavalry divisions, either mounted or dismounted.

The engineer regiments, except pioneers, will be numbered in the manner already approved and put into effect.

The designations of regiments of the National Guard will show in parenthesis their present State designations, as, for example, ——th Infantry, (1st Me.); ——th Field Artillery, (2d Penn.), &c. The designations of regiments of the National Army will show in parenthesis the State from which each organization, or the bulk of it, was drawn, as, for example, ——th Infantry, (W. Va.); ——th Field Artillery, (Miss.) No parenthesis implies regular army, an ordinary number and State abbreviation implies National Guard, a simple State abbrevition implies National Army.

This system contemplates that the designations in parenthesis will ordinarily be omitted in orders, dispatches, or correspondence, but will be authorized, when desired, for the purpose of local identification and to preserve traditions and local pride.

TO TRAIN 972 NEW YORKERS.

Regular Army Officers to Choose Men for Fort McPherson Camp.

Captain Arthur F. Cosby, Executive Secretary of the Military Training Camps Association, issued a statement last night for the "information and the guidance of the 3,900 men" who have applied for admission to the officers' training camp to be established at Fort McPherson, Ga., on Aug. 27. From these 3,900 applicants the 972 New Yorkers who will be trained at Fort McPherson will be selected.

"Before any man is selected," said Captain Cosby, "he will first be examined by regular army officers at Governors Island. The procedure will be different from that followed in selecting men for the camps here in existence. When successful candidates were selected from their written statements of previous training and education, and the report of the examining surgeons.

"As soon as the applications were listed and filed at Governors Island today the work of notifying the applicants to report for examination began. The examinations will start immediately and will last until about Aug. 7, by which time the officers who will select the 972 to attend the camp are expected to have a good idea of the material at their disposal.

"The notifications to appear for examination are being mailed as rapidly as possible. Because an applicant has not received one already is no indication that he has been rejected, as the letters will be sent out as the applications are looked over by the officers."

It is expected the final list of men certified for appointment to the camp will be completed between Aug. 7 and 10, and notices will be sent to the successful men on the latter date."

CALLS MRS. MOONEY ANOTHER MRS. SURRATT

Attorney Declares San Francisco Plot a Crime Equal to the Murder of Lincoln.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Characterising Mrs. Rena Mooney, on trial for murder of one of the victims of the preparedness parade explosion here last July, as a "cold-blooded slaughterer of women and children," and "an anarchistic conspirator," District Attorney Charles M. Fickert asked today for conviction and the infliction of the death penalty in his opening argument to the jury.

"Either you will destroy anarchy or the anarchists will destroy the State," the attorney declared in a dramatic climax of his speech.

"This is the most important case that has ever been tried before an American court, not excepting the trial of those who assassinated the immortal Lincoln. This is declared and her fellow-anarchists, in the time of peace and tranquility, murdered ten men and women and maimed fifty people because they were bent on destroying the very Government which Lincoln preserved and defended and for which he gave his life."

Mr. Fickert asked the jury to "cast away all the maudlin sentimentalities that have been indulged in because the defendant is a woman."

"It is important that the death penalty for anarchy be issued out by this court," he said. "The defendant is not only condemned by the testimony of scores of disinterested witnesses but she is damned by the writings of the conspirators found in her possession."

He declared Mrs. Mooney was the Mrs. Surratt of the bomb conspiracy, and that she should pay the penalty for the blood she has shed as Mrs. Surratt was made to pay the penalty for the murder of Lincoln.

"Alexander Berkman was at the head of this anarchistic conspiracy," said Mr. Fickert. He called Berkman the arch-anarchist of the United States.

Signal Corps Needs Reading Matter.

A campaign was started yesterday by George Williams, business manager for the Henry L. Doherty public utility organizations, to furnish reading material for signal corps men stationed at Fort Wood in New York Harbor. Mr. Williams has issued an appeal for help in the matter, not only to all the employes in the Doherty companies throughout the United States but has received promises of assistance from other Wall Street firms.

SPANISH AMERICAN WAR

It does not seem like twenty years ago.

If you had invested $1,000 a year since then in the mortgages guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company you would now have something more than $30,000.

Look ahead twenty years. The year 1937 is coming on apace. If you wish to look back then over twenty years of wise saving begin now.

We have the mortgages and the machinery for helping you.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital $ 5,000,000
Surplus 11,000,000

176 B'way, N.Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 324 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Announce a Very Important Offering of

6,000 Men's "Lustrant" Shirts at $1.50

¶ These beautiful shirts are made of the lightest and most exquisite shirting loomed. The yarn from which the cloth is made cannot be procured at the present time, and only because we contracted for these fine garments a year ago are we able to make this offer today. Better cotton shirts than these are not made. They have all the beauty of silk, but are more durable and retain their silky sheen as long as they are of service.

¶ Obtainable in rich, soft, plain colors,; cluster, pencil and candy stripings. The colors are all guaranteed fast, and we have neckbands and sleeve lengths for men of all proportions.

On the Fifth Floor

Men's Oxfords Reduced

Formerly $5 $6 $7 $8.50 and $10

Now 3.95 4.95 5.95 6.95 7.85

¶ Every Oxford in stock included, made of Russia Calfskin, Black Calfskin, Imported Pigskin, White Buckskin, White Canvas, and combinations of White Buckskin and Russet for sports wear. Your size in the lot but not in each style.

We shall also hold today a

Clearance of Men's Neckwear

At Very Special Prices

¶ All summer scarfs in a wonderful assortment of colorings and patterns. Represented are broken lots from our regular stock, together with a special purchase of high-grade neckwear from a manufacturer whose stock of fine silks was heavier than he cared for at this time.

Scarfs.....Reg. 50c, 55c, 65c.....39c
Scarfs.....Reg. 69c and 85c.....55c
Scarfs.....Reg. $1.....69c
Scarfs.....Reg. $1.50 and $2.....$1
Bow Ties.....Reg. $1.....50c

No Waste to Grape Nuts FOOD
THE DELICIOUS SOLID MEAT OF WHEAT AND MALTED BARLEY

Take our selected liquors and mix them by measure—age the result in wood—and you yourself could make as good a drink as

Club Cocktails

BACARDI Makes the Perfect COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL.
Try It and Be Convinced!

HOT DAYS MADE HAPPY DAYS

by the use of light, tempting, wholesome diet. Eat

HOLLAND RUSK

(or breakfast, dinner and supper. You will never tire of this delicious dainty.

Wonderfully crisp, flaky and light. It is the easiest digested food of all—even convalescents thrive on it—and children and grown-ups alike always "want more."

Served for the summer breakfast it is incomparable—with butter, syrup or fruits sliced. Equally inviting for dinner or supper.

Your grocer has the original Holland Rusk or will get it if you so request.

LOOK FOR THE WINDMILL

Made only by HOLLAND RUSK CO. Holland, Mich.

Sealed at factory Windmill Cracker—not Biscuit. Sealed packet no starch. In tempting, sealed packages.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 560 Fifth Avenue, at 46th and 47th Sts.

Are closing out—

Summer Apparel—

at mere fractions of former prices

Handmade Dresses.. $25 and $35
Regularly to $125. Of Organdie, batiste, voile, and handkerchief linen, in white and light shades.

Sports Coats..... $15 and $25
Regularly to $75. A closing out of various lines in short and medium lengths; of jersey, burella, velours, tricotine and novelty materials.

A Special Selling of Suits—
desirable late models—for present wear or early Autumn.
Regularly to $125..... at $45
Models not heretofore included in clearance sales—of exceptionally high quality checks, serges and tricotines, including black and navy blue, always so much in demand.

Special Groups of Tailored Suits.....at $28
Formerly to $85 Street and sports styles—a clearance of broken lines.

$35 Silk Sports Skirts.....at $25
Fashionable colors, in silk trecot and Georgette Satin.

Outing Skirts of Washable Materials.....at $5

Wool Jersey Sweaters—Formerly to $35— at $12.50
Slip-on or coat styles, with or without sleeves.

Street and Sports Hats..... $5 and $10

Materials—

The foundation of style, wear and comfort in shoes begins with the careful selection of shoe materials. Our specifications covering the manufacture of "Supre-Macy" Shoes for Men call for none but the best.

Men's Tan
Calf Oxfords
At $6.49

lend to the feet that desirable long, slender appearance that characterizes the well booted man. Made from start to finish of dependable materials with Goodyear welts and leather inner soles.

Main Floor, Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square New York

Brill Brothers

Commence This Morning Their

Semi-Annual Sale of MEN'S SHIRTS

At Great Reductions

Silk Shirts Now $5.85
Formerly $7.50
Extra heavy rich silks in a wonderful assortment of the very newest and most beautiful designs.

Madras Shirts Now $1.85
Formerly up to $3.00
Silk striped madras and plain woven madras of fine quality in a wide variety. All with soft cuffs.

Silk Shirts Now $3.65
Formerly $5.00
Including TUB SILKS and FIBRE SILKS in an extraordinary assortment — some with collars to match.

Madras Shirts Now $1.35
Formerly $2.00
All woven madras, guaranteed fast color—with soft cuffs—some with separate collars to match.

With shirt prices sky-rocketing to heights hitherto unknown and with shirts such as these offered to you at prices which in some instances are lower than the wholesale prices we will have to pay to duplicate them next season, a sale of this kind should appeal strongly to every man and young man.

On Sale To-day at All Brill Stores

1456 Broadway Broadway, at 49th Street 44 East 14th St.
279 Broadway 2 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn 47 Cortlandt St.
125th Street, at 3d Avenue

STORE OPEN SATURDAY TILL 1 P. M.

GREAT BARGAINS
Skirts and Waists
for Sport and Dress Wear
To Fit Women of all Sizes
34 to 58 Bust—37 to 45 Waist

Never before has such a collection of skirts and blouses been offered at such low prices.

WAISTS
MATERIALS—Plain and fancy voiles, linon, silk poplins, crepe de chine and Georgette crepe, striped taffeta and messy willow.
COLORS—White, Flesh, Navy, Black.
PRICES — $2.95, $3.95, $4.95, $5.95, $6.95 to $10.75.

SKIRTS
MATERIALS — Cotton gabardine, piques, linen, wool voiles, serges, French wool challies, striped and plain taffeta.
COLORS — Black, Navy, White, Cream.
PRICES — $3.95, $4.95, $5.95, $6.95 to $10.75.

Lane Bryant, 21-23 W. 38th St.

$20,000 BAIL ENDS IVES'S INTERNMENT

Gives Cash Guarantee to Maintain Strict Neutrality During the War.

CLAIMS U. S. CITIZENSHIP

Seized Because of Letter Found in Hands of von Papen, Whom He Now Disavows.

Walter H. Ives, formerly an officer in the German Army, who was interned at Ellis Island as a "dangerous alien," was released on Tuesday on orders from Washington after he had put up $20,000 cash as a guarantee of his neutrality while at liberty. These facts were made known yesterday. Ives, who is said now to assert American citizenship, in a conversation with a Federal official yesterday, made the statement that reports that he was a friend of Capt. von Papen, the former German Military Attaché, who was ordered out of the country by the State Department, were untrue. He said he did not even know von Papen.

Federal officials dispute the claim made in behalf of Ives that he is an American citizen. They point out that he was born in Germany, that he was educated in that country, married a German woman, and served his tour as an officer of the German Army. As to his statement that he does not know von Papen, it was pointed out that among the letters seized on the person of Captain von Papen, when he was returning to Germany, was one written by Ives to Baron von Oer zu Egelborg of Weisbaden, Germany.

In that letter Ives wrote that, "Thanks to the kindness of our Military Attaché, von Papen, who is returning to Germany, it is possible for me to send you my New Year's greetings."

"Herr von Papen," the letter added, "sails tomorrow with a safe conduct. Otherwise correspondence with Germany is absolutely unreliable. I write a good deal for our cause and otherwise try to make myself useful by propaganda, but it is not the same as being able to take part in the war. How much would I not give for that! We all look with firm confidence for the victory of the righteous German cause, &c."

"This claim made on behalf of Ives that he is an American citizen," said a Federal official yesterday, "is, in my opinion, all tommyrot. The man's father was an American, but he lived in Germany, and, according to the facts in the case, as they appear, expatriated himself before this man was born."

It was reported that several prominent citizens had interested themselves in Ives's case and had lent their influence in obtaining his liberty under bond. Federal officials who were asked about this phase of the matter said they were not in a position to say whether the report was true.

The requests of insurance men in New York that the Government permit Carl Schreiner, the American representative of the Munich Reinsurance Company, to return to New York on a guarantee that he will not be arrested for violating the barred zone regulations are now under consideration. Schreiner is now at Lake George, far away from barred zones, and is said to have made it plain that he must have a guarantee that he wont be molested or he wont leave Lake George. Schreiner represents several millions of insurance in this country, and the New York men who desire to see him want to find out exactly where they stand under the President's ruling that enemy reinsurance organizations shall not do business in the United States during the war.

Schreiner applied for a permit to live at the Waldorf several weeks ago. He was vouched for by several prominent men, among them the President of a life insurance company, the attorney for a well-known private banking house, and one of the best-known men in Wall Street. Up to noon yesterday the permit had not been issued.

It became known yesterday that some of the data seized by Government agents when the offices of the anarchist publications in East 125th Street were raided several weeks ago was sent to San Francisco, and that the evidence supplied by the New York authorities had been used to indict Alexander Berkman for murder in connection with the preparedness parade bomb plot in San Francisco last year. Berkman and Emma Goldman were convicted in New York last week of conspiracy to obstruct the operation of the draft law. They are now serving sentences in Federal penitentiaries.

It is also admitted by the Federal authorities that the data seized when he anarchists were arrested proved that a number of I. W. W. agitators were members of the so-called No Conscription League, of which Berkman and Miss Goldman were the founders. Carlo Tresca is one of the I. W. W. leaders concerned in the movement.

MUST FACE EXTRADITION.

Federal Court Refuses to Release Birdseye and Montgomery.

Judge Manton of the Federal District Court yesterday dismissed the writs of habeas corpus obtained on behalf of Clarence F. Birdseye and George F. Montgomery, in an effort to prevent their extradition to Pittsburgh, to answer to indictments charging them with conspiracy to loot the Pittsburgh Life & Trust Company. The applications to the court declared that the charges set forth in the indictment did not constitute a crime. In his opinion Judge Manton said:

"The form of the indictment may be bad or its subdivision into various counts may be bad, but if the power remains with the court of the demanding State to correct the defect, the rule laid down must control, and the defendants are subject to extradition under the Constitution and laws of the United States. It is the province of the State where the crime was committed to declare what its laws are and to determine that the particular acts on the part of the offenders constitute a violation of the criminal law of that State."

Permission was given to counsel for Montgomery to procure a stay of proceedings if they felt aggrieved over the decision.

Edison Gives a War Phonograph.

Charles A. Edison, at the Edison Laboratories in East Orange, N. J., yesterday presented to the Fifth New Jersey Infantry one of the new phonographs designed for the army and navy. The phonograph is reinforced with iron, and can be thrown into an army wagon or into a ship's hold without damage. The outer case is waterproof and fireproof. It is designed for the open air, and can be distinctly heard for 200 yards. Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt obtained the first one produced and presented it to her husband, Colonel of the Twenty-second New York Engineers. She has also ordered one for the Royal Horse Guards, London.

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Pay what you owe and you'll know what's your own."

War Service

Many men who contemplate service in the *U. S. Army* or *Navy* are now making arrangements with us for the care of their securities and income while they are away.

As *Agent* or *Custodian* we are prepared to assume the entire management of your real and personal property, collecting income, paying all charges, and remitting the net income in such amounts and to such persons as may be desired.

Our charge for this service is moderate, and our long experience assures efficient management.

Franklin TRUST CO.
Established 1888

46 Wall Street, New York
166 Montague Street, Brooklyn
569 Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Help Us Stop

The Returned Goods Abuse and Eliminate Waste

In supporting the plan of Mr. A. W. Shaw, Chairman of the

Commercial Economy Board of the Council of National Defence

we ask our patrons to endeavor to return as few goods as possible. Merchandise thoughtlessly and carelessly bought, and afterwards returned means

Waste, Decreased Efficiency,
Loss to the Merchant,
Higher Cost to the Public

¶ It is everyone's patriotic duty to eliminate waste. Help us save and the saving will be yours.

The following rule will be absolutely enforced on and after August 1st, 1917:

No goods will be received for credit or exchange that are not offered to us within seven days from receipt. This rule does not apply to merchandise that is sold on a strictly non-returnable basis for sanitary or other reasons.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Sale Today and Friday

1000 "Flanalyte" Suits For Men

At an Extraordinarily Low Price

$8.75

The Lowest Price that has been quoted for suits of equal quality this season.

About Eighteen Distinctive Patterns

These are ideal two-piece Hot Weather Suits for vacation and outing wear—silk trimmed and high class in every respect.

Come as early in the day as possible, at $8.75 they won't last long.

Clearance of Men's and Young Men's Spring and Summer Suits

$25.00 to $20.00 Suits	$16.75	$37.50 to $32.50 Suits	$28.75
$30.00 to $25.00 Suits	$20.75	$40.00 and $37.50 Suits	$32.75
$32.50 to $27.50 Suits	$24.75	$50.00 and $45.00 Suits	$36.75

No Charge for Alterations

Men's Daylight Clothing Shop
Fourth Floor.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Women's Smart Bathing Suits

Formerly $4.95 to $6.95

Reduced to $3.95 and $4.95

Of All Wool knit fabric with colored borders and girdles, in very attractive models, with or without bloomers attached. Also very attractive one-piece slip-on bathing suits and waistline models, fashioned of Silk Poplin, Mohair, Surf Satin, Taffeta, and Satin. Sizes 34 to 46. At these special prices they cannot be duplicated anywhere.

We shall present unusual values today in

Women's Summer "Tub" Frocks at $5.95 and $7.95

Twelve new models, and a collection of *500* to select from. Smart but simple dresses that are full of new and very charming style innovations, fashioned of Ginghams; Flowered, Figured and Polka Dot Voiles. Made with two-tier or full skirts with tucks or folds, displaying dainty hemstitched collars and cuffs of Voile or Organdie.

Colors: Navy Blue or Black with white polka dots; plain Pink, Light Blue, White or Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

For the Particular Woman of Extra Size

Summer Wash Dresses at $7.95

Sizes 42 to 50

The woman of extra size will delight in these smart dresses, made with large arm sizes, narrow shoulders and large belts. Skirts are full pleated and have side pockets. Made of good quality Voile in Pink, Blue and Striped effects. Also in plain white. At so low a price, dresses of this character are a rarity.

Also—All Our Beautifully Modeled

Higher-Cost Silk Dresses Greatly Reduced

In which are offered at radical reductions:

Dresses	formerly $55 and $59.50	Now $35
Dresses	formerly $65 and $69.50	Now $45
Dresses	formerly $35	Now $25
Dresses	formerly $35 and $39.50	Now $25
Dresses	formerly $25	Now $18.50
Dresses	formerly $22.50	Now $14.50
Dresses	formerly $39.50	Now $18.50
Dresses	formerly $35	Now $14.50

Included in this assortment are silk sport, silk shirtwaist, Check Taffeta, Lace and Net and Hand-embroidered Linen frocks of the very highest order in both make and finish. *Fourth Floor.*

Women's Smart Silk Wraps

Formerly $25 to $35

Reduced to $15

These exquisite wraps are in belted and flare models, cleverly fashioned of Satin, Taffeta, or Silk Faille, trimmed with Marabou or self material, half or full lined, and some skeletonized. In material, make and finish they will appeal to the most critical, and at this reduced price are most extraordinary value.

None C. O. D., Exchanged or on Approval

We shall also present

Women's Waterproof Tweed Coats Special at $16.50

For touring and general wear, in two delightful models with most effective collars, pockets and belts. Yoke and sleeves lined. Obtainable in Tan, Grey, and Green tones Sizes 34 to 44. Most unusual values.

For Hot July and August Days

Washable Summer Skirts for Women at $1.95

Smart and becoming skirts in several attractive models, carefully made of Gabardine, Plain and Figured Pique, or Velvet Corduroy. Waistbands to 36 inches.

Black Enamel Tourist Cases Special at $5.95

Illustrated. A well constructed tourist case at a remarkable price. Covered with best quality black enameled duck, and fitted with separate tray. Lined with fancy Cretonne. Sizes 24 to 30 inches.

We shall feature on the Second Floor Today

Chic Summer Dresses for Misses at $6.95 and $8.75

$8.75

These cool summer frocks are in exclusive and very charming models, developed in large plaid and small checked Gingham with surplice blouse or Organdie Guimpe waist; pleated or draped skirt. Also—very attractive models in plain, flowered, striped, and figured Voiles, with organdie collar and cuffs. Sizes 14 to 18 years. (One model *illustrated.*)

At each price the selection is most remarkable. More becoming warm weather frocks have yet to be seen at such low cost.

Misses' Washable Velvet Corduroy Skirts, $2.95

These skirts are exceptional in both style and price. Three models to select from,—full shirred, button front, and gathered back—showing new pockets and belts. Lengths 34 to 37.

Early Fall Models in Misses' Silk Dresses at $14.50

Dainty frocks of superior quality Taffeta, and Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepe combined, featuring new tunics, side draped and full skirts. Such stunning and youthful dresses have seldom been seen so modestly priced and may not be duplicated. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Imported Voile Dresses at $10 $12.95 $15

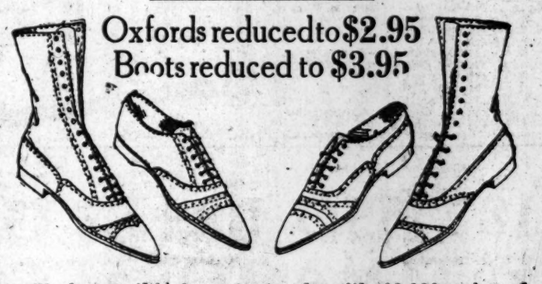
Smart two-piece sport models in satin-striped, cross-bar, flowered, and Japanese designs, in original colorings, displaying large collar and novel pockets. Also plain and embroidered White Voile dresses with tunic or tucked skirts, trimmed with Filet Lace insertions, fine tucks and hemstitching. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

These Reductions Are Final in the

Extraordinary Sale of White Washable Kid Sport Shoes

For Women and Misses

Oxfords reduced to $2.95
Boots reduced to $3.95



We began this important sale with 10,000 pairs of boots and oxfords, and now have less than 3,000 pairs left. We are determined to dispose of the entire remaining pairs in record time, and have reduced them to these remarkable prices for that purpose. There are

18 Distinct Models to Select From

suitable for tennis, golf and walking, with "Neolin" or White Ivory Leather soles and heels. Never before have shoes of this character been seen at such prices, and we cannot hope to duplicate this offer when these are gone. Look them over—they are the most extraordinary values ever offered by this or any other store.

Sizes 2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½, and widths AA to D. Not all sizes in each model but your size in one of the many attractive styles included.

None C. O. D., Exchanged or on Approval

For Today Only

Sterling Silver Lavallieres Reduced to $1.50

Regularly $2.95. Very attractive drop circle design, set with fine cut French Rhinestones. May be had with black enamel or plain rim around circles.

Items of Unusual Interest on the Third Floor

Women's Cool, Summery Negligees at $2

Of Dotted Swiss, in Empire model, trimmed with ribbon beading and lace insertion. Also of dotted voile, shirred at the waist, showing collar and cuffs of plain voile.

Fancy Striped Negligees at $1.50

Of Fancy Striped Voile, with shawl collar and cuffs of plain color Voile, in Blue or Pink edged with lace. Very carefully made, and priced unusually low.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.

In A Quandary About Vacation Clothes?

A pair of white trousers to wear with any dark coat and a sport coat for good measure will round out a man's vacation outfit at little expense.

White Flannel Trousers, $4.75

Some plain, others with fine pencil stripes—but all at much less than elsewhere. Others at $3.96 to $10.75.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way, Front.

Men's Sport Coats

Smartly fashioned coats that fairly invite you to slip into them. Pinch Back and belted models with patch pockets—carefully tailored. Of brown or blue flannel, $9.50. Of brown, gray, blue or heather green knitted fabrics, $10.75. Still others of tan gabardine, $12.75 and $14.75

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

Books on Military Subjects

We have a good assortment of books on this all-important topic and are constantly watching for new books, adding them to our shelves as soon as they are available.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Wear-to-Business Shirts at $1.89

You may take your pick of three styles—laundered cuff, soft cuff negligee or pleated—in woven madras or mercerized weaves. A good assortment of striped effects in a variety of colors. All carefully tailored and finished. All sizes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Mohair Dust Coats at $4.49

This is a roomy, double breasted model, with a belted back, in a serviceable, medium-dark gray shade. As usual, it is marked at a "Lowest-in-the-City" price. Sizes 34 to 46.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

Men's Athletic Union Suits $2.89

With just enough fit to be comfortable—with not enough to be felt. Well finished garments of good quality silk mixture, in white, champagne, Nile-green or pink. Sleeveless and open knee length.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

Those Who Commute

may leave their orders for merchandise at the Order Booths, Grand Central or Hudson Terminal, when they leave the trains—and they will find everything ready for them when they make the trip back home in the late afternoon.

6000

Customers of the LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO. Enjoy Security Against Loss by Holding Our

5%

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

59 Liberty St., Manhattan
184 Montague St., Brooklyn

MOTOR CHANDLER CARS

Chandler Used Car Dept.

BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP.

1884 BROADWAY

Clearance Sale Used Cars

July 16th to 28th

Model 17—Chandler Touring
" 17— " Sedan
" 16— " Limo.
" 17— " Roadster
" 16— " Roadster
" 17— " Dem'st'r

1917 Drexel 4 Pass.
Buick 16 Touring.
1914 Lozier Touring.
Hupmobile 5 Pass.
Hudson Speedster.

All Chandler Cars Rebuilt, Repainted; Sold with a Guarantee.

To Cornelius and Patrick Kelleher or Their Descendants:

Denis C. Kelleher, a lawyer and real estate dealer of Chicago, Illinois, died Nov. 13, 1916. In his will he states that his brothers Cornelius and Patrick have not been heard from for a long time. They or their descendants are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

STATE BANK OF CHICAGO, Executor, Chicago, Ill.

A reliable, safe skin treatment

You need never hesitate to use Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap in the treatment of severe or simple skin-troubles. There is nothing in them to injure the tenderest surface.

Resinol

is a doctor's prescription which, for years, has been used by other physicians for irritating, unsightly skin affections.

They prescribe Resinol, knowing that its remarkable soothing, healing action is due to ingredients so gentle and harmless as to be suited even to a baby's delicate skin.

All druggists sell Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment. *Resinol Soap improves the hair.*

LION—ROLL WITH LINK AND BUTTONS

15¢ EACH 6 FOR 90¢

Lion Collars

CLOSEY BRAND IN AMERICA

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y.

AYVAD'S WATER-WINGS

Learn to Swim Easily

Sold Everywhere

Plain, 35c.
Fancy, 50c.

Also "AIRLIGHT" Pneumatic Life-Preservers, for steamers, yachts, boats; compact, substantial. Price $2.00 each.

AYVAD MANF'G CO., Hoboken, N. J.

7-20-4

Factory output Two Hundred Thousand daily.

Largest selling brand of 10c. Cigars in the world.

FACTORY, MANCHESTER, N. H.

THE RIGHT KIND OF HELP.

Employers seeking help regard readers of The New York Times as possessing those traits that are necessary to them. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

SMOKE SAVED LINER ATTACKED BY U-BOAT

American Steamer Outran Submarine After Torpedo Swished Past Her Stern.

PASSENGERS IN GRAVE FEAR

Four Big Mail Steamers Arrive from War Zone—Mrs. Craig Hears of Son's Death.

Four liners arrived yesterday at an Atlantic port with passengers and mails from England and Russia, after being detained from three to six days at ports in Ireland, through submarines having laid mines along the channels leading out to the Atlantic Ocean.

The vessels were all armed and were not escorted by destroyers on their way out of port. One of the four, an American liner, had a narrow escape from being torpedoed on the morning of July 11, when she was 202 miles west of the coast of Ireland, according to the officers and passengers. The liner was steaming at eighteen knots in a choppy sea at 11.30 A. M., when the officers on the bridge and the passengers standing on the promenade deck saw a torpedo flash past the stern from starboard to port, missing the vessel by sixty feet. The direction of the missile was from north to south. Nothing could be seen of the periscope or submarine because a dense cloud of thick, black smoke was belching forth from the liner's funnels and hung low on the water.

The vessel continued on her course and zigzagged at full speed, but very few of the passengers went down to luncheon at 1 o'clock, because they feared there might be more submarines about. No incident of a startling nature occurred until 3 o'clock on the afternoon of July 13, when the passengers had an opportunity to see the naval gun crew in action against what was taken to be a big U-boat standing well out of the water.

It was on the port bow and was about 2,000 yards away when the gunners opened fire with the port gun, according to Colonel A. C. Graeme Harrison, who comes from Virginia, and is now in the Fourth Dragoon Guards of the British Army. He said that the liner turned a complete circle, so that all the guns could be fired at the supposed submarine until sixty-two shells had been expended, and then the officers realized it was a cable buoy with a small flag attached which had drifted out of some harbor and was carried out to sea. Nearly all the passengers went below and buckled on their lifebelts after the big guns commenced to boom over the water, and kept them on until dinner time.

Members of the crew of the British steamship Cranmore, who arrived yesterday at an American port on a passenger liner, said their vessel was saved from destruction, after she had been torpedoed, by the appearance of an American destroyer.

The Cranmore, they said, was attacked 180 miles off the south coast of Ireland on the morning of June 7 by a submarine, which fired a torpedo that ripped open five plates forward of the engine room on the port side. The U-boat did not follow up the attack because an American destroyer came to the rescue at a speed of twenty-five knots. After rigging a spare jibsail over the side to check the inrush of water, the Cranmore managed to make Queenstown under her own steam. She left Baltimore for Manchester with grain on May 23.

Another American liner, which had been fourteen days on the voyage from a British port, did not see any signs of submarines or mines, the officers said.

W. Tod Martin, who was one of seventy cabin passengers on a big British liner, said that on the afternoon of July 9, off the Irish coast, they saw a destroyer engaged with what the officers on the bridge took to be a submarine, which disappeared below the surface. The destroyer was about six miles off, and the flashes from her guns could be seen plainly, but it was impossible to tell whether the submarine was sunk or not. The war craft made no signals, and the liner did not stop to inquire, because she was ordered into an Irish port just then by the Admiralty.

Another passenger on board was Mrs. M. Young Craig of New Haven, Conn., returning from France, where she had been to see her son, an aviator in the French Army. She was met at the pier by her husband, John Craig, who broke the news that their son had been killed at the front five days ago. Mrs. Craig collapsed in her husband's arms.

The fourth liner, which flew the Russian flag, came via a British port, bringing about sixty officers and seamen of the Russian Navy on their way to the Pacific Coast. The officers of the steamship sighted several mines on the voyage from Russia to England.

FIND COUNTERFEIT COIN.

Federal Detectives Arrest Three in an East Side Raid.

Officials of the Secret Service, under the lead of Captain John Henry, raided an apartment yesterday on the top floor of 67 Avenue C, and arrested two men and one woman on a charge of counterfeiting. A search of the rooms revealed 2,000 spurious quarter dollars made of pewter, and $50 in genuine currency.

The occupants of the apartment were arrested and held for examination by United States Commissioner Hitchcock. They were Salvatore Riccodono, 29 years old; Frank Pirrone, 28 years old, and Fanny Schwartzbach, 22 years old. In the young woman's possession were found twenty-two of the counterfeit coins, and $184 in good money. Captain Henry reported that Pirrone was arrested recently for attempted grand larceny, and was released on parole, and that Riccodono was tried in the United States District Court last April on a charge of passing counterfeit coin, and was set free.

It was alleged that the prisoners drove a big trade in disposing of the bogus money to pushcart peddlers.

ATLANTIC FLEET TO BE REORGANIZED

Daniels Orders Changes to Meet Expansion of Sea Force to Almost Twice Its Normal Size.

ALL BATTLESHIPS ON DUTY

Superdreadnoughts to Constitute One Division — Grant Is Promoted to be Vice Admiral.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Reorganization of the Atlantic Fleet has been ordered by Secretary Daniels to meet new problems resulting from expansion of the force to almost twice its normal size for war service.

Details of the steps are withheld for military reasons, but the Secretary announced today that the reorganization plan involved the addition of another Vice Admiral to the fleet, and that Rear Admiral Albert W. Grant, now commanding the submarine force, had been named for the place.

Admiral Mayo will remain in general command, with the immediate authority under him divided between Vice Admiral Coffman, at present second in command, and Vice Admiral Grant. The former is to have direct command of a division containing most of the superdreadnoughts and designated as "Force No. 2," while Vice Admiral Grant will command the remainder of the fleet under the designation of "Force No. 1."

It is understood that the reorganization will not affect the division of the fleet now in European waters under Vice Admiral Sims. At the Navy Department it was indicated today that possible operations overseas were not contemplated by the changes, and that there was little probability that either Vice Admiral Coffman or Vice Admiral Grant would be sent abroad in the near future.

Vice Admiral Grant's appointment leaves no vacancies in that rank, and if additional Vice Admirals are needed a further authorization will have to be sought of Congress. Authority for the appointment of three was granted with the understanding that one would be appointed for the Atlantic Fleet, another with the Asiatic Fleet, and the third with the Pacific Fleet, but so much more importance has been forced upon the Atlantic forces that it was decided to station all three Vice Admirals there. Vice Admiral Grant will be succeeded as Commander of the submarine force by Captain S. S. Robison, now commanding the battleship South Carolina.

"This carries into effect a plan worked out by Admiral Benson and Admiral Mayo, which has been under consideration for several months," said Secretary Daniels, regarding the reorganization plan. "There are now twice as many battleships in commission as we ever had before; in fact, every battleship we have is now in full commission.

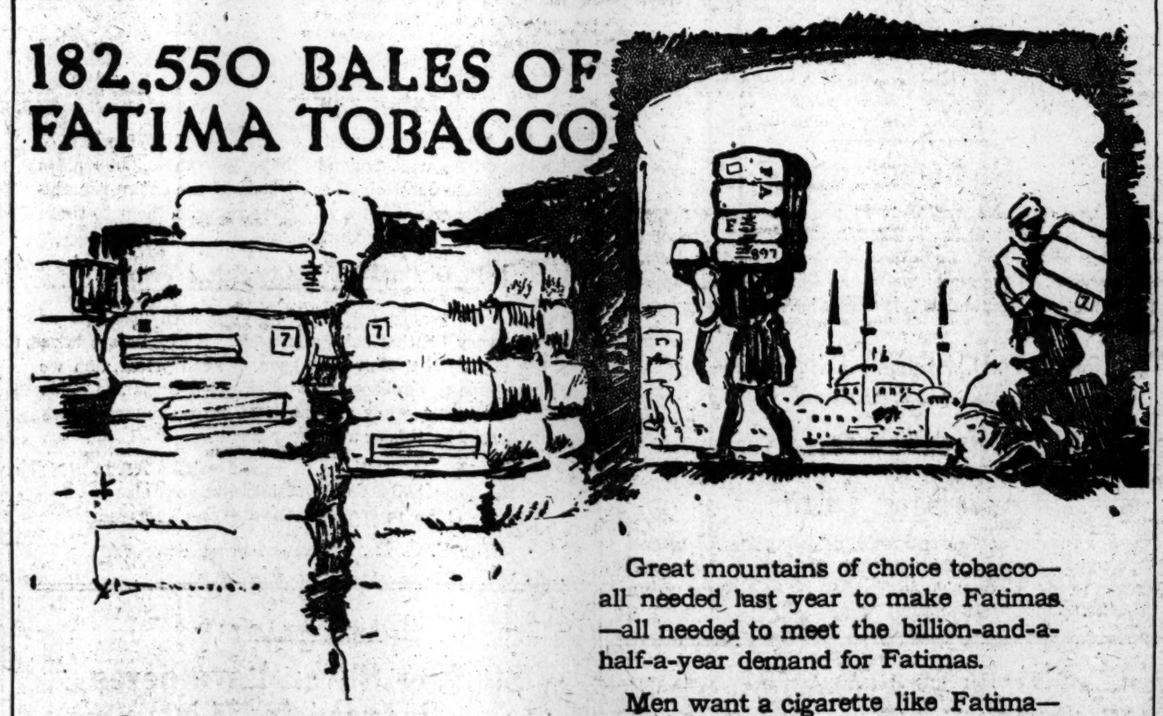
"The whole purpose of the new organization is to keep our battleship fleet in as perfect condition as possible, to put it in the highest state of efficiency and readiness for action."

CHEAP PEAS FOR SOLDIERS.

Government Buys from Canners "Much Below Present Market."

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Award of contracts for half a million cases of canned peas, the entire supply needed for the army and navy for the coming year, was announced tonight in a statement by the Public Information Committee with the comment that the price is "much below the present market."

The Government's needs were outlined to representatives of the canners here Saturday by Herbert C. Hoover, Quartermaster General Sharpe, and officials of the Defense Council's Supplies Committee. As a result the contracts have been distributed among concerns situated near army and navy depots.



182,550 BALES OF FATIMA TOBACCO

Great mountains of choice tobacco—all needed last year to make Fatimas—all needed to meet the billion-and-a-half-a-year demand for Fatimas.

Men want a cigarette like Fatima—delicious to taste—friendly to throat and tongue—one that always leaves you free from that "over-smoked" feeling.

You, too, will say Fatimas are sensible.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

20 for 15¢

FATIMA

A Sensible Cigarette

DOING OUR BIT

How You Can "Do Your Bit"

IN THE present emergency all good citizens desire to aid in the defense of the country. One way to help is to cooperate in the use of telephone service, which is of such vital importance to the Nation at this time.

The following suggestions may be of value as illustrating how you can "do your bit":—

Take good care of your telephone instruments and cords, so that they will not become damaged. A broken instrument or a wet telephone cord may cause serious interruption to your service and require labor and costly materials to repair.

Take good care of your telephone switchboard. With the present scarcity of all materials required in the telephone business, conservation of telephone equipment is essential.

Avoid unnecessary calls and help keep the lines open for important messages.

Avoid especially "curiosity calls" in times of emergency—calls that may seriously interfere with important service.

There are three parties to each telephone connection: you, the operator and the party called. The cooperation of all three is necessary at the present time to assure high grade service for commercial use and for the National Defense.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

Welch's

THE NATIONAL DRINK

Write for free booklet, "Welch Ways." Ninety-nine ways to serve Welch's.

GENTLY the afternoon drones on. Thirst steals into throats. Conversation languishes. Some knowing one murmurs "Welch's"—delightfully welcome word. Ice-cold it comes. A sip—another. The glass is drained. Then cooled, with thirst forgotten, there rises a pleasing hum of merry talk.

Welch's has worked its magic. For the keen, delicate, fruity tartness of the fresh-pressed juice of the Welch Premium-Quality Concords digs down to the deepest-set thirst. It refreshes and it stimulates. Always an acceptable and grateful refreshment. Welch's is economical. It dilutes superbly with water—plain or carbonated—with ginger ale or lemonade.

Buy Welch's in bottles, 10c and up, from your grocer, druggist or confectioner.

The Dealer Who Serves You Well, Serves You Welch's.

The Welch Grape Juice Company, Westfield, N.Y.

GRAND JURY CALLS CRUGER DETECTIVES

Devotes Entire Day's Session to the Testimony of Lagarenne and McGee.

CYCLE MEN SEEK A HEARING

Ready to Waive Immunity, They Want to Controvert Statements That They Indorsed Cocchi.

In a letter sent yesterday to the Board of Estimate District Attorney Swann asks for an extra appropriation of $25,000 to meet the expenses of the special investigation into the Ruth Cruger murder. In view of the fact that the Board of Estimate will not receive the request until today, the District Attorney declined to make public the text of his letter further than to say that the appropriation was requested on the ground that the investigation was an "extraordinarily difficult one" and extended beyond the facts of the murder itself into an inquiry regarding the "neglect and malfeasance on the part of certain members of the Police Department" who were connected with the case.

The District Attorney also said in his letter that part of the appropriation would be used to pay for the services of James W. Osborne, who was engaged as a special Assistant District Attorney to conduct the Grand Jury investigation. It was said yesterday that the police aspect of the case would occupy the time of the Grand Jury for at least a month.

Coincident with the arrival in town last night of Governor Whitman, the report became current that the Grand Jury investigation might be extended to include a survey of the work which the prosecutor's office did in the Cruger case, the intimation being that the entire blame for blunders did not belong to the police.

The two important witnesses before the Grand Jury yesterday were Detectives Largarenne and McGee, whose failure to arrest Cocchi and discover the body of Ruth Cruger immediately after she was slain constitutes the ground for the present investigation into police negligence and inactivity. They occupied the attention of the Grand Jury throughout the entire day. The investigators finished with Largarenne yesterday, but will recall McGee to the stand today.

In the hearing before Commissioner Wallstein, and also on several previous occasions when examined by officials of the District Attorney's office both Largarenne and McGee insisted that they paid comparatively little attention to Cocchi's possible connection with the Ruth Cruger murder because of the assurances they had received from motor cycle policemen who knew him that he was a man of good character and above suspicion. In view of these representations, Detectives McGee and Largarenne said they felt there was no need of wasting too much time in investigating Cocchi or the premises where the body finally was found.

A report published yesterday that Largarenne and McGee had repeated substantially the same story before the Grand Jury caused the appearance in the office of the District Attorney of Motor Cycle Policemen John L. Ochsenhirt and Thomas Kerrigan. They came with their counsel and announced their willingness to waive immunity and go before the Grand Jury and deny the story.

Ochsenhirt and Kerrigan were the men who hurried to the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau on the day that Cocchi escaped to inform the detectives of his disappearance. They arrived at the bureau, however, almost simultaneously with Mrs. Cocchi, who came to announce the disappearance of her husband, and actually did so, according to the information of the District Attorney, fully five minutes before the policemen made their report.

In offering to go before the Grand Jury yesterday the motor cycle policemen told Assistant District Attorney Talley that they knew nothing of Cocchi's character, and that they never had had any dealings with him which would enable them to judge what sort of person he was.

District Attorney Swann announced yesterday that a certain amount of light had been thrown upon the identity of Mrs. Louise La Rue, who jumped from the window of her apartment on June 15, to escape violence at the hands of men presumed to have been friendly with Alfredo Cocchi, by the receipt of a telegram from a Mrs. Charles Merralls of Calexico, Cal., who appears to be Mrs. La Rue's sister. The telegram, forwarded in response to a query sent to Mrs. Merralls by Inspector Faurot, read as follows:

"News received. Please send details of sister, Louise La Rue. Worried."

According to the story of Mrs. La Rue, who is now in the Policlinic Hospital recovering from the injuries received when she jumped, she was attacked by certain men who sought to avenge themselves upon her for having revealed to Mrs. Humiston information leading to the discovery of the Cruger girl's body.

In order to eliminate all possibility of graft among motor cycle policemen, Police Commissioner Woods yesterday put into force recommendations made to him by Commissioner Leonard M. Wallstein with reference to the future conduct of the Motor Cycle Squad. The recommendations as submitted to the Police Commissioner were as follows:

The Police Commissioner to designate an official at headquarters whose duty it shall be:

To examine summons books issued to traffic men and to the various precincts outside of Manhattan. No books to be so issued except upon the return of an equal number of used books.

To examine all books so returned to see that all books have been filled; that the summonses have been issued in numerical order, and that all entries that have been issued were made in ink, and that the stubs bear the certification of the desk officer.

To compare the stubs returned in the summons books with the stubs and summonses returned from the Magistrate's Court, and generally to supervise the issuance of summonses by policemen, and to make random tests from time to time by comparing the stubs with the blotter entries or otherwise.

The Police Commissioner to request the Chief Magistrate to cause to be returned to the Police Headquarters upon the first of each month all summons stubs received from the precincts and all summonses so far as court clerks are able to secure them from defendants.

RATE INQUIRY BROADENED.

New Interests Considered in Southeastern Rail and Water Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 18.—The freight rate inquiry conducted here by Special Examiner Gibson of the Interstate Commerce Commission was broadened today by the inclusion of the City of Atlanta, the Nashville Traffic Bureau, the State Commission of Virginia and the Louisville & Nashville, Southern, Atlantic Coast Line and Alabama Central Railroads, in addition to the Boston Chamber of Commerce and other New England interests and the Ocean Steamship Company.

The inquiry now embraces a general investigation of all rail and rail and water rates to Southeastern territory, both as to class and commodity, from Eastern cities and interior Eastern points.

C. E. Bell, general freight agent of the Southern Railway, declared on the stand today that freight rates from Philadelphia and other Eastern ports to New Orleans, Mobile, and other Gulf ports, were controlled by cheap all-water competition.

The Virginia Commission protested against discrimination in favor of Baltimore as against Richmond and Norfolk, alleging that there is not sufficient difference in the rates considering the shorter haul from Southeastern points. Eastern trunk line rates from Gulf ports to Eastern ports, it was declared, have consistently taken account of distance and direct hauls, the latest revision making the first close rate to Baltimore $1.15, New York and Philadelphia, $1.17, and Boston $1.23, an advance of five cents per hundredweight for each under the last revision.

The all-water rate from Gulf to Eastern ports has been advanced from 80 cents to 92 cents. Baltimore's third class water and rail rate is $1.

WE SELL SO SOCONY MOTOR GASOLINE STANDARD OIL CO. OF N.Y.

The Sign of a Reliable Dealer and the World's Best Gasoline

THE SIGN OF SERVICE
SOCONY
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
MOTOR GASOLINE

WE SELL SO SOCONY MOTOR GASOLINE STANDARD OIL CO. OF N.Y.

The Sign of a Reliable Dealer and the World's Best Gasoline

The sign of a good supply dealer is service. And the sign of service is the Red, White and Blue SOCONY Sign. It marks a safe place to stop. The dealers listed below display the SOCONY Motor Gasoline Sign. Gasoline bought from them is sure to be the full-powered uniform "quality" gasoline—"So-CO-ny." Ask for it by name.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX

ALLEN ST.
59-63, Allen Garage.
AMSTERDAM AVE.
123, Hudson River Garage.
AVENUE A.
370, Interboro Delivery Company.
AVENUE D.
83, G. M. Morrissey.
BEACH TERRACE.
605, Emperial Taxi Service.
BAILEY AVE.
3400, Van Cortlandt Garage.
3120, J. Whelan's Garage.
BELMONT AVE.
1827, Lion Garage, Inc.
BOONE AVE.
1442, Zerracco's Garage.
BOSTON ROAD.
1015, The Speier Garage, Inc.
1362, Ross Garage & Taxi Co.
1866, McKinley Sq. Garage Co., Inc.
BROADWAY.
1910, Michael T. Watts.
2322, B'way Garage, Inc.
2444, Kesbec Sales Company.
2906, Cimiotti Garage Company.
3553, Childs Garage Co., Inc., S. W.
4162, Arrowhead Garage, Inc.
4342, Greater New York Garage.
4816, Dyckman Auto & Repair Co.
4850, The Arthur Garage, Inc.
5015, Brickner's Auto Supply Company, Inc.
BROADWAY AND 65TH ST.
Lincoln Sq. Garage.
BROADWAY AND 70TH ST.
Winton Company.
BROADWAY AND 82D ST.
Savoy Gas Station.
BROADWAY AND 125TH ST.
125th Street Garage Corporation.
BROADWAY AND 218TH ST.
Buffo's Gas Station.
BAILEY AVE.
3131, Whelan's Garage.
BERGEN AVE.
607, Bronx County Auto Company.
BROOK AVE.
1094, Wm. & Thos. Witters Garage.
BROOME ST.
23, Broome Street Garage.
BROWN PLACE.
144, Dietzrich-Edwards Company.
CASTLE HILL AVE.
1166, Estling's Garage, B.
CATHARINE ST.
38, Catharine Street Garage.
COURTLANDT AVE.
460, Courtlandt Garage.
CROTONA AVE.
1967, Crotona Garage.
CROTONA PARKWAY.
1862, Fairmont Garage Corp.
DALY AVE.
2070, Individual Garage, Inc.
DOWNING ST.
45, R. Tassi Sons Garage.
DYCKMAN ST.
244, Inwood Garage.
EAST 2D ST.
79, Asens Garage.
EAST 7TH ST.
Cor. Lewis St., 7th Street Garage.
EAST 9TH ST.
218, New Royal Garage.
234, Stuyvesant Auto Trading Company, and 9th St. Garage.
EAST 11TH ST.
510, Doehtermann Van Company.
EAST 12TH ST.
19, Cleric and Bambi.
EAST 23D ST.
141, Hoffman Taxicab Company.
438, Service Auto Trucking Co., Inc.
EAST 51ST ST.
139, Blue Sprocket Garage.
411, Express Garage.
EAST 57TH ST.
238, 37th Street Garage, McCook & Co.
EAST 39TH ST.
150, Lexington Auto Garage.
EAST 40TH ST.
27, Murray Hill Garage.
32, McDermott Garage.
EAST 61ST ST.
Commonwealth Garage.
142, Boylston Garage.
EAST 47TH ST.
Biltmore Garage, Inc., 205 to 213.
EAST 48TH ST.
126, Monmouth Garage.
218, Mercedes Garage.
226, Monmouth Garage.
415, Knickerbocker Garage.
EAST 55TH ST.
416, C. W. Cavenagh.
EAST 57TH ST.
156, 57th Street Garage, J. J. O'Hara.
EAST 59TH ST.
Oliger's Garage, C. A. Oliger.
EAST 63D ST.
416, Central Garage.
EAST 64TH ST.
209, Ritz Garage.
235, Terrace Garage, Inc.
EAST 66TH ST.
236, Halcyon Garage, Inc.
242, Tuxedo Park Garage.
219, Berwick Garage, Inc.
EAST 67TH ST.
E. River Auto Club of America.
EAST 73D ST.
182, Brooks Garage.
EAST 75TH ST.
112, Urban Garage.
115, Spengler Auto Company.
178, Nathan Garage.
EAST 76TH ST.
433, Lind & Co., Gus.
61, J. McEwen.
EAST 77TH ST.
159, Ardsley Garage.
EAST 81ST ST.
226, Avon Garage.
EAST 84TH ST.
115, Belmont Garage.
157, 84th St. Garage Corp.
837, Yorkville Garage.
EAST 86TH ST.
205, Yorkville Central Garage.
EAST 89TH ST.
56, Wm. Pollock.
58, Watson Club Garage, Inc.
EAST 90TH ST.
Niagara Garage, 87 East 89th St., New York
EAST 90TH ST.
481, Arfman's Garage.
EAST 91ST ST.
422, Fisher's Garage Co., Inc.
EAST 96TH ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Parkview Garage.
EAST 99TH ST.
51, Healy's Taxi Company.
EAST 109TH ST.
406, Wicke's Garage, A. G.
EAST 104TH ST.
435, Eagle Garage.
437, Marcet Auto Garage.
EAST 108TH ST.
55, Lyons' Garage, M.
402, Saratoga Garage Co.
EAST 113TH ST.
159, M. Buda & Son's Garage.
EAST 120TH ST.
154, Strathmana Auto Company.
166, Corinthian Garage.
EAST 122D ST.
410, The Excelsior Garage.
EAST 125TH ST.
125th St. Garage, Inc., 213-223 E. 125th St.
227, Phenix Garage.
EAST 126TH ST.
155, Mahl's Garage.
EAST 127TH ST.
207, Hayes Garage, Inc.
EAST 130TH ST.
447, Byrnes Garage.
EAST 137TH ST.
252, 137th St. Garage Corp.
EAST 140TH ST.
430, Hub Garage Co.
EAST 149TH ST.
437, Mott Haven Garage.
EAST 149TH ST.
Cor. Bergen Ave., Bronx Centre Garage.
EAST 166TH ST.
779, Woodstock Garage.
EAST 169TH ST.
490, Melrose Garage.
EAST 176TH ST.
412, Howman's Garage.
941, Corvell Garage.

EAST 200TH ST.
Cor. Park Ave., Bedford Park Garage.
EAST 215TH ST.
Cor. White Plains Ave., Ruff's Garage.
EASTCHESTER ROAD
And Boston Road, Joseph McCrain.
EAST TREMONT AVE.
2645, Bentley's Garage.
ELEVENTH AVE.
440, New York Herald Garage.
FIFTH AVE.
Circle Gasoline Station at 110th St.
FIRST AVE.
1109, Flynn Garage.
1222, Jancovic, Emil.
1834, First Avenue Auto Garage, Inc.
FORDHAM ROAD.
551, Fordham Garage, Inc.
FOX ST.
1107, Simpson Garage.
GERARD AVE.
Reo Motor Car Co., Gerard Ave. & 150th St.
GRAND CONCOURSE.
2104, Maxim Garage.
2408, Holland's Gasoline Station.
2431, Concourse Garage.
2458, Grand Concourse Garage.
Cor. 176th St., Moller's Gas Sta., Wm. R. J. Neville, cor. Echo Pl.
Bergen Garage, cor. 181st St.
HAMILTON PLACE.
17, Kesbec Sales Company, No. 2.
IRVING PLACE.
59, Gramercy Park Garage.
JENNINGS ST.
850, Metropolitan Garage, Inc.
JEROME AVENUE.
1934, Jerome Ave. Garage.
Cor. 167th St., Jerome Ave. Gas Sta.
LAFAYETTE ST.
363, Michael T. Watts.
14, Victor Ragiero.
LAWRENCE ST.
90, Voelke's Garage, \P.
MORRIS AVE.
306, Murphy's Garage.
1008, Levitor Garage Corp.
Cor. 143d St., Munich and Medell.
MORRIS PARK AVE.
Cor. Mulliner Ave. Morris Park Garage.
PARK AVE.
481, Sanford Auto Company.
485, Willett & Co.
585, Cryder & Co.
587, Park Ave. Garage.
1601, Gus Rotholz.
4506, Aetna Garage Co., Inc.
PEARL ST.
255, J. T. Kelly.
PLIMPTON AVE.
Cor. 172nd St., Conway's Garage.
PROSPECT AVE.
966, Paramount Garage Co., Inc.
SAINT GEORGE CRESCENT
Cor. Van Cortlandt Ave., Lord's Gasoline Station.
ST. NICHOLAS AVE.
235, Eureka Automobile Station.
647, St. Nicholas Garage.
641, College Garage Co.
1004, Goff's Garage, F.
SEDGWICK AVE.
1401, Sedgwick Garage.
1822, Bronx West Side Garage.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD
1161, Aaron Garage.
2073, Boulevard Auto Company.
THIRD AVE.
4199, Reliance Garage.
Cor. 133d St., California Oil Works.
THOMPSON ST.
242, De Pola Garage.
TIEBOUT AVE.
2244, Overlook Garage.
TOMPKINS ST.
43, Heipenhauser Bros.
TRINITY AVE.
917, Trinity Garage.
UNIVERSITY AVE.
2614, Kingsbridge Garage.
University Ave. Garage, University Ave. and 176th St.
UNION AVE.
1046, Medel Garage.
1117, Union Garage.
WASHINGTON AVE.
962, Yockel Bros. Corp.
WASHINGTON SQ. SOUTH
79, Washington Square Garage.
WATER ST.
662, Otkers, Sol.
WATTS ST.
155, Lafata Garage.
WALKER AVE.
1780, Kolbe, A.
WEBSTER AVE.
1139, Webster Garage.
1360, Kindermann & Sons Garage.
1818, Reliable Garage.
1826, Duggan's Webster Ave. Garage.
2680, Tyrrell & Co., Inc., Geo. H.
3134, McGee Garage, W. C.
WEST END AVE.
70, Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.
84, Kelly Springfield Motor Truck.
87, Doty Demos Co.
91, West End Garage.
102, United Garage.
113, Palette Garage.
WEST 3D ST.
106, Third Street Garage.
WEST 11TH ST.
356, Donovan Trucking Co.
WEST 12TH ST.
245, Twelfth Street Garage.
WEST 18TH ST.
492, Piercy Contracting Company.
WEST 19TH ST.
157, Greenwich Garage.
180, Clinton Taxi Service.
245, Empire Garage.
Cor. 19th St., Fred Trinca Garage.
WEST 19TH ST.
428, Rich. Fitzpatrick.
WEST 30TH ST.
145 & T. Garage, Inc.
WEST 37TH ST.
242, J. Strout Garage.
WEST 38TH ST.
513, National Garage.
WEST 39TH ST.
205, Grand Service Co.
524, N. Y. Automobile Garage.
256, 38th St. Garage.
WEST 37TH ST.
512, Peter White Garage.
WEST 39TH ST.
146, Opera House Garage.
WEST 40TH ST.
220, Hudson Garage.
236, Packard Transp. & Repair Co.
WEST 42D ST.
348, 42d Street Garage.
621, N. Y. Auto Packard Renting Co.
WEST 44TH ST.
207, Astor Garage.
WEST 45TH ST.
406, Interboro News.
WEST 47TH ST.
228, Carlsend Co.
WEST 48TH ST.
215, Forty-eighth Street Garage.
WEST 49TH ST.
147, Forty-ninth Street Garage.
228, Bowman Auto Company.
301, Equitable Auto Company.
327, Sally Wiesbader, Inc.
WEST 50TH ST.
218, Mason Bros., Inc.
235, People's Garage.
248, Caron Garage.
WEST 51ST ST.
123-131, Parker's Garage.
139, O'Toole's Garage.
141, Ritz-Carlton Garage.
218, J. A. Ryan.
222-224, Postal Garage.
WEST 52D ST.
113, Joscelyn Garage.
113-117, Franklin J. Phillips.
146, M. F. Smith Co.
551, McNulty Bros.
630, Buick Motor Co., Thos. A. Cowan.
WEST 54TH ST.
114, Proud Taylor Elec. Co.
124, The Cervan Garage.
147, Webb's Garage.
155, S. S. Garage, Inc.

238, Norman Garage.
247, Auto Club of America.
Cor. B'way, Reo Motor Car Company.
WEST 55TH ST.
139, Aero Garage.
411, Hotel Rental Service.
417, Stearns Co., F. B., of N. Y.
419, Mitchell Motor Car Company.
WEST 56TH ST.
107, Park Garage.
114, Great Northern Garage.
122, Lotos Garage.
132, Gem Garage.
152, Newport Transfer Co., M. Buckley.
155, Flint Garage, L. H. Cornish.
160, Day and Night Garage.
Cor. 8th Ave., Columbus Circle Gas & Oil Co.
WEST 57TH ST.
515, Clinton Garage.
518, Eagle Garage.
631, White Company.
Cor. B'way, Colt-Stratton Company.
WEST FORDHAM ROAD.
148, R. A. Myer's Gas Station.
WEST 60TH ST.
20, Lewis, S. H.
25, Locomobile Co. of America.
40, St. Paul Garage.
WEST 62D ST.
8, Detroit Cadillac Motor Company.
42, Marmon, N. Y. Company.
WEST 64TH ST.
203, Grand Garage, Inc., L. J. Kelly.
205, Odonial Garage.
Cor. West End Ave., International Motor Company.
302, Acme Garage.
WEST 65TH ST.
39, Kesbec Sales Co.
214, Long Acre Motor Company.
218, Pyramid Garage.
306, New York Auto Garage.
WEST 67TH ST.
52, West 67th St. Garage.
WEST 68TH ST.
142, Joseph A. Ryan.
241, Thomsey Auto Service.
252, Economical Garage.
WEST 69TH ST.
244, B. & B. Garage.
246, Metzer Bros.
263, Continental Garage.
WEST 70TH ST.
320, W. B. Thom.
340, Edison Garage, M. Edson.
WEST 75TH ST.
207, 75th St. Garage.
WEST 76TH ST.
208, Superior Motor Garage Co.
Cor. B'way, Aeon Garage.
WEST 77TH ST.
200, D. F. D. Garage.
WEST 80TH ST.
214, Apthorp Garage, Depalina & Wilson.
WEST 82D ST.
211, Burghardt Mills Co.
WEST 83D ST.
150, Bretton Hall Garage.
Savoy Service Station 220 to 230.
WEST 87TH ST.
211, Concord Garage.
252, Belnord Garage.
265, Jerome Garage.
271, Riverview Garage.
WEST 90TH ST.
137, The Robt. Thedford Garage Co., Inc
171, Champion Garage.
210, West End Auto Palace.
WEST 90TH ST.
2, Kingston Garage.
WEST 93D ST.
55, Turin Garage & Supply Co., Inc.
WEST 95TH ST.
215, Royal Garage.
WEST 96TH ST.
315, Thedford's Garage, Inc.
WEST 100TH ST.
11, Century Garage.
146, Eureka Garage Corp.
WEST 101ST ST.
160, Bonair Garage and Supply Co.
202, Marseilles Garage.
WEST 102ND ST.
204, Miller's Garage, J.
WEST 106TH ST.
112, Consolidated Garage & Taxi Co.
Cor. 8th Ave., Michael T. Watts.
WEST 107TH ST.
102, Royal Garage, Branch B.
241, Elite Garage.
WEST 108TH ST.
234, Manchester Garage Co.
WEST 109TH ST.
254, Bonavista Garage Co.
WEST 110TH ST.
145, Cathedral Park Garage, Inc.
WEST 115TH ST.
65, Alhambra Garage Co.
WEST 124TH ST.
208, Normal Automobile Station.
WEST 125TH ST.
2959, B'way, Martin Taxi Service Co.
WEST 127TH ST.
552, Olympic Garage.
WEST 130TH ST.
303, Security Garage.
WEST 130TH ST.
474, 474 West 130th St. Garage Co.
WEST 132D ST.
163, Kingwood Garage.
WEST 133D ST.
Cor. St. Nicholas Ave. Daly Bros. Gasoline Station.
WEST 135TH ST.
206, Ideal Garage Co.
WEST 141ST ST.
397, Strand Auto Co.
WEST 142D ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Baker, R. & L. Co.
WEST 144TH ST.
22, West 144th Street Garage, Inc.
250, Dolphin Garage.
WEST 150TH ST.
457, Convent Garage, Inc.
WEST 152D ST.
50-52, J. J. Mahon.
WEST 154TH ST.
434, Fort Washington Garage.
WEST 155TH ST.
414, Speedway Garage.
WEST 161ST ST.
512, The Ansonia Garage.
519, Kay Bee Garage, Inc.
WEST 168TH ST.
554, Washington Heights Garage.
WEST 170TH ST.
Cor. Broadway, Kesbec Sales Co., No. 3.
Cor. Haven Ave., Haven Ave. Garage.
WEST 174TH ST.
554, 174th St. Garage.
WEST 181ST ST.
512, Beaver & Son, J. P.
WEST 181ST ST., BRONX.
14, Mount Hope Service Station.
WEST 209TH ST.
242, Black's Inwood Garage.
WEST 234TH ST.
Cor. Broadway, McPartland's Gasoline Station P.
WHITE PLAINS AVE.
3445, Geo. W. Benjamin.
WHITE PLAINS ROAD.
2221, Gasoline Station, Inc.,
3445, Benjamin, Geo. W.
WILLIAMSBRIDGE ROAD.
1483, Thompson's Garage.
NEAR PELHAM PARKWAY.
R. Manson & Son.

BROOKLYN

ABERDEEN ST.
F. Siegman, cor. Bushwick Ave.
ALBANY AVENUE.
Albany Garage.
ATLANTIC AVE.
Ajax Garage, 1569.
E. H. Dunn, 3762.
Hart & Vendell, Atlantic Ave. & Linwood St.
Van Sicien Garage, 3814.
C. J. Williams, 2783.
W. S. Bridjette, 350.
Dinguid Bros., 975.
Mohawk Garage, 1348.
Moll's Garage, 430.
United States Garage, 1620-1630.
Warwick Auto Supply Co., Atlantic Ave. & Warwick St.
AVE. O.
Irving Garage, 1007.
BAINBRIDGE ST.
Bainbridge Garage, 631.

BAY RIDGE AVE.
Island Garage, 245.
Mitsukhi Bros. 246.
BEDFORD AVE.
Bedford Ave. Auto Taxi Co., 639.
Bedford Gasoline Supply, 858 to 862.
Bedford Auto Garage, 942.
I. C. Kirchan, 1565.
Parkside Gaso. Station, 2006.
Powell Garage, 2038.
Martin's Garage, 2460.
Slocum Motor Service, Inc., 1545.
Martin's Garage, 2460.
BERGEN ST.
Pitkin Auto Co., 2130.
Elmwood Garage, 603.
BOERUM PLACE.
Boerum Place Garage, 27.
BUSHWICK AVE.
Alvyn Garage, 262.
BUTLER ST.
Buick Motor Co., 334.
CHAUNCEY ST.
Marquis Garage, cor. Patchan Ave.
CHURCH AVE.
Church & Bedford Avs., J. J. Bellinger.
Premier Garage, 1616.
CLARK ST.
St. George Garage, 53.
CLERMONT AVE.
M. S. Marlborough Sons, 479.
Clermont Ave. Garage, 483.
COLLEGE PLACE.
Zerega Garage, 22.
Brooklyn Heights Motor Cabs, 10.
Little Garage, 12.
COMMERCIAL ST.
G. Stache's Sons, 70.
CONEY ISLAND AVE.
Kensington Garage, 712.
Cortelyou Garage, 736.
Vanguard Garage, 794.
Prospect Park South Garage, 483.
Oakcrest, 1201.
COOK ST.
Cook Garage, Inc., 168.
COOPER ST.
Cooper Garage, 284.
Cypress Garage and Repair Co., 1714.
CORNELIA ST.
Cornelia Garage & Repair Corp., 3219.
CORTELYOU ROAD.
Lewis D. Hewitt.
CRANBERRY ST.
Pioneer Garage, 23.
CRESCENT ST.
Foot of, C. J. Wellman.
Adelphi Garage, 200.
CROPSEY AVE.
Bath Beach Garage & Machine Co., 1907.
CUMBERLAND ST.
Hill Garage, 370.
DE KALB AVE.
De Kalb Garage, 796.
Ideal Garage & Machine Shop, 886-890.
DUFFIELD ST.
Extension Garage, 60.
EASTERN PARKWAY.
I. Goodman, 1750.
The Silverman Garage, cor. Sterling Pl.
H. Tarnow, 1917.
Waltman Garage, Eastern Parkway & Sterling Place.
EAST NEW YORK AVE.
E. E. Stewart, 1730.
EAST 21ST STREET.
C. Frauberg, East 21st and Foster Ave.
EAST 30TH ST.
Glenwood Garage, W. O. Baur, 635.
EAST 20TH ST.
Clarendon Garage, 253.
Goodwin's Garage, Cor. Tilden Ave.
EAST 92D ST.
and Flatlands Ave., Canarsie, Geo. Krier.
ECKFORD ST.
Eckford Garage, 75.
18TH AVE.
Garage Colony, Inc., 8236.
Kenmore Garage, 4440.
11TH ST.
Thomas Fithiaddo, 473.
EMERSON PLACE.
Emerson Place Garage, 94.
52D ST.
Monadnock Garage, 1061.
54TH ST.
Bee & See Garage, 268.
Sunset Garage, 314.
55TH ST.
Bay Ridge Garage, 350.
59TH ST.
Blythebourne Garage, 1339.
FLATBUSH AVE.
Supreme Gas Station, Flatbush Ave. Extension, cor. Lafayette St.
Bklyn Riders & Drt. Club, cor. Plaza St.
Supreme Gas Station, Flatbush Ave. Extension and Prince St.
Extension Garage, 81 Flatbush Ave. Extension.
Victor Selling Co., 103 Flatbush Ave. Extension, cor. Tillary St.
Michael T. Watts, Flatbush Ave. Extension.
B. F. Stephen's Flatbush Ave., and Stephen's Court.
FOREST AVE.
F. J. Reiss, 47.
Platz Bros., 67.
FORT HAMILTON AVE.
R. A. Hill, 2250.
James Quigley, 6520.
FOSTER AVE.
Eisenhauer, Mario, Cor. E. 21st St.
Liptrott & Allen, 902.
FOURTH AVE.
Supreme Gas Station, cor. Douglass St.
Fischer & Fischer, Fourth Ave. & 39th St
Salvatore Lombardi, 653.
Crescent Garage, 6317.
G. Perrigno, 280.
Supreme Gas Station, 396.
FOURTH ST.
Cross Garage, 331.
44TH ST.
West End Garage & Auto Co., 1343.
FROST ST.
198, Reliable Garage.
FULTON ST.
Geo. Post & Son, 73.
Fulton Park Garage, opposite Lewis Av.
GATES AVENUE
Ehrsam Garage, 661.
Kaufman's Garage, 614.
GREENE AVENUE.
Royal Garage & Machine Co., 1905.
HALL STREET.
Sloan Engineering Co., 240.
HAMILTON AVENUE.
Frank Sesso, 124.
McKay Bros., 485.
HANCOCK STREET
Hancock Garage & Repair o., 940.
Pupki Auto Co., 488.
HARMON ST.
Irving Garage, 379.
HERKIMER STREET.
A. J. Cullifford, 230.
Herkimer Garage, 240.
American Auto Service, 681.
Beach-Knowles & Hill, 7.
HIGHLAND BOULEVARD.
M. Sherman, Cor. Bushwick Ave.
HOPE ST.
Nassau Garage, 120.
HOWARD AVENUE.
Howard Garage, Cor. Eastern Pkway.
HUMBOLDT STREET.
Lasky Motor Car Co., Inc., 58.
HURON STREET.
Michael T. Watts, Queensboro Bridge Plaza.
IRVING AVENUE.
Irving Ave. Garage, 25.
JEFFERSON AVENUE.
F. M. Marco, 103.
JAMAICA AVE.
Forest Park Garage, 1077.
JUNIUS ST.
Junius Garage, 232-242.
KINGS HIGHWAY.
Geo. Doyle, 32.
Fred. Romeal Garage, Cor. Snyder Ave.
KNICKERBOCKER AVE.
Campbell's Garage, Cor. Moffat St.
Knickerbocker Garage, 113.
KOSCIUSKO ST.
Mitchell Garage, 39.
LAFAYETTE AVENUE.
Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co., 6.
S. & M. Garage, 431.
LEXINGTON AVE.
L. A. Disbrow, 259.
Lexington Garage, 411.
Quincy Garage, 534.

LENOX ROAD.
Private Owners' Garage, 21.
LIBERTY AVE.
L. Mitchman, 1108.
LOTT STREET.
Beverley Garage, 140.
MADISON STREET.
Sylvan Garage, 623.
MANHATTAN AVE.
Manhattan Ave. Garage, 583.
MARCY AVE.
I. Blumenthal, 633.
MAUJER STREET
Maujer Garage, 264.
McDONOUGH STREET.
McDenough Garage, 406.
METROPOLITAN AVE.
109, Richard Schaibbe.
Neuman's Metropolitan Garage, 1439.
MONROE STREET.
C. E. Crossman Garage, 107.
J. H. Waite, 493.
MORGAN AVE.
Morgan Ave. Garage, Cor Meserole St.
MYRTLE AVE.
Cor. New Fresh Pond Road, Ridgewood.
Auto Garage.
NEW UTRECHT AVE.
H. M. Dickover & Son, 5905.
NOSTRAND AVE.
Harrisons Garage, 1137.
NORTH 6TH ST.
Yscenda's Garage, 127.
NORTH 9TH ST.
Roebling Auto Supply Co., 386.
OCEAN AV.
Ocean Ave. Garage, 2042.
OCEAN PARKWAY.
Shelbourne Garage, foot of Ocean Pkwy.
Circle Garage, 4.
Morris Levy, Ocean Parkway & Neptune Ave.
Sheepshead Bay Garage, 2154.
Cor. Prospect Ave., F. R. Welch.
OSBORN ST.
237, Osborn Garage.
Central Garage, 157-169.
PACIFIC ST.
Portland Garage, 670.
W. C. Quinn, 161.
PARK AVE.
Park Ave. Garage, 804.
Tompkins Garage, 755.
Park ve. Garage, Park & Clinton Aves.
PARK PLACE.
Klanel Garage, 500.
PENNSYLVANIA AVE.
East New York Garage, 65.
POWELL ST
Cor. Butler Ave., Sapir's Garage.
PROSPECT PLACE.
Healy Prospect Garage, 731.
PUTNAM AVE.
United Motor Co., 100.
Kohlmeyer's Garage, 1726.
Brooklyn Auto Delivery Co., 161.
PRESIDENT ST.
Joseph D'Esterro, 1239.
RALPH AVE.
Ralph Garage, 199.
RIDGEWOOD AVE.
Ridgewood Ave. Garage, 398.
REID AVE.
Putnam Garage, 260.
ROEBLING ST
Quick Service Garage, cor. Division Ave.
ROCKAWAY AVENUE.
Rockaway Garage, 536-538.
SCHERMERHORN ST.
Flatbush Auto Service Co., 1245.
ST. JOHN'S PLACE.
Club Garage, 550.
P. C. O'Neil, 1494.
SCHOLES ST.
Graham Garage, 163.
SENATOR ST.
Senator Garage, 416.
ST. MARK'S AVE.
Armstrong Garage Co., Inc., 201.
Swart Garage, 233.
Frank Hendricks Co., 239.
Fortier & Strickland, 532.
90TH ST.
Sunset Garage, Inc. 1535.
STAGG ST.
Stagg Garage, 130.
STATE ST.
Daniel F. E Leary, 203
73TH ST.
Shore Road Garage, 316.
SHEEPSHEAD BAY ROAD.
Bayside Garage, 1787.
SIXTH ST.
Dennis Garage, 282.
63TH ST.
Louis Stackleroth, 465.
16TH ST.
Dauque Garage, 543.
SNYDER AVE.
Brooklyn Motor Car Co., 44.
J. J. Harper & Sons, 53.
Snyder Ave. Garage 84.
STERLING PLACE
Voll's Garage, 169.
Eagle Garage, Eastern Parkway & Sterling Place.
STONE AVE.
Lux Garage, 34, near B'way.
STUYVESANT AVE.
Stuyvesant Heights Garage, 98.
TILDEN AVE.
Flatbush Auto Co., 2222.
20TH ST
Hollander Garden Garage, 20th St. and Railroad Ave.
Hosch Bros. Co., 281.
24TH AVE.
T. H. Joyce 2827.
24TH STREET
American Garage & Machine Wks., 337
UNDERHILL AVE.
Standard Garage Service Co., 106.
UNION ST.
Hurwitz Garage, Cor. Sutter Ave.
McIntosh Bros., 811.
Park Place Garage, 930.
Union Garage, 774.
Academy Garage, 339.
VANDERBILT AVE.
Vanderbilt Garage, 267.
VERNON AVE.
M. Reichelsohn's Garage, 220.
Hohweisner & Son, 378.
Keystone Garage, 301.
WASHINGTON AVE.
Consumers Park Gasoline Station, Montgomery St.
WATKINS ST.
Watkins St. Garage, 382.
WAVERLY AVE.
J. Hillis, 32.
Waverly Garage, 234.
WEIRFIELD ST.
Fred Brugel's Garage, 390.
WEST 8TH ST.
P. A. Volker, 2362.
WEST 37TH ST.
Seagate Garage, W. 37th St. & Mermaid Ave.

LONG ISLAND

ASTORIA.
Astoria Garage, Willow & Franklin Sts.
Charles Amann, 79 Fulton Ave.
Brust Bros. Garage, 283 8th Ave.
Falconer Garage Co., 183 Jamaica Ave.
Private Auto Rental Service Co., 22 Grand Ave.
Herman's Garage, 270 11th Ave.
Sachse & Marks, 177 Vandeventer Ave.
Uhl & Metz, 385 Lockwood St.
Michael T. Watts, Queensboro Bridge Plaza.
BAYSIDE.
Auto Repair & Machine Works.
Otto's Gasoline Station.
COLLEGE POINT.
Geo. Duer.
Hess & McCracken.
CORNEY ISLAND
West End Garage, Cook's Lane and Railroad Ave.
CORONA.
Palace Garage, 10-12 Jackson Ave.
Chatfield Garage, Jackson Ave., nr. 41st St.
Corona Motor Car Co.
Jackson Garage.
Haines Gaso. Station, J. W. Haines, Prop., Jackson Ave.
ELMHURST.
Elmhurst Bridge Garage, Kingsland Ave.
W. A. Pulls Garage, Jackson Ave. & 35th St.

FLUSHING.
Flushing Auto Garage, 119 Broadway.
John Godder.
Mold's Garage.
Queensboro Garage, 69 Broadway.
Duan's Gaso. Station, B'way & 23d St.
Excelsior Motor Cycle Garage, 55 B'way.
Upper Flushing Garage, 49 Murray St.
Fleitz Bros., & Jaeger St.
New Broadway Flushing Garage, Sanford Ave. & Broadway.
FOREST HILLS.
Continental Garage, Continental Ave.
Forest Hills Garage, Queens Blvd.
Fred Frey, Metropolitan & Cooper Aves.
GLENDALE.
A. Geier, 2304 Myrtle Ave.
Wm. Rupp, Cooper Ave.
F. Schoenstegel & Co., Cooper Ave.
Myrtle Garage, Cooper & Myrtle Aves.
HOLLIS.
Hollis Gaso. Station, Fulton St., Russell Yeaple, Prop.
W. Stafford, Hillside & Flushing Aves.
HOWARD BEACH.
Anderson & Sierk.
H. Paulson.
JAMAICA.
Baker Bros. Garage Co., Inc., 19 No. Washington St.

GIANTS GIVE CHICAGO CUBS THEIR THIRD SUCCESSIVE BEATING OF THE SERIES

GIANTS AGAIN JOLT UNFORTUNATE CUBS

Chicago Team Plays Placid Brand of Ball and Pole Grounders Win, 4 to 2.

ZIM WAXES VERY WROTH

Heinie Brandishes His Fist in Manner McGraw, Thinks Better of It, but Is Banished by Byron.

Heinie Zimmerman bloomed into a pink rage up at the Polo Grounds yesterday when Umpire Lord Byron called him out when he tried to steal home in the eighth inning. Red-hot sparks flashed from Heinie's eyes and his clenched fist started in the general direction of Byron's nose. Nearer and nearer the fist of Zim approached the umpire's frontispiece. Byron didn't move. He stood with head erect under fire and waited for the terrible blow to fall. The crowd sat back and gasped, anticipating the impending collision, and then—

Well, Heinie pulled his punch and it didn't land on Byron's face. Visions of $500 fines and a hot Summer out of work probably loomed up before Zim and had something to do with quelling the threatened punch. Zimmerman was ejected from the game, and maybe the National League will punish him by sending him to bed without any supper.

The Giants didn't need the run which Heinie made all the rumpus about, for they won 4 to 2 without any exertion. The Cubs are beginning to show that they lead the league in taking punishment, or, perhaps, they have the seasons mixed and are hibernating. Hardly a day goes by but that somebody beats them. The Chicago players contributed their usual number of errors. If it is human to err the Cubs are the most human players on this continent.

The Canadian Kilties, with their bagpipe band, trooped into the park about the second inning and broke up the game for about ten minutes. The bagpipes whined and moaned and everybody got up and cheered, and a regiment of National Guardsmen whooped it up for the visitors and there were heaps of excitement. The tune the Kilties played was pages long and the pipers showed that they had more wind than a Kansas cyclone.

Kilties Take to Peanuts.

While the Highlanders munched away on the peanuts Harry Stevens gave them by singing "Where Do We Go from Here, Boys?" That song set the Cubs to thinking about where they would go after they land in last place. Just now Moose Mitchell's Chicago team, which looked so promising a while back, is the fastest growing club at large. But unlike most things that grow, they are growing downward instead of upward.

Pol Perritt pitched for the Giants and his support was decorated with three double plays which snuffed Chicago hopes. Shuffling Phil Douglas, the best of the Cubs' pitchers, was picked by Mitchell to start one game in the present series, and he did well enough until the fifth, when the Giants reeled off four hits in a row and gathered enough runs to put the game on the shelf.

The Cubs started out as if they were going to do something, but, after getting a run in the first, the Giants came right back and tied the score in the same inning, and after that the Cubs accepted defeat as the natural course of events.

The only time that Perritt was in danger was in the first of the eighth, when the Cubs clustered a trio of hits off his service. The best they could get out of the series of raps was a run, although a double play served to save Pol from considerable embarrassment.

Captain Chief Hendrick is out of the game for a few days, as an injury to his back which he received several weeks ago is again bothering him. The Giants feel safe in giving their star second baseman a layoff while the opposition is only lukewarm. Lew McCarty, who broke his leg in Cincinnati, is back, but is still hobbling around on crutches. He expects to be back in harness before the season is over.

Cubs Score at Outset.

Eddie Flack opened the matinée with a two-base drive to left. Mann sacrificed and Flack counted on Doyle's hit to centre. The Giants got the run back in their portion of the same stanza. Burns singled to left, went down on Kilduff's out, and took third on a passed ball. After Kauff fouled to Deal, Zimmerman bumped a single to centre, scoring Burns.

With one down in the fifth, Rariden singled to right and was forced at second by Perritt. Burns singled to centre, and when Kilduff rapped a hit to left Perritt reached Burns went to third and Kilduff to second on the throw-in. Kauff punched a single to centre, sending Burns and Kilduff over the plate.

Harry Wolter batted for Douglas in the eighth and singled to right. He hopped around to third on Flack's single to right. Mann hit into a rapid double play, Wolter being held at third. Doyle smashed a single to left and Wolter scored.

Kauff opened the eighth with a single to right and Zimmerman rapped one to left. Kauff tried to stretch his way to third, as Mann juggled the ball, but he was thrown out at third, Zim going to second. Heine went to third on Fletcher's out at first, and while Robertson was at the bat he attempted to steal home. Byron called him out, while Zim ferociously claimed that Wilson did not touch him with the ball. Zim's emphatic uprising resulted in his expulsion.

The score:

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	CHICAGO. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Burns,lf	4	2	3	1	0	0	Flack,rf	4	1	2	0	0	
Mann,rf	4	1	1	1	4	0	Mann,lf	3	0	1	1	1	
Kauff,cf	4	0	2	2	0	0	Doyle,2b	4	0	1	2	3	
Zimman,3b	4	0	2	0	6		Merkle,1b	4	0	0	9	0	
Fletcher,ss	4	0	1	0	2		Williams,cf	4	0	0	2	0	
Robertson,rf	3	0	0	1	0		Deal,3b	4	0	1	2	1	
Holke,1b	3	0	0	15	1		Wortman,ss	3	0	0	7	6	
Rariden,c	3	0	1	4	0		Wilson,c	2	0	0	3	1	
Perritt,p	3	1	0	0	7		Douglas,p	2	0	0	0	3	
Lobert,3b	0	0	0	0	0		aWolter	1	1	1	0	0	
							Fergust,p	0	0	0	0	1	
							bDilhoefer	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	32	4	10	27	19	0	Total	32	2	6	24	17	0

a Batted for Douglas in seventh.
b Batted for Wortman in ninth.

Errors—Perritt, Doyle, Williams, Wortman.

New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3—4
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—2

Two-base hit—Flack. Stolen base—Burns. (2). Sacrifice hit—Mann. Double plays—Doyle, Wortman and Merkle; Zimmerman, Kilduff and Holke. (2); Perritt, Kilduff and Holke. Left on bases—New York, 4; Chicago, 6. First base on errors—New York, 2; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Perritt, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Perritt, 3 runs; Douglas, 5, and 4 in 7; Prendergast, 2 and 0 in 1. Struck out—By Perritt, 3; by Douglas, 2. Passed ball—Wilson. Time—1 hour 36 minutes. Umpires—Byron and Quigley.

STAEHL WINS CYCLE TITLE.

Clinches National Amateur Laurels by Sprint in Stretch.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., July 18.—John K. Staehl, a Newark boy, clinched the national amateur bicycle championship here tonight by winning the two-mile title race. He finished with a strong sprint in the home stretch, nipping Gus Lang at the tape. Chris Dotterweich was third, and Harry Hoffman of San Francisco fourth. There is still one race to be decided, but this will not affect the final outcome of the championship.

Arthur Spencer, the newly crowned professional national champion, easily disposed of Alfred Goullet in two straight heats of a one-mile match race.

Eastern League.

Hartford, 4; Portland, 1.
Lawrence, 8; New London, 1.
Bridgeport, 1; Springfield, 0.
(First game.)
Bridgeport, 11; Springfield, 3.
(Second game.)
New Haven, 5; Worcester, 3.
Waterbury, 4; Lowell, 3.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Chicago, 2.
Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 1.
Philadelphia, 3; Cincinnati, 1.
Pittsburgh, 8; Boston, 6.
(First game.)
Pittsburgh, 8; Boston, 2.
(Second game.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 12; Cleveland, 7.
(Ten innings.)
Chicago, 4; Washington, 0.
(First game.)
Chicago, 7; Washington, 4.
(Second game.)
Boston, 1; St. Louis, 0.
Detroit, 4; Philadelphia, 1.
(First game.)
Philadelphia, 4; Detroit, 3.
(Second game.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	50	26	.658
Philadelphia	41	33	.554
St. Louis	44	39	.530
Cincinnati	47	43	.522
Chicago	43	43	.500
Brooklyn	38	39	.494
Boston	33	45	.429
Pittsburgh	26	54	.325

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	55	31	.640
Boston	51	32	.614
Cleveland	47	34	.580
New York	42	39	.519
Detroit	43	41	.512
Washington	33	49	.402
Philadelphia	31	49	.387
St. Louis	28	53	.384

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 2:30.)
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Detroit.
Boston at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at St. Louis.

ROBINS HAVE RICH INNING.

Score Five Runs in Third and Beat Cardinals Easily.

Brooklyn played better baseball than usual in yesterday's encounter with the Cardinals at Ebbets Field. As far as superlative pitching is concerned, Larry Cheney certainly earned the right to a shutout, but Zack Wheat made this impossible when he heaved a wild throw to second in the ninth inning. The Cardinals hadn't been overalert up to that time, but Hornsby, who was on second by reason of a neatly placed double across the third sack, which trickled away toward the left field bleachers, raced home when Wheat blundered after a fine catch of Paulette's fly. The game closed with the score 5 to 1 in favor of Brooklyn.

The Dodgers tore the lid off the game in the third inning, when they broke loose with a five-run total. Larry Cheney struck out, just as Leon Ames had done a moment before on Cheney's pitching. Olson smashed a single at Hornsby, which the Cardinal short stop headed off, but could not get to first in time to catch the runner, Daubert hit to Betzel, who tried to catch Olson, and, failing, both men were safe. Ames delivered a pass to Myers, which crowded the bases.

Into this turmoil came a hit by Stengel, which amounted to a bunt, although the Dodger swung at the ball hard. Olson was squeezed across and the bases were still full.

Wheat forced Stengel and Daubert raced home, Myers taking third. Cutshaw, who has an inherent ability to hit when hits are needed, dropped a hit just beyond Betzel's reach, and Myers galloped to the plate, while Wheat perched at third.

Cutshaw stole second, which indicates how much asleep were the Cardinals. Ames stopped Snyder's throw to second, never dreaming for an instant that it was intended to catch the slow-moving Cutshaw. Mowrey took first on Ames's continued inability to find the plate and filled the bases. Miller cracked out a single that didn't have even a speaking acquaintance with Hornsby and Wheat and Cutshaw ambled along the worn path to the plate, Ames now up to Larry Cheney, who had opened the inning with a strikeout. The Dodger twirler didn't fan the air this time. Instead he hit to Hornsby, who tagged out Miller at second.

The score:

BROOKLYN. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Olson,ss	5	1	2	2	1	0	J. Smith,rf	4	0	1	3	0	
Daubert,1b	2	1	0	0	0	0	Baird,3b	4	0	2	1	1	
Johnston,lb	0	0	0	1	0	0	Long,lf	4	0	0	1	0	
Myers,cf	3	1	1	1	0	0	Hornsby,ss	4	0	1	2	4	
Stengel,rf	4	0	1	1	0	0	Cruise,cf	2	0	0	1	0	
Wheat,lf	4	1	0	1	0	0	Smyth,cf	1	0	0	1	0	
Cutshaw,2b	4	1	1	1	3	4	Paulette,1b	3	0	0	4	1	
Mowrey,3b	1	0	0	1	2	1	Betzel,2b	3	0	1	4	0	
Miller,c	4	0	2	4	2	0	Snyder,c	3	0	0	4	1	
Cheney,p	4	0	0	0	1	0	Ames,p	3	0	0	0	2	
							Horstman,p	1	0	0	0	1	
							May,p	0	0	0	0	0	
							Watson,p	0	0	0	0	0	
							aGonzales	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	31	5	7	27	9	1	Total	32	1	6	24	10	0

a Batted for Billings in seventh.
b Batted for Coveleskie in tenth.

Errors—Pipp, Baker, Guisto, Evans, Billings.

New York	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—5
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Speaker, Roth. Stolen bases—Baker, (2.) Marsans, (2.) Speaker. Sacrifice hits—Maisel, Chapman. Sacrifice fly—Roth. Double play—Chapman, Wambsgans, and Guisto. Left on bases—New York, 5; Cleveland, 8. First base on errors—New York, 1; Cleveland, 2. Bases on balls—Off Fisher, 1; Russell, 1; Morton, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Caldwell, 3 runs in 4 innings; Morton, 2 and 3 in 7; Fisher, 3 and 3 in 6 1-3; Coveleskie, 6 and 0 in 3; Russell, 1 and 0 in 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Russell, (Graney.) Struck out—By Caldwell, 1; Fisher, 1; Russell, 8; Coveleskie, 1. Time—2 hours 30 minutes. Umpires—Moriarty and Connolly.

PIRATES TAKE BOTH GAMES.

Capture Double Bill Completely, Halting Braves' Winning Streak.

BOSTON, July 18.—Pittsburgh stopped Boston's winning streak today by taking both games of a double-header, the first 8 to 6 and the second 3 to 2.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	BOSTON. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Bigbee,lf	4	1	2	1	0		Mar'ville,ss	3	1	2	2	4	
Pitler,2b	5	1	3	2	3		Powell,cf	5	0	1	3	0	
King,rf	4	1	1	0	0		Rehg,rf	5	0	2	2	1	
Carey,cf	4	1	3	0	0		Kelly,lf	4	1	3	1	0	
W.Wag'r,1b	3	1	1	15	1		Konetch'y,1b	5	1	3	11	1	
Ward,ss	3	2	1	0	5		Smith,3b	3	2	0	0	3	
Debus,3b	5	0	0	2	3		Fitzp'ck,3b	0	0	0	0	1	
Fischer,c	4	1	1	4	1		Rawlings,2b	3	0	1	1	2	
Miller,p	2	0	0	0	2		Tragesser,c	2	1	1	2	2	
Steele,p	2	0	1	0	2		Tyler,p	1	1	0	0	2	
							Barnes,p	0	0	0	0	1	
							Ragan,p	0	0	0	0	0	
							aMagee	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	36	8	11	27	18		Total	30	6	10	27	17	

a Batted for Barnes in eighth.

Errors—Maranville, Smith, (2.) Tragresser.

Pittsburgh	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	5	0—8
Boston	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—6

Two-base hits—King, Pitler, Konetchy. Three-base hit—Ward. Stolen bases—Carey, (2.) King. Sacrifice hits—W. Wagner, Smith, Tyler. Sacrifice flies—Smith, Rawlings. Double plays—Carey and W. Wagner; Pitler and W. Wagner. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 8; Boston, 8. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 2. Base on balls—Off Miller, 5; Steele, 1; Tyler, 5. Hits and earned runs—Off Miller 8 hits, 6 runs in 5 1-3 innings; Steele, 3 and 0 in 3 2-3; Tyler, 8 and 5 in 7; Barnes, 2 and 0 in 1; Ragan, 1 and 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Miller, (Kelly); Tyler, (Ward.) Struck out—By Miller, 1; Steele, 1; Tyler, 2; Ragan, 1. Time—2 hours 29 minutes. Umpires—Harrison and O'Day.

SECOND GAME.

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	BOSTON. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Bigbee,lf	4	0	2	2	0		M'ville,ss	3	0	1	6	3	
Pitler,2b	3	0	1	3	6		Powell,cf	4	0	2	2	0	
King,rf	5	1	1	1	0		Rehg,rf	4	0	0	0	0	
Carey,cf	4	1	3	3	0		Kelly,lf	4	1	1	1	0	
W.Wagner,1b	4	0	1	9	0		Konetchy,1b	4	0	0	7	0	
Ward,ss	3	0	1	2	1		Fpat'k,2b	3	1	2	1	5	
Debus,3b	4	0	2	1	2		Rawlings,2b	3	0	1	2	1	
Fischer,c	4	0	1	6	2		Tragesser,c	3	0	0	7	4	
Steele,p	3	1	1	0	1		Rudolph,p	3	0	0	0	4	
Carlson,p	1	0	0	0	1		aBailey	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	35	3	12	27	10		Total	32	2	6	27	15	

a Batted for Tragesser in ninth.

Errors—Ward, Fischer, Maranville, Tragesser.

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1—3
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2

Two-base hit—Maranville. Three-base hit—Pitler. Stolen bases—Steele, King, Fitzpatrick. Sacrifice hit—Pitler. Sacrifice fly—Bigbee. Double play—Pitler, Ward and W. Wagner. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 10; Boston, 6. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Steele, 1; Rudolph, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Steele, 8 hits, 1 run in 6 innings; Carlson, 0 and 0 in 3; Rudolph, 12 and 2 in 9. Hit by pitcher—By Rudolph, (Pitler.) Balk—Steele. Struck out—By Steele, 3; Carlson, 2; Rudolph, 6. Wild pitch—Rudolph. Time—2 hours 14 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

New York State League.

Elmira, 5; Reading, 4.
Wilkes-Barre, 4; Binghamton, 2.
Syracuse, 5; Scranton, 3.

American Association.

Toledo, 8; Minneapolis, 4.
Columbus, 3; St. Paul, 0.
Louisville, 6; Milwaukee, 5.
Indianapolis, 6; Kansas City, 4.

MATTIES IGNORE CHANCES.

Outhit Moran's Men, but Yield Game to Them by 3 to 1.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Although outhit nearly two to one, Philadelphia defeated Cincinnati today 3 to 1. The visitors failed to take advantage of their opportunities to score.

Philadelphia secured one run in the second inning on three bases on balls and Killifer's single, and won the game by scoring twice in the seventh on singles by Luderus and Killifer, Paskert's double, and two fumbles by Roush.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	CINCINNATI. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Evers,2b	4	0	0	0	4		Groh,3b	5	1	1	1	1	
Bancroft,ss	4	0	0	4	3		Kopf,ss	3	0	2	1	0	
Whitted,lf	4	0	1	2	0		Roush,cf	4	0	2	2	0	
Cravath,rf	2	1	1	2	0		Chase,1b	4	0	2	9	2	
Luderus,1b	3	0	1	6	3		Griffith,rf	3	0	2	2	1	
Stock,3b	2	1	0	2	2		Neale,lf	4	0	2	2	0	
Paskert,cf	2	1	1	4	1		M'K'nie,2b	4	0	1	2	3	
Killifer,c	3	0	2	4	1		Clarke,c	4	0	0	7	0	
Mayer,p	3	0	0	1	2		Toney,p	3	0	0	1	0	
							aMitchell	1	0	0	0	0	
							bThorpe	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	28	3	6	27	16	0	Total	35	1	11	24	12	0

a Batted for Toney in ninth.
b Batted for Kopf in ninth.

Errors—Bancroft, Paskert, Roush, (2.) McKechnie.

Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—3
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Chase, Griffith, Cravath, Paskert. Sacrifice hits—Kopf, Stock. Double plays—Evers, Bancroft, and Luderus. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 10; Philadelphia, 5. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Base on balls—Off Toney, 5; Mayer, 2. Struck out—By Toney, 4; Mayer, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Toney, 9 hits, 2 runs in 8 innings; Mayer, 11 and 1 in 9. Time—1 hour 22 minutes. Umpires—Klem and Bransfield.

Southern Association.

Memphis, 6; Mobile, 0.
Little Rock, 7; New Orleans, 1.
Birmingham, 5; Chattanooga, 1.
Atlanta, 7; Nashville, 1.

YANKEES LAND ON INDIANS IN TENTH

Home Run Baker's Bat Figures Prominently in New York's 12 to 7 Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 18.—A batting rally in the tenth inning, during which the Yankees landed on Stanley Coveleskie for six hits and five runs, gave Bill Donovan's team a victory over the Indians here this afternoon by a score of 12 to 7. In this big inning the Yanks batted around, Maisel opening and closing the frame with grounders to Chapman.

Ineffective pitching had twice enabled the Indians to erase leads which the New Yorkers had picked up. Before the Yanks had been retired in the first inning, they had rung up a three-run lead for Ray Caldwell, but Slim did not last to the close of the inning. He started by fanning Wambsgans, and Chapman reached first on an error by Pipp. After Speaker had doubled and Roth had followed with a single, Donovan decided that this was not Caldwell's day, and he put his case in the hands of Ray Fisher. The Indians chased Fisher to the showers in the seventh, and Allen Russell came on to stop them dead until the Yanks had clinched the game.

The all-round work of Frank Baker, who seems to have discovered the fountain of youth, stood out in this latest victory. He pounded out four hits during the afternoon, and these blows figured in six New York runs. In the first inning, after driving in a run, he stole second and later stole home, and in the tenth he made a spectacular one-hand catch of Graney's low drive.

The tenth-inning rally developed unexpectedly. Maisel had been retired on his grounder to Chapman, when Peck bounced a single off Evans's shins. Pipp was safe, when Coveleskie, who covered first, muffed a throw from Wamby, and Peck reached second. Baker lined a single into right field, filling the corners.

Donovan decided it was time to introduce Armando Marsans into the Yankee squeeze-play club, and the Cuban delivered with a perfect bunt, scoring Peck and leaving the bases still filled, as Marsans beat out the bunt. Chapman got Miller's drive and forced Pipp at the plate. Numamaker beat out a slow roller to third and Baker counted. Russell got a hit to deep short, so deep that Chapman could make no play, and Marsans scored. High followed with a single to centre, scoring Miller and Numamaker. Maisel ended the inning with a grounder to Chapman.

The score:

NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	CLEVELAND. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
High,lf	6	1	3	0	0		W'gans,2b	5	1	1	5	4	
Maisel,2b	6	1	2	1	2		Chapman,ss	5	1	2	0	4	
P'paugh,ss	3	2	1	0	7		Speaker,cf	5	1	2	3	0	
Pipp,1b	5	2	2	11	0		Roth,rf	3	1	2	2	0	
Baker,3b	5	2	4	3	1		Guisto,1b	5	0	2	16	1	
Marsans,cf	5	2	2	5	0		Graney,lf	4	0	0	1	0	
Miller,rf	5	1	1	0	0		Evans,3b	3	1	1	3	1	
Numam'r,c	5	1	1	5	2		Billings,c	3	1	1	0	2	
Caldwell,p	0	0	0	0	1		Deberry,c	1	0	1	1	1	
Fisher,p	2	1	1	0	1		Morton,p	3	0	0	0	4	
Russell,p	2	0	2	0	0		Coveleskie,p	1	0	0	0	0	
							aSmith	1	0	0	0	0	
							bTurner	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	44	12	17	30	15		Total	39	7	11	30	23	

a Batted for Billings in seventh.
b Batted for Coveleskie in tenth.

Errors—Pipp, Baker, Guisto, Evans, Billings.

New York	3	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	5	0	12
Cleveland	2	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	7

Two-base hits—Speaker, Roth. Stolen bases—Baker, (2.) Marsans, (2.) Speaker. Sacrifice hits—Maisel, Chapman. Sacrifice fly—Roth. Double play—Chapman, Wambsgans, and Guisto. Left on bases—New York, 5; Cleveland, 8. First base on errors—New York, 1; Cleveland, 2. Bases on balls—Off Fisher, 1; Russell, 1; Morton, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Caldwell, 3 runs in 4 innings; Morton, 2 and 3 in 7; Fisher, 3 and 3 in 6 1-3; Coveleskie, 6 and 0 in 3; Russell, 1 and 0 in 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Russell, (Graney.) Struck out—By Caldwell, 1; Fisher, 1; Russell, 8; Coveleskie, 1. Time—2 hours 30 minutes. Umpires—Moriarty and Connolly.

WHITE SOX GET TWO AGAIN.

Score Second Successive Double Victory Over the Senators.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Chicago won its second straight double header from Washington today, 4 to 0 and 7 to 4. The score:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
J.Collins,rf	4	0	2	3	0		Judge,1b	3	0	0	9	0	
McMul'n,3b	4	0	1	1	0		Shanks,ss	3	0	0	1	3	
E.Collins,2b	4	0	0	3	3		C.Milan,cf	4	0	1	0	0	
Jackson,lf	1	2	0	3	0		Rice,rf	4	0	0	3	0	
Felsch,cf	3	0	0	2	0		Foster,2b	4	0	1	2	3	
Gandil,1b	3	0	2	10	0		Menosky,lf	2	0	1	5	0	
Risberg,ss	4	0	1	2	1		Leonard,3b	3	0	1	2	0	
Schalk,c	3	0	1	5	0		Henry,c	2	0	0	5	4	
Benz,p	2	1	1	0	4		Ainsmith,c	1	0	0	0	0	
							Harper,p	2	0	0	0	0	
							aGharrity	1	0	0	0	0	
							Shaw,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	29	4	8	27	8		Total	29	0	3	24	9	

a Batted for Harper in eighth.

Errors—Leonard, Harper.

Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0—4
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hit—Benz. Stolen bases—Menosky, Jackson, Felsch, E. Collins. Sacrifice hit—Benz. Double plays—Risberg, (unassisted); Henry and Leonard. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Washington, 5. Base on error—Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Benz, 3; Harper, 4. Hits and earned runs—Off Harper, 6 hits and 4 runs in 7 innings; Shaw, 0 and 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Harper, (Jackson.) Struck out—Harper, 6; Benz, 4. Time—1 hour 44 minutes. Umpires—Dineen and O'Loughlin.

SECOND GAME.

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A	WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	O	A
Leibold,rf	4	0	1	5	0		Judge,1b	5	1	2	7	1	
McMullin,3b	3	1	1	0	2		Shanks,ss	5	1	2	6	3	
E.Collins,2b	2	2	0	5	3		C.Milan,cf	4	1	0	0	1	
Jackson,lf	3	1	2	2	0		Rice,rf	3	0	1	2	0	
Felsch,cf	3	0	1	2	0		Foster,2b	4	0	1	4	5	
Gandil,1b	3	1	0	8	0		H.Milan,lf	5	0	1	4	0	
Risberg,ss	3	0	0	5	2		McBride,3b	3	1	1	1	2	
Schalk,c	3	0	1	7	0		Ainsmith,c	4	0	1	2	2	
Danforth,p	3	0	0	0	0		Gallia,p	3	0	0	0	2	
Russell,p	0	0	0	0	0		Ayers,p	3	0	2	0	0	
							aJohnson	1	0	0	0	0	
							Shaw,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	26	7	6	27	8		Total	37	4	11	24	18	

a Batted for Ayers in eighth.

Errors—E. Collins, Shanks.

Chicago	4	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	7
Washington	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	4

Two-base hit—Ainsmith. Three-base hit—Foster. Home run—Jackson. Stolen bases—Leibold. Sacrifice flies—Felsch, Foster. Left on bases—Washington, 11; Chicago, 2. First base on errors—Washington, 1. Bases on balls—Off Gallia, 3; Danforth, 3; Ayers, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Gallia, 1 hit, 1 run in 1 inning; Danforth, 7 and 2 in 7, (none out in 6th) Ayers, 2 and 1 in 6; Russell, 4 and 2 in 2; Shaw, 3 and 2 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Gallia, (Gandil); Danforth, (McBride.) Struck out—By Danforth, 2; Ayers, 2; Russell, 1. Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Dineen.

**IN

ASSAILS THE B. R. T. FOR REFUSING CARS

Counsel for Service Board Says Writ Was Obtained to Delay Supply of Equipment.

PUTS GOOD FAITH IN DOUBT

Mr. Ransom Asserts Service Is 'Outrageously Congested on the Surface Lines of Brooklyn—Denial Entered.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company was attacked yesterday by William L. Ransom, chief counsel for the Public Service Commission, during the hearing before Justice Ordway of the Supreme Court on the writs of certorari obtained by the company to review the commission's order that the company increase its equipment by adding to it 200 cars for use on its surface lines. A decision by the Court of Appeals was to the effect that the courts had no power to review any action by the commission except where legal questions alone were involved. Recently Commissioner Whitney declared that the company knew very well that it had no standing in court and that its action was merely for the purpose of delay.

In his argument for a dismissal of the writs Mr. Ransom submitted affidavits made by Mr. Whitney and by James B. Walker, Secretary of the commission, for the purpose of proving the fact that the B. R. T. Company was not acting in good faith.

"The company knows that these new cars are needed," said Mr. Ransom. "that its service is outrageously congested, that conditions on many street surface lines in Brooklyn are a scandal, that the Legislature has lately said that the commission has exclusive power to regulate the number of passengers carried on street surface railroads, and that the commission can end these conditions only if an adequate number of proper cars are provided. Almost in the same breath in which the company asks the commission to authorize them to charge passengers an additional fare it flouts the commission's reasonable minimum order for the furnishing of cars necessary to carry passengers on any tolerable basis at all. For the sake of a delay of six months or a year, the company is persuaded to ignore the law and defy the dictates of commonly known facts."

Mr. Ransom protested against such an abuse of judicial processes and constitutional rights. He declared that the voluminous correspondence on the matter clearly proved that the writs were obtained in bad faith, and that no issue was raised on which any court could set aside the order of the commission. He said that the writs were obtained without notice to the commission, and that no opportunity was given to the commission's representatives to be heard.

"The commission," continued Mr. Ransom, "has no desire to be unjust to the company or to any of its subsidiaries. Justice and fair dealing to the company, no less than to the public, is the spirit and purpose of the Public Service Commissions law. The recent management and policy of the company had given reason for hope that there would be no return to old-time methods. It is hard for the commission even now to believe that these writs represent the best judgment of the officers of the companies interested as to what should be done in dealing with the commission and the public.

"If anything a commission orders may be indefinitely delayed by the simple filing of a writ, without even a pretence of concealment of the corporate purpose, the public will of necessity find reasons for disappointment in the failure to realize in New York the benefits won by public service regulation in States which countenance no such dilatory writs. The lower courts should refuse to grant or countenance writs of this character."

Arguing in behalf of the company, D. A. Marsh said that additional cars were not needed, and that there would be still less need for them when the new rapid transit lines were in operation.

"It is unreasonable," he said, "to require these companies to go into the present abnormal market and purchase cars. There has probably been no time in our nation's history when prices for labor and material were so much above normal or when deliveries were so uncertain. It should be borne in mind that the credit of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, of which these companies are a part, is pledged to the carrying out of rapid transit enlargements jointly with the city, entailing for our system an expenditure of not less than $60,000,000, and inasmuch as this credit must for some time be assured by the earnings of the surface lines, any unnecessary burden now imposed on those lines will be an impediment to the larger plan of transit development.

"The time given the companies to provide the cars is so limited that unless the dates mentioned are to be considered as subject to change, no opportunity is given to exercise a proper and reasonable discretion with respect to market conditions."

Counsel will have until Monday in which to file papers.

Concert for Jewish Relief Saturday.

Announcement was made yesterday by the committee that the following artists would appear at the concert to be given next Saturday night in the City College Stadium for the benefit of Jewish relief: Giovanni Zenatello, Italian operatic tenor; Adam Didur, basso, of the Metropolitan Opera House; George Bakianoff, Russian baritone, and Miss Sophie Braslau, operatic contralto. The symphony orchestra will be conducted by Nahan Franko.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The bookings for the Manhattan Opera House for the first part of the coming season have been announced. "The Wanderer" will be revived there Aug. 20, and after a brief engagement will go to the Philadelphia Grand Opera House. "Experience" will be revived next for a few weeks, and will be followed by the Oriental fantasy, "Chu Chin Chow." The premiere of this will take place on Tuesday, Oct. 18.

Victor Mapes's new comedy, "The Lasso," will be presented at the Lyceum Monday night, Aug. 13. The cast includes Shelley Hull, Phoebe Foster, Edward Abeles, Helen Westley, Charles A. Stevenson, Beatrice Noyes, Burton Churchill, Eleanor Gordon, Lillian Cooper, Sam Colt, and Florence Johns.

A jury of well-known artists and illustrators has been appointed by Charles Dillingham to choose the young women for the chorus of the new Fred Stone show. On Aug. 1 all photographs of applicants will be submitted to the committee, who will select the sixty handsomest from the lot.

Margaret Jarman, mezzo-soprano, has been engaged by Henry W. Savage for the role of "Therese in Pom-Pom," in which Mitzi Hajos will appear on tour during the first half of the season.

Maude Hannaford has been engaged to appear in Wilton Lackaye's supporting in "The Inner Man," when it is presented at the Lyric next month.

Katherine Grey has been engaged to play the role of Rosalie La Grange in "The Thirteenth Chair," in the company that will act the Veiller melodrama on the Coast next season.

MANAGERS COMBAT MUSICIANS' DEMANDS

Refuse to Pay More in Wages and Say They Will Hire Non-Union Men.

The squabble between the musicians and theatre managers that comes every few years when the former announce the adoption of a new scale of wages has been resumed. The United Managers' Protective Association, whose membership includes all of the principal producing managers, at a meeting yesterday decided not to meet the raise in wages announced by the musicians, to become operative Aug. 1.

At a series of meetings held last month the Musical Mutual Protective Union decided to demand a new scale of wages. The prevailing weekly wages and the wages asked for under the new scale for the various kinds of work follow: Dramatic attractions, $24, $28; musical comedy, $30, $35; big time vaudeville, $38.50, $40; first-class picture houses, $38.50, $42; picture houses charging $1 or more admission, $42, $45.

The managers says they will hire non-union musicians rather than pay the advance, while the union musicians assert they will not compromise. Heretofore they have had the backing of the other theatrical unions, and have gradually raised the wage scale, in spite of the protests of the managers. A conference of managers and musicians will be held today in the rooms of the Managers' Association to see if some agreement cannot be reached. The musicians have chosen a strategic time for their demands, since more musical plays than usual have been planned for production the coming season, many managers believing that our entry into the war will make light entertainment popular.

CITY BREVITIES.

Charles Scribner's Sons announced last night that they have purchased "Architecture," a magazine devoted to the interests of the architectural profession.

Edward K. Sumerwell, Chairman of the General Reception Committee, announced last night that a patriotic fete and ball would be given by the Commercial Law League of America at its convention at Saratoga Springs on July 25 in conjunction with the Saratoga Springs Chapter of the American Red Cross.

CHEER 'THE MARSEILLAISE.'

Big Audience at Civic Concert Stirred by Leon Rothier's Singing.

The singing of "The Marseillaise" by Leon Rothier at the Civic Concert last night brought the large audience, an audience that filled St. Nicholas Rink in spite of the extreme heat, to its feet shouting. In reality the crowd did not wait for M. Rothier to begin the stirring anthem, but leaped to its feet with a shout when the singer, bearing a French flag on a standard, first appeared over the heads of the musicians at the rear of the stage.

M. Rothier's other numbers were the Invocation from Mozart's "The Magic Flute" and the Nun's Song from Meyerbeer's "Robert the Devil." The instrumental soloist was Maurice Dambois, who played Boellmann's Symphonic Variations on the 'cello and followed it with an encore. The orchestra, under Pierre Monteux's leadership, played selections by Beethoven, Berlioz, Debussy, and Buzzi-Peccia.

Next Sunday night's concert will be the tenth and last of the series as originally planned. To date funds sufficient to extend the series have not been forthcoming, and unless a guarantee is raised to cover the deficit due to the popular prics charged the orchestra will have to be disbanded.

Harris Estate to Stage New Plays.

The activities in which the estate of Henry B. Harris will engage during the first part of the coming season were made known yesterday. A new play by Lee Wilson Dodd, entitled "The Jackknife Man," will be produced shortly with Frank Bacon in the principal role. In October "The Claim," a new play by Charles Kenyon, will be produced, and this will be followed by "Playing the Game," a new play by Sada Cowan.

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PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
THE MAN WHO CAME BACK
SEE THE 48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. 13th CHAIR By Bayard Veiller. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20. Evgs. 8:20.
PRINCESS 39th, nr. Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
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Newburgh: *12:15, *1:50, 5:45
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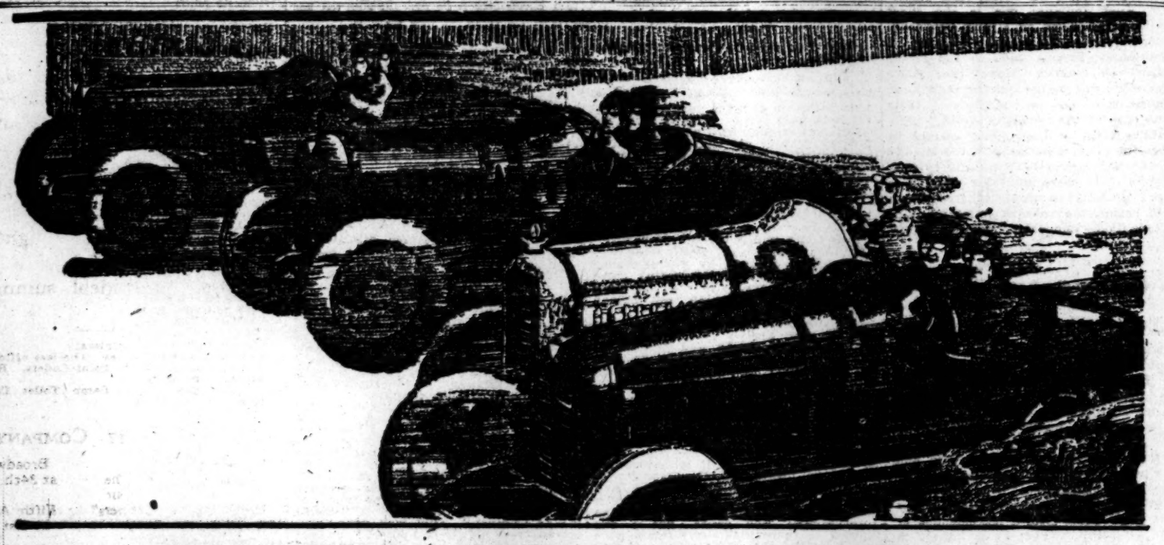

Hudson Wins at Omaha, Tacoma and Uniontown

150-Mile Race at Tacoma
First—Third—Fourth

Eleven cars started. Three Hudson Super-Six Specials were entered and all finished. Patterson first—Roedes third—Malcolm fourth.

Patterson led at 50 miles, 100 miles and finished a minute and twenty-three seconds ahead of the second car.

Roedes and Malcolm each drove Hudson Super-Six Specials which were stock cars they had converted into racers. They are professional drivers who enter and drive their cars independent of factory assistance.

Two Races at Omaha
First in one—Second in other

Ralph Mulford averaged 101.26 miles an hour in the 150-mile Championship event.

There was a field of 14 starters.

Mulford made one tire change.

In the 50-mile race he finished second, 42 seconds behind a Hoskins Special.

Two tire changes in this event cost him first place.

Billy Taylor in a Hudson Super-Six Special finished fifth in both the 50-and 150-mile races.

At Uniontown
First in one—Second in three

The principal event at the Uniontown (Pa.) meet was run in three heats.

Ira Vail was the Hudson Super-Six driver. He finished first in the 29-mile heat—second in the 10-mile and second in the 50-mile heats.

A tire change cost him the 50-mile heat by one second.

A dealer's rebuilt Super-Six demonstrator driven by a local Hudson dealer finished 15 seconds behind the winner in the non-professional event. Another rebuilt Hudson finished fourth.

Super-Six Specials Defeat Rival Racers in Every July 4th Championship Event—More Proofs of Endurance

Championship Speedway Races again reveal the mighty endurance of the Hudson Super-Six.

In the three July 4th events, Hudson endurance defeated the fastest cars known to racing.

In a field of 28 starters at Cincinnati, Memorial Day, the four Hudson specials finished first in the Free-for-all; Second, Seventh and Ninth in the 250-Mile event.

At Chicago, Ralph Mulford on June 16th established the American Speedway records for 150 miles and for 200 miles at an average of 104 miles per hour.

Made Stock Car Records Last Year

Last year Super-Six stock cars and stock chassis made new and important records for endurance, power and speed. Those were non-competitive tests. They were made against the best times of other cars.

They included the fastest stock chassis mile—the 100-mile stock car record—the one-hour stock car record and the 24-hour stock chassis record. These were officially timed by the American Automobile Association.

Then in addition to these, a seven passenger Hudson Super-Six Phaeton broke every transcontinental automobile record. It did it both ways in the only double, twice-across-America run ever attempted against time.

All Hudson records are the result of Hudson endurance.

Cars may be built lighter and have more power, weight considered, just as most of the racers are, but none have proved an equal degree of endurance.

That is why Hudsons win.

It is why so many professional race drivers have adopted Hudsons in their speedway races.

In the three July 4th races you will note some of the Hudsons were rebuilt stock cars. They were made suitable for racing because their owners had confidence in them to win prizes.

The cars were entered independent of any factory influence.

Race drivers know that endurance wins. They know they can rely on the Hudson Super-Six to endure.

You Too Can Rely on Hudson Endurance

In converting Hudson Super-Six stock cars these men made no change in the principle that accounts for Hudson endurance. They merely made such changes as can be made to any Hudson Super-Six. They did not have to do anything to increase the endurance quality of the cars. That quality is built into every Hudson Super-Six.

You, of course, are not interested in owning a racing car, but when racing reveals a quality so important as that of endurance, as it does with the Hudson Super-Six, then you are interested in its performance.

The speedway shows, in a few miles, weaknesses that it might require thousands of miles of ordinary service to reveal. You are not interested so much in what the performance will be in a car you buy in its first few thousand miles.

You want to know what you can depend upon after the car has seen thousands of miles of service. Look at these records and you will see what you may expect of the Hudson Super-Six.

The speedway test of 150 miles is more trying than the thousands of miles you will drive with your car.

You want to know what the car you buy now is likely to cost in maintenance. You want to know how much time it will be in the repair shop after a half season's use. Do not these proofs persuade you to buy a Hudson Super-Six? They should. 37,000 have already bought and they have added to these records their own experiences with the Hudson Super-Six.

There are eight body types on the Hudson Super-Six. The Phaeton 7-passenger car sells at $1650 at Detroit.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1917.

AGAINST AMERICA.

Unwelcome as the fact may be, it is no longer possible to doubt that there are in the United States Senate men who intend to do all that in them lies to make the war a failure. Whatever their motive may be, they intend to work against the interests, the welfare, and the success of the United States in its life-and-death grapple with Germany. Each war measure that comes up is to be thwarted, hindered, and, if possible, emasculated. When open opposition will best serve their turn, that will be their course; when that is not safe, they will raise side issues and insert amendments which are not relevant, for the purpose of dividing the counsels of the people.

The Food Control bill has been dealt with in both these ways, and now the announcement that the Aviation bill is to meet with open opposition puts beyond a doubt the suspicion which the course of these men had already raised in the mind of the public. When the War Revenue bill came up, the method of obstruction by entanglement was adopted. The same course was followed with the Food Control bill. Irrelevant and exciting questions, of which the most effective was liquor prohibition, were introduced, and irrelevant amendments inserted, the obvious purpose being to raise up with each amendment new enemies for the measure as a whole. That stage has been passed, and now there is a change of tactics; the measure is being opposed in the open, sometimes, as in the instance of the preposterous attack on Mr. HOOVER, on the most flimsy and trivial grounds.

The bill to give the United States a great air service is now to be opposed, and apparently the tactics of open opposition are considered the most effective in this case. The aim is not to defeat the measure, of course, but to delay it as long as possible, so as to keep that branch of the army from inflicting any damage on Germany until the last moment to which opposition can be prolonged. Similarly, it was never expected that food control could be defeated, only that it could be delayed until its effectiveness as a war measure could be lessened as much as possible, and so that those who are making their profits out of high prices would gain as much time as possible for their speculations.

Since we are in this war, we must win or Germany must win; there is no other outcome. Anybody who labors against our military preparations works for our defeat and for Germany's victory. The Senators who have taken this course of action must be presumed to know that. The country will care very little what reasons they may allege for their course, and very much for the obvious effect and result of their work. That result is both sinister and singular. And the country will not forget that the men who now, in time of war, are doing these things, are the men whose course before war broke out was that course which gave most satisfaction to the friends of Germany.

THE MARTYRS.

Sympathy offered to the stout-hearted women who have gone to the workhouse in Washington for displaying their woman suffrage banners and creating a disturbance in front of the White House would be an impertinence, an affront. Admiration, not sympathy, not pity, is the martyr's crown. Justice, and it was never more just, gave to these women the choice of paying a fine of $25 each or going to the workhouse for sixty days. They elected sixty days in the workhouse, so their detention is voluntary. Their attitude is that they suffer an outrage because of their zeal for a noble cause.

This is not the attitude of society, of the vast majority of their countrymen and country-women. Irrespective of the merits and nobility of their cause, their behavior was not merely unlawful, it was scandalous and offensive to the country, it aroused the indignation of right-thinking men and women. We are at war, the greatest responsibility rests upon the Chief Executive of the nation, the people instinctively feel that to subject him at the present moment to any propaganda, expression of annoyance in an act verging upon disloyalty. These women did what the law forbade them to do, they defied the command of the police authority. It is right they should suffer the penalty of their misdoing, and, in view of the unseemly and disgraceful character of their demonstrations in front of the White House as well as their obvious pride in what they call martyrdom, sympathy for them would be misplaced.

The women suffragists of England for some years sought to force their cause upon the attention and acceptance of Englishmen by disorderly behavior. When the war began they adopted saner, wiser, more effective tactics. They did noble service for the nation, they made Englishmen feel that they were worthy of the ballot, and they got it. These misguided propagandists in Washington are doing their utmost to convince the country that they ought not to have the right to vote. Like the I. W. W., a good many of the Socialists, and others engaged in class war, these women put the success of their cause above everything else on earth, even above the interest of the nation, confronted by the perils of the great war. This is denial and repudiation of the very essence of patriotism. To obstruct the Government in preparing for war and in the conduct of war is evidence not of fitness, but of unworthiness, to have a share in directing its policies.

THE FUSION TICKET.

The Fusion Committee has renominated and the citizens will re-elect next Fall Mayor MITCHEL, Controller PRENDERGAST, President of the Borough of Manhattan MARKS, and President of the Borough of Brooklyn POUNDS. "Their record is their platform." For President of the Board of Aldermen, Fire Commissioner ADAMSON is nominated, whose work in the Fire Department is his more than sufficient platform. It is a ticket not of promises, but of tried, successful, fruitful achievement. Doubtless the candidates yet to be selected for Presidents of the other three boroughs will be worthy of their company.

"We have had the best administration under Mayor MITCHEL the city "has known," says Mr. HUGHES, writing there a majority opinion. "The "Republican Party could not afford "to be responsible for the defeat of "Fusion," Mr. HUGHES adds. Governor WHITMAN supports Fusion. Most of the Republicans will.

Lest any Republicans should wander in the darkness, a petition will be circulated to give all the Fusion nominees a place on the official ballot. Thus, whatever little games may be dealt in the primaries, all the Fusion candidates will be before the voters at the election. If amateurs, the gentlemen of the Fusion Nominating Committee were not born yesterday; some of the wisdom of the serpent is in them. We will leave it to the Hon. JACOB LIVINGSTON if that isn't so.

It is a pleasure to notice, among the organizations represented at the meeting of the Nominating Committee, some of the best and strongest of the labor unions. They approve the running of the city for the benefit of its citizens, not for the benefit of politicians.

Tammany is contributing, through Senator WAGNER, its mite, unconsciously, to the Fusion cause. With noble vocipotence he bewails Fusion administration as a cloak for Republicanism, a tool of all the Octopuses, "not a democratic form of government." The record of that administration is a fact. Against it Tammany has nothing but ancient Populist rhetoric and the vain nostrums of a dishonest socialism.

SPEEDING UP THE RAILWAYS.

The Chairman of the Railway War Board announced yesterday that passenger trains aggregating over sixteen million miles a year had been saved by its processes of operating the railways as a unit. In this manner over a million tons of coal had been made available for other uses of which the country stands more in need. Train crews and motive power also had thus been practically created, and the general situation of tension in transportation is thus undergoing relaxation. On a single railway, over three million miles of passenger train service had been stopped, and there are several which saved a million miles each. This is good news. It spells profit for the railways, with the minimum of inconvenience to the public. It is hard to believe that any necessary travel accommodations have been withheld, for the amount of complaint is small. In other countries there have been both reduction of accommodations and increase of fares, and complaint has been great.

Our freight service has been increased, with the assistance of methods of administration of equipment obviating the necessity of decrease in accommodations. Shippers are co-operating in quicker loading and unloading, and thus setting cars free for other users. Carloads have been increased, and engine power which had been wasted has been put to hauling longer trains. The capacity of 779,000 cars has been added without buying the cars, and three billion ton miles have been added within a single month. No nation outside of the United States has a total service equal to the addition to the railway facilities of this country.

There are those who will wonder why this was not done before, and who will regard it as implying the vindication of the Interstate Commerce Commission in its advice that the railways should not ask higher rates until they had made better use of the earning power of their existing facilities. That leaves out of account that the railways are now being helped where they were hindered, and that their prospective profits will come from withholding many free or unnecessary services which their customers were constantly asking and getting without any increase of rates. Free storage, lighterage, frequency of train service, luxury of travel were among forms of competition of service which succeeded competition in rates. That form of competition has been checked, if not stopped, with the result that the customers of the railways are getting a larger aggregate of service of a lower standard of accommodation. The luxuries have given way to necessities, and a great deal is being endured which would have aroused spirited protest under other conditions.

This intensive development is not lightly to be criticised. The addition of the theoretical equivalent of 35,000 miles of railway is a blessing, however accomplished, under conditions of restraint of trade processes. But it is not to be overlooked that there is also need of extensive development of our railway systems. New territory needs to be opened for our growing population, and new farms made accessible for the increase of our food supply. Of this there is not a trace. Also it is to be remembered that, instead of increases of rates, trade is submitting to embargoes as a method of breaking congestion which would have been better relieved by improvements of terminal facilities. In other words, railway customers are eating "war bread." When conditions become normal, will they demand their old superfluities, given by the railways to maintain their volume of trade? Or will the railways feel emboldened to withhold their gratuities, a species of rebate from one point of view, and devote their economies to developing their systems, instead of getting funds by an increase of rates? So long as the roads are choked with traffic, their condition is not likely seriously to deteriorate, and may be expected to improve. But when conditions become normal and the railway customers become aggressive, or even hostile, instead of co-operators, it will be necessary to turn a page either forward or backward.

NO FOOD FOR THE ENEMY.

Twelve Dutch ships and one Norwegian, with cargoes of wheat, corn, oats, and oilcake, started from an American port last Friday to cross the Atlantic, thus avoiding the export license rules which were to be in force two days later. It is understood that they had no safe conduct letters from the British Government. Dispatches from Washington say that if they pass the British blockade the neutrals will gain nothing by this venture, because the cargoes will be charged against the total for which licenses are to be granted. This indicates that our Government intends to permit the shipment of some specified quantity of foodstuffs to those countries, from which Germany has been receiving, and still receives, an essential part of her food supply.

The question whether Holland, Denmark, Norway, and Sweden should have any more wheat and feed for livestock from this country is one of the highest importance. Germany's need of food imports from them is greater now than it has been at any other time during the war. Mr. POLLEN, the British naval expert now in Washington, said in last Sunday's TIMES:

> If all the Scandinavian countries are rationed down to their own absolute necessities, with nothing left over to ship to the enemy, either across the border from Holland and Denmark or through the sound from Sweden and Norway, Germany cannot possibly go on.

Germany's food supply is very low, and the crops now to be harvested are small. Gloomy testimony about them in the Dutch and Danish press caused the Berlin Government to misrepresent their condition some weeks ago. But the farmers denounced this misrepresentation, and partial failure of crops has since been admitted. Hope that a separate peace with Russia might open the door for imports from that country has come to nothing. Realising that our Government's action may deprive her of what she must have, if she continues to fight, Germany says in her press that we are trying to "crush and annihilate" the neutrals. These countries, by sales to our enemy, have been robbing their own people. A large part of the food exported has been needed at home. There is proof of this in the riots at Rotterdam and Amsterdam, and the protests of Scandinavian workingmen. In Denmark last week it was proposed by a Minister that the Government should take control of the harvest, to prevent famine. There is no fodder for the country's cattle. While it was available, thousands of cattle were sent to Germany every month. Holland wants American fodder to be used in making meat, butter, milk, and cheese for the Germans. In all these countries a small part of the population has profited greatly by reason of the German trade, while the majority have suffered on account of high prices and a reduction of supplies. And much of this export trade has been carried on in violation of agreements with the Entente Allies.

We should compel the neutrals to be satisfied with the cargoes now crossing the ocean. No licenses should be granted for the shipment of American wheat, fodder grain, or oilcake to them. By their exports to our enemy they have prolonged the war. We must not help them now to delay the coming of peace. We have soldiers in Europe. American food must not be used to nourish and support those who will strive to kill them.

CHANGES IN THE BRITISH CABINET.

British public opinion, always prone to criticism of the Government, has been made especially savage by the submarine campaign and the air raids. Some of the present changes in the Ministry seem curious if regarded as sops to that criticism. In the pitiless necessities of war one might suppose that a Minister, tried and found wanting, would be "scrapped" for good. Mr. AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN was not actually forced out of the India Office by the report on the Kut-el-Amara campaign. He resigned voluntarily. It was the honorable thing for him to do, though his responsibility was official and technical rather than personal, but he had his hand in a disaster, and he refused to remain in office. His successor, MR. EDWARD SAMUEL MONTAGU, Minister of Munitions in the Asquith Cabinet, is an able man, who has been Under Secretary for India, and who, it was thought, would become Minister of Reconstruction, as he has been head of the Reconstructive Committee, now promoted into a Department. This shifting of men from the posts for which they were originally intended is rather humorous and recalls TROLLOPE'S Parliamentary novels. WINSTON CHURCHILL was to be the revivifying genius of the Air Board, but too many unextinguished enmities forbade that, for the present. So he displaces Dr. CHRISTOPHER ADDISON as Minister of Munitions, and the displaced doctor is made not Minister of Health, a yet-to-be-created post which had been allotted to him, but Minister without portfolio in Charge of Reconstruction. If this seems rather a haphazard way of partially rebuilding a Cabinet, it is the habitual British way, the way of compromise and adjustment.

Mr. WINSTON SPENCER CHURCHILL, with the glories of Antwerp and Gallipoli thick upon him, might seem a singular addition to a Cabinet which Mr. CHAMBERLAIN leaves for a milder failure; but Mr. CHURCHILL is an indefatigable, robust, active figure, with a dangerous "nuisance value" in the House of Commons, with a considerable focus and following. He is a forcible and unsinkable personage, whose inexhaustible energy is sometimes unfortunately directed, and whose sometimes unhappy language recalls his gentle ancestress, SARAH JENNINGS, Duchess of Marlborough. He has his chance of rehabilitation now. There must be some vital force in a man who has broken into the Cabinet again after his performances at the Admiralty.

SIR EDWARD CARSON, the reason for whose loud and majestic indispensability is hidden from American eyes, has been a competent and successful First Lord of the Admiralty; why is he not retained in that office? If he hasn't been, why is he rewarded with a seat on the War Board, Mr. BONAR LAW politely retiring? To be Chancellor of the Exchequer and leader of the House is enough work for any man, but recognition of the fact was delayed until Sir EDWARD had to be provided for. And why does he have to be provided for? The Sinn Fein seems to be at least prosperous enough in Ireland without any further encouragement by the Cabinet.

The War Cabinet consists principally of Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, so that the insertion of another Conservative there to reinforce Lord MILNER and Earl CURZON may be unimportant. The Liberals and Radicals may have a different opinion.

Sir ERIC GEDDES, late Controller of the Navy, the new head of the Admiralty, a railroad man with four years of American experience, has done notably well everything he has taken hold of since Lord KITCHENER set him to work. He seems to have a genius for administration, an almost infallible eye for competency, a gift of getting the best out of men. He is young. He doesn't care a rap for precedent and red tape. He will have no barnacles on the Admiralty.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Mrs. Humiston on the Police Department.

Mrs. GRACE HUMISTON, whose brilliant achievement in the Cocchi case and whose long intimate knowledge of police conditions make her an impeccable witness, is far from joining in the hue and cry with which the enemies of Mayor MITCHEL'S administration are pursuing the Police Department. Nobody knows better than Tammany, with its wealth of experience, how insincere and trifling is the talk about "graft" in that department, so admirably managed and disciplined by Commissioner WOODS. Some dishonesty there must always be in so large a force, but the present Commissioner seeks to punish it and root it out, instead of protecting it and sharing in it, as was the good old Tammany plan. And what a falling off from the cornucopia of "pantatalism" to this "monkey wrench" business!

Mrs. HUMISTON tells The World that she has known the Police Department for years, that "it has never been better managed, even under Commissioner BINGHAM, and there has never been less graft than today." She notes the unfairness of condemning the department on account of a few rotten apple "grafters." As to the Cocchi case she says:

> In simple faith and sincerity I wish to state that Commissioner Woods has at all times (even when he disagreed entirely with my theories) aided me with all the power and all the moral support at his command. Under the most trying circumstances, and even when he had everything to lose and nothing to win, he has always been a real man, and every citizen of New York should know this and give him the meed of praise that I know to be his due.

Final testimony from the best source, corroborating the belief of all the fair-minded.

Prohibition in Ponce de Leon's Rich Harbor.

The great majority, more than 88,000, by which Porto Rico has "gone dry," is more than a little surprising, gratifying as it must be to the Prohibitionists to see the "bone-dry" wave mighty on the Caribbean. San Juan ratified Kansas by more than two to one, and all the other cities of size put themselves on virtue's side.

Should the prohibition triumph be attributed to the sympathy of the Porto Riqueños with the sweep of prohibition on the mainland, or a tenderness to prohibition as a "war measure," an economic help, not a means of social salvation? The Porto Rico natives, or most of them, are not in a position to waste money; and, unless they have very recently deteriorated, they are one of the soberest of folk, true inheritors of the Spanish sobriety. The rum of the country is a little too keen for unaccustomed palates; and the climate doesn't invite to alcohol. It is said that if a Porto Riqueño wishes to get drunk he performs the rite in the seclusion of his home. A public exhibition would be an ineffaceable disgrace. "Borrachon," "soak," is the most vigorous and undeserved epithet to "hurl" at an enemy. The sociological eye finds small alcoholic iniquity in Porto Rico. The stranger in the gates may sin, but surely not, of these, the blameless East Indians; nor is the West India negro given to strong potations. The harmless, unnecessary bottle of Spanish or French wine in the hotels cannot be blamed. Have the Porto Riqueños, one of the quietest and most courteous of peoples, guiltless in their own case of the "evils of drink," philanthropically or humorously sought to save the other Americans in the island? 'Twere to consider too curiously to consider so. In these oanicular rages it is more grateful to think of flower-rich cool patios, the voice of fountains, and a long, long temperate "horse's neck" of a drink.

Criticism of the Law and Breaking the Law.

The District Attorney and the Magistrate who prosecuted and sentenced a pamphleteer who suggested that the Government was not living up to the Constitution have been set right by Justice HENDRICK of the Supreme Court. Ninety days in the workhouse is too severe a punishment for that offense, whether the writer were right or wrong. The prisons would hardly hold the persons guilty of that offense. Justice HENDRICK said:

> The persistence of the representative of the people arises from a misconception of the distinction between an incitement to violate the law and a criticism of the law. * * * Aliens have the right to criticise the law as it exists, the right to agitate for a repeal of the law, just the same as citizens.

That is the doctrine of free speech. The line is drawn against incitements to disobey the law, and even more decidedly against actual breach of the law. That was laid down almost simultaneously in a Federal Court in Baltimore. The charge was conspiracy to cause young men to evade the draft. Judge ROSS directed acquittal, saying that it is every man's right to hold and express any opinion he pleases about any law, even to the point of urging repeal. He may make any argument he pleases, and is not responsible for its soundness. The Judge continued:

> But there is one limit; so long as the law is the law, it is the duty of every man to obey it, and he may not, under color or pretense of arguing against the wisdom of the law, or of advocating its repeal, do anything with intent to procure its violation.

That is where the British suffragettes made their mistake, in common with our own distinguished prisoners at Washington. They are not in the workhouse for their opinions, but for acts which stand on the record as a breach of the rules of behavior for good citizens.

The Foreign-Language Press.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to join your interesting symposium on our foreign-language press by relating a personal experience of mine with my good friend, the late Herman Ridder, who, as everybody who knew him knows, spoke a broken German and would hardly have been able to write an editorial in the language of Goethe and of his idol, Prince Bismarck.

It was ten or twelve years ago. I came to see the editor of the Staats-Zeitung on an important matter. He referred me to the city editor. I began, of course, to speak in German. What was my amasement when the gentleman frankly confessed not to understand German!

May I ask your correspondents not to put in the same class the German sheets and the papers printed in Italian, Swedish, the Slavic and Oriental languages? The latter have a real educational value for their readers, most of whom, with very little school education, come to this country at an adult age and are really taught by their respective vernacular dailies and periodicals the elements of the political-social code of the United States.

The situation is different with the German press. For the last three to four decades there has not been any German immigration which would form a sound, legitimate basis for the 100-odd German dailies and weeklies and monthlies flooding the periodical market. The average German immigrant is fairly educated and picks up the little English he needs in the English press within two to three years after his landing on Ellis Island. In brief, the German press seems to be nothing but the American branch of the Berlin and Vienna Press Bureaus.

VINDOBONIENSIS.
New York, July 17, 1917.

THE HERMIT THRUSH.

My greater song is soundless,
As when the forest's pregnant silences
Stir in earth's womb
Music unborn—of souls singing in dreams—
Lifting to skies eternally expectant,
A chant unechoing—endless!

Betimes from the full heart
Bursts forth the uncontainable magnificat—
A trembling note groping the long-lost key
That tunes with this infinity.
But soundless again I fall,
Silenced by mine own daring,
And deeper sink
Into that brooding womb of listening whispers—
The solitude,
Where God still travails o'er His mighty theme,
The seventh day undeclared!

STEPHENS CHALMERS.

ELKUS URGES RELIEF WORK IN TURKEY

Tells Luncheon Guests of Widespread Misery and Indorses Committee's Work.

CABLE APPEAL FOR AID

Veteran Observer of Conditions Declares 1,500,000 Armenians, Syrians, and Greeks Are Destitute.

Abram I. Elkus, former Ambassador to Turkey, told of the depleted finances of that country and the misery of its people in an address yesterday at the Down Town Association, where he was the guest of Cleveland H. Dodge at a luncheon attended by many prominent men of the city. The former Ambassador said that there was intense suffering among the people, and he urged continued support of the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief, which has been distributing money and food in Turkey.

As this is one of the relief organizations invited to join the centralized plan advocated by the American Red Cross, the high praise paid to it by Mr. Elkus attracted attention. His statement of conditions was confirmed by a cable dispatch from a relief worker in Turkey read at the luncheon, which painted an unusually dark picture of conditions. The number of destitute Armenians, Syrians, and Greeks in Asia Minor, Syria, and Palestine, this dispatch said, was 1,500,000.

"All the people of Turkey, irrespective of race or creed, have suffered severely because of the war," said Mr. Elkus. "Food prices have increased tremendously, and the value of the paper lira, or Turkish pound, has decreased very much in a comparatively short time.

"The Turkish paper pound is nominally worth $4.40. When I arrived in Constantinople about a year ago it was worth in gold $4.20. When I left Constantinople on May 23 it had depreciated to 30 cents gold; yet when American or other relief money was to be sent to Turkey we had to obtain it by selling drafts on the State Department, and often we had to pay as much as $8.50 for a Turkish paper pound. As a draft on the State Department drawn by me was practically gold, you will see the difficulties under which we were laboring."

Mr. Elkus said that relief work had been carried on both by giving money to the deserving and by feeding those who were hungry. Of the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief he said:

"The American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief is known throughout the length and breadth of Turkey, and it is the hope of despairing and hungry people of many faiths, and, in many cases, of many hopes.

"I have no reason to doubt but that the Turkish Government will continue to permit the proper distribution of relief moneys and food, as hetofore; in fact, in conversation with some of the Ministers they assured me there was no objection to it if it was properly carried on. Naturally, they would prefer to have it done through the Red Crescent Society, which is the Turkish organization corresponding to the International Red Cross, but I explained to them that these funds were raised with the understanding that they should be distributed through the Relief Committee and its agents, and that seemed to be entirely satisfactory.

"Besides the immediate problem of relief is the one of rehabilitation which is to take place after the war. Relief is merely temporary, and will serve only to keep alive the hungry and the ill fed. After the war there will arise the great problem of putting the people back in their homes, giving them farming tools with which to work, loaning them money with which to buy supplies and agricultural implements, and do all those things which are necessary to make a people self-supporting."

Mr. Elkus said that the success of relief work in Turkey had been due to the faithfulness and disinteredness of volunteer workers. Most of these were American men and women who served without pay.

"No words are sufficient to pay a proper tribute to these self-sacrificing men and women for their splendid work," he said.

The cablegram dispatch telling of conditions among the war sufferers came from W. W. Peet, in Berne, until recently a resident of Constantinople for 40 years, and was sent to Dr. James L. Barton, Chairman of the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief, by way of Berne, Switzerland. It was as follows:

Berne, July 17, 1917.

I estimate the number of deported, destitute Armenians, Syrians, and Greeks, now in Asia Minor, Syria, and Palestine, at one and a half millions. Demands for help are inexorable. The imperial policy supports the army at expense of other interests. Bread winners generally have perished through massacre, deportation, or in army. Practically all now destitute were self-supporting before war.

Property taken from these people by military or destroyed in deportations totals millions of dollars. The number of destitute is increased by the deportation of Greeks from the seacoast. Refugees from regions occupied by military are increasing the poverty. Attempts by deported people to engage in self-supporting work are generally prevented. Business paralyzed. Animals requisitioned. Schools and churches generally closed. Buildings used by military. Prices of food and other necessaries of life increased several hundredfold, going higher. Needs greater because needy people are more numerous than last year.

Extermination or material diminution of Christian races greatly deplored, as the hope of future upbuilding lies with this progressive democratic element, which is most useful for regenerating the empire. American and Swiss missionaries remain on the field for continuing the work for distitute as in the past. They are now imploring that we continue usual appropriations.

Funds in Constantinople are exhausted; cannot respond. Swiss committee give, as they are able, from slender income. Swiss ready to send helpers if permission can be obtained for journey and work. Expense of sending fifteen person to reinforce work as follows: For travel, $2,000; maintenance, $600 per month. Repatriation now or at close of war requires consent and co-operation of the existing Government. Much territory, desirable for homes, now scene of military activities, is unavailable.

Expense, on moderate basis, for repatriation, rebuilding homes, seed, animals, tools, necessary for self-supporting life, $8,000,000. Present need is for keeping the people alive. Food, clothing, shelter for the 1,000,000 most needy people, $100,000; supporting 35,000 orphans, $30,000; total needed, monthly, $150,000. As stated in cable of May 21, can forward all funds received.

W. W. PEET.

Robert S. Lovett, head of the Coordination Committee of the Red Cross; George E. Vincent of the Rockefeller Foundation, Mayor Mitchel, Simon Flexner, Oscar S. Straus, Robert W. de Forest, Vance McCormick, Charles M. Hough, Arthur Curtiss James, Henry L. Coffin, John D. Crimmins, H. P. Davison, V. Everit Macy, and John B. Stanchfield were among those who attended the luncheon.

FRANCE TO CONTROL SHIPS.

Official to Regulate Rates and Utilize the Mercantile Fleet.

PARIS, July 18.—Anatole de Monzie, the newly appointed Under Secretary of Maritime Transports, has obtained the Cabinet's approval for the institution of a general control over the mercantile fleet. The decree instituting the measure refers to the increasing diminution of tonnage, due to the submarine war, as necessitating intense rational use of the whole mercantile fleet.

The decree authorizes the Under Secretary to undertake all means to control freight rates and to utilize ships. Every ship of more than one hundred tons must have a license from the Under Secretary, which must be presented at every port entered, in order that the voyage and cargo may be controlled. M. de Monzie has the power to requisition every ship he considers scientific utilized.

REASSURES LOAN TAKERS.

Maximum Cost Small, McAdoo Says, for Liberty Bond Transfers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Secretary McAdoo issued tonight a statement for the purpose of correcting what he characterized as a "misapprehension" regarding conditions affecting the exchange of Liberty bonds and interim certificates of different denominations.

"It is of considerable importance to numerous people throughout the country who have subscribed for $50 or $100 bonds that this misapprehension should be removed," the statement reads. "In the first place, no definitive bonds have as yet been delivered, and there is no charge whatever for the exchange of interim certificates of different denominations, nor will there be any charge, when the definite bonds are ready, for the issue of such bonds, of whatever authorized denominations may be requested, against surrender of an equal aggregate amount of full paid interim certificates of whatever denomination. There will be no charge, for instance, for the exchange of ten $100 certificates for one $1,000 bond, nor for the exchange of one $1,000 certificate for ten $100 bonds. Consequently there is no possible reason for any difference in price at the present time on account of the different denominations of the interim certificates.

"In the second place, the provision of Department Circular 78, dated May 14, 1917, in relation to the interchange of bonds of different denominations, is to the effect that such interchange will be made upon payment, if the Secretary of the Treasury shall require, of a charge not exceeding $1 for each new bond issued upon such exchange.' The Secretary of the Treasury has not determined whether, when the definitive bonds have once been issued, to require the payment of any charge for the exchange of bonds of different denominations, nor, if required, what the amount of the charge shall be; but in any event the charge cannot exceed $1 for each new bond issued upon the exchange. Thus, upon surrender of twenty $50 bonds for exchange for one $1,000 bond the maximum possible charge for making the exchange would be $1, since only one new bond would be issued.

"To summarize: The fact is that at present there is no charge, that there will be none until after the interim certificates have been exchanged, free of charge, for bonds of whatever authorized denominations the holders desire, and thereafter a person making an exchange of bonds, (not interim certificates,) for bonds of different denominations, might, if the Secretary of the Treasury should require it, be obliged to pay an amount which could not exceed $1 for each new bond issued upon such exchange, the amount of which charge would be quite unaffected by the number or denominations of the old bonds surrendered for exchange."

CHANGE IN ITALY'S CABINET.

Admiral Delbono Succeeds Triangi as Minister of Marine.

ROME, July 18.—Vice Admiral Delbono has been appointed Minister of Marine to succeed Vice Admiral Arturo Triangi.

On June 4 Italy heard for the first time that on the preceding day the Italian General Ferrero, commander of the army of occupation in Albania, had proclaimed the unity and independence of that State under the protection of the Kingdom of Italy. Ferrero had done so under the direction of the Italian Foreign Minister, Baron Sonnino.

Sonnino finally explained that the Albanian proclamation had been a necessary preliminary to King Constantine's deposition in Greece. The crisis, however, had revealed the weakness of the purely political coalition, and the King privately hinted to both Premier Boselli and Sonnino, seconded by General Cadorna, that the time had arrived for the State to have a genuine "War Cabinet." This was done, proceeding very slowly and secretly, so that none of the factions which surrounded each member could unite and seriously obstruct the program. General Gaetano Grandinn was selected as Minister of War, General Dall' Olio as Minister of Armaments and Munitions, and Ricardo Bianci as Minister of Transportation, to succeed Enrico Arlotta, then with the Italian mission in the United States, and now Minister without portfolio. On June 17 Vice Admiral Arturo Triangi quietly took over the portfolio of Marine from Admiral Thaon di Revel, but it is understood that he did so only temporarily until a stronger man could be found. Vice Admiral Delbono, who now succeeds him, is little known outside of Italian naval circles.

ALBANIANS SEEK TERRITORY

Ask Italy to Demand for Them Epirus and Part of Serbia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18. — Word reached Washington today that leaders of the Albanians have appealed to the Italian Government to represent them and their interests at the Allied Conference which is to be held soon in Paris.

The Albanians asked that Italy prevent any attempt to diminish the importance of the Albanian race and population on the eastern shore of the Adriatic, and that the Italian representatives at the conference be instructed to insist upon the restoration to Albania of the land betwen Antivari, Prevesa, Podgoritsa, Uskub and Kumanovo, and Florina down to the Vardar River. This so-called restoration would require a rectification of the southern boundary of Albania as established by the London Conference in 1915, which was not satisfactory to the Albanians.

Whether or not the Allies will grant the Albanian request was thought today to depend chiefly upon the attitude of Greece, and it is believed that Greece will oppose the demand. Greece, on the contrary, desires Northern Epirus, which is included within the Albanian territory, asserting that it is populated largely by persons of Greek nationality. Greeks assert that most of the difficulties which have been experienced in the present southern part of Albania have been occasioned by the restlessness of the Greeks under foreign rule.

Italy, it is understood, will not clash with Greek aspirations, but as protector of Albania will look after the latter's interests.

APPEAL FOR FRENCH BABIES

Mutualite Maternelle Asks Aid of American Mothers.

An appeal to the American people to aid in the work of the Mutualite Maternelle de Paris has been issued by A. Paul Deschanel, President of the French Chamber of Deputies. The object of the society is to aid the wives of French soldiers and to care for their young children so that infant mortality may be reduced. Before the war, the appeal says, the work of the society was carried on without requests for assistance from other nations, but now the increased burdens caused by the war and difficulty of raising money for charity have forced France to appeal to America.

In speaking of the desire to expand the work the appeal says: "We apply once more to all American mothers, kind hearts beating in unison, beyond the ocean, with those of French mothers."

J. P. Morgan & Co. have offered to receive contributions for the work of the society, and Charles Henry Meltzer has been appointed agent here.

CURBS ALL TOBACCO SALES.

British Board of Trade Has Authority Over All Dealings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—American Consul General Skinner reported to the State Department from London today that further restrictions on British trading in tobacco had been made public.

"Tobacco restriction order No. 2," says the report, "requires all persons owning or having power to dispose of manufactured or unmanufactured tobacco to place stocks at disposal of the Board of Trade. No tobacco shall be delivered from ship's side except into bonded warehouse, and no delivery shall be taken from bonded warehouse without consent of Board of Trade.

"No person shall buy or sell tobacco without consent of Board of Trade. No person shall sell tobacco, wholesale or retail, at prices exceeding prices fixed from time to time by Board of Trade. Previous tobacco restrictions order is revoked."

JAMES SPEYER BARS FLAGS OF THE ALLIES

Lends Houses to Patriotic Women on Condition That Only Stars and Stripes Be Flown.

AN ANTE-WAR AGREEMENT

Use of Buildings Accepted by the League Before America Entered Contest.

The flags of the Allies have flown from the headquarters of most patriotic organizations since the entrance of the United States into the war. A notable exception is the national headquarters of the League for Women's Service at 257 and 259 Madison Avenue, where hang the Stars and Stripes alone.

The reason is that when James Speyer, the banker, gave the National League for Women's Service the use of the two buildings as a headquarters he specified that no flag except the American should fly from his property. It was said by officials of the league yesterday that the arrangement with Mr. Speyer had been made by Miss Anne Morgan before the United States entered the war. The league moved into the Madison Avenue buildings on April 27. The United States declared war on April 7. It was said that Mr. Speyer gave the use of the buildings about four weeks before the league moved in. It was also said that the conditions under which the buildings were used had not been altered and that the matter had not been considered.

Mr. Speyer is in Santa Barbara, Cal. In response to a message from THE TIMES he sent a telegram last night in which he said:

> I beg to refer you to Miss Maud Wetmore, President of the league, who will confirm it was understood that none but our own national colors should be displayed from these Madison Avenue houses.
>
> It is known that there had been some gossip directed at the league because of the conditions under which it occupies the buildings, but the officials of the league have taken the stand that their work is patriotic enough to speak for itself and they are very grateful to Mr. Speyer for the quarters, which used to be the banker's home.

Mrs. Coffin Van Rensselaer, speaking for the league in the absence of Miss Wetmore, who is in Newport, yesterday confirmed the condition Mr. Speyer had imposed upon the league when it took his buildings.

"The negotiations with Mr. Speyer were conducted by Miss Anne Morgan, who is now in Europe," said Mrs. Van Rensselaer. "Mr. Speyer donated the building so kindly before the United States entered the war. As I understand the situation he said that he was willing to give the National League for Women's Service the use of his property, understanding fully what our work was, but that he didn't wish the flag of France flying from his property, or he may have said the flags of any other nation than America. We knew how the sympathies of Mr. Speyer were at that time; that he was not for the conquest of Germany at that time and we thought he had a perfect right to impose that restriction. He saw no reason why this, an American organization, should fly any other than the American flag.

"Since we have moved into the quarters which Mr. Speyer so kindly gave and prepared for us, we have respected his request. It was the courteous thing to do. We have continued to occupy the quarters without any negotiations with Mr. Speyer, and the question of flags has never been seriously mentioned until now. I do not think it makes any difference. I think it is a very pickayune thing to lay emphasis on. It can only serve to hurt our feelings and injure the work of the league.

"I shall make it very plain to Mr. Speyer that the league has nothing to do with the publication of this and that it is no party to any criticism of him. I am sure he is a patriotic citizen. He has helped our cause immeasurably by giving us the use of these buildings. I am sure the whole thing has been started by some disgruntled person with an ulterior motive."

Mr. Speyer is a member of an old German banking family. He was born in New York City in 1861, the son of Gustavus Spey

SENATE INSURGENTS BLOCK AVIATION BILL

Hardwick and Owen Objecting, an Immediate Vote on Rush Measure Is Prevented.

DRAFT FEATURE ATTACKED

Vardaman Insists Conscription Is Un-American—Possibility of Graft Is Suggested.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The Administration's $640,000,000 Aviation bill struck a snag today when Senator Chamberlain of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs attempted to have it put through the Senate by unanimous consent. Senators Hardwick of Georgia and Owen of Oklahoma objected to its being voted on, and under the rules it had to go over.

The delay in reaching a vote on the bill, which is backed by more than two-thirds of the Senate, is expected to hold it up for only a few days at the most. Senator Chamberlain cannot call it up again until early next week, when its passage is practically assured.

"The War and Navy Departments want this bill to pass so as to rush work on airplanes, which, they say, will play a vital part in the winning of this war," said Senator Chamberlain in bringing up the measure. "I believe the whole country wants it and that debate is useless."

Senator Hardwick insisted that debate was not "useless," unless the bill was amended so as to prevent resorting to the selective draft in getting aviators wanted in the flying service. He offered an amendment to that effect.

Senator Owen offered an amendment to put authority to handle the $640,000,000 appropriation embraced in the bill with a Government commission.

"That is a big sum of money, and I don't hesitate to say that graft might creep in unless great care were used in handling it," declared Senator Owen.

We must throw ample safeguards around the expenditure of these huge sums for war uses."

Senator Vardaman of Mississippi spoke against drafting men for the air corps.

"I cannot support any bill that embraces conscription service," he said. "I dont want to delay the passage of this bill, but intend voting against it unless it is altered so the air service men shall be confined to volunteers.

"It is gratifying to me to read that our brethren in Canada are opposing conscription. It is a manifestation of independence and patriotism. I say it was an unhappy day when America came to conscription. It's un-American.

"I am against conscription. I am opposed to bridling freedom of speech or the press. I am against anything that operates as a padlock upon the freedom of Americans."

Senator Owen read a newspaper article which estimated that the $640,000,000 appropriation would provide for only 22,000 war planes and wanted the Senate to investigate how the money was to be spent before passing the bill. Senator Chamberlain challenged the newspaper estimate as incorrect, saying the Government could build many more than 22,000 machines with the money. He impressed the urgency of aviation development without delay.

Senator Reed, a member of the Military Committee, said there were provisions to which some committee members objected. After a discussion it was concluded the bill should be reported without amendments and that the Senate should pass it that way. Senator Weeks said he understood there were sufficient aviation corps applications to meet requirements and he doubted if draft would be necessary.

When Senator Reed suggested that with further discussion action might have been procured today Senator La Follette emphatically interjected: "I do not think so."

Senator Jones of Washington said he feared a great part of the money would be spent in organization of the bill authorizing many Generals, brigades, and regiments.

The delay in the Senate on the Aviation bill was displeasing to members of the House Committee on Military Affairs, to whom Secretary Baker recently furnished highly confidential information concerning the aviation program and the need for expediting construction of airplanes. That America's chances of winning the war may be lessened by an appreciable delay was the fear expressed by House members.

Representative Julius Kahn of California, ranking Republican of the House Committee, was outspoken in his views. When he was asked if the War Department's plans were such that a delay in legislation might make difficult the control of the air, he said:

"That is quite true. In the Committee on Military Affairs we are in possession of startling information, and I may say that any one who attempts to stop the progress of the Aviation bill cannot know what the results may be. Furthermore, there should be no discussion of the details. The House did a remarkable thing in passing this greatest single defense measure without discussing the details of the military plans, which under no circumstances should become known."

Members of the House Committee feel that any attempt to delay the Aviation bill amounts to a delay in winning the war, and they are exceedingly hopeful the Senate will not engage in a protracted debate on the measure which the War Department declares to be of immediate necessity.

ARCTIC EXPLORERS REPORT.

Crocker Land Expedition Cheerful on Bread Like Cement.

Word has been received of the Crocker land expedition in the Far North by Henry Fairfield Osborn, President of the American Museum of Natural History, in letters from Dr. Edmund Otis Hovey, dated Nov. 16, 1916, who led one of the relief expeditions to bring back the party which is in charge of Duncan B. MacMillan. This expedition was sent out in 1913 under the auspices of the American Museum of Natural History, the Geographical Society, and the University of Illinois. It has been one of the most costly scientific expeditions on record, owing to the fact that three relief parties have been sent out for it.

"If no relief comes next year," says Dr. Hovey, "we shall be unable to heat the house, our supply of white man's food will be exceedingly limited, if not exhausted, and we shall be obliged to distribute ourselves among Eskimo igloos, here and elsewhere, and live with and like them.

"Our white biscuit (army bread) is more or less damaged by mold, but Mac and I prefer the whole wheat anyway, and usually leave the white for the Captain and Joy, whose teeth are not as good as ours. The makers of the wholewheat biscuit evidently wondered if they would hold together and provided for breakage by mixing a little cement, we believe. We feel that the condition of the food is remarkable, because it has been out four years and was stored in New York a year before that. However, we all plan menus of food we shall have when we get home."

MRS. WOODS OPERATED ON.

Police Commissioner's Wife Suffered Sudden Attack of Appendicitis.

Mrs. Arthur Woods, wife of the Police Commissioner, underwent an operation for appendicitis early yesterday morning at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton, 82 East Thirty-sixth Street. It was announced last evening that Mrs. Woods was resting comfortably, and the operation was declared to be a complete success.

Mrs. Woods had been at her Summer home at Sterling, N. Y., and came to town on Tuesday for a visit. Shortly before midnight she was taken ill, and Dr. Adrian H. Lambert, the Hamilton family physician, was summoned. He diagnosed the case as appendicitis, and advised an immediate operation. Commissioner Woods was with his wife, and it was decided to have the operation performed at the Hamilton home.

Mrs. Woods before her marriage to the Commissioner on June 10, 1916, was Miss Helen Morgan Hamilton, and is a granddaughter of the late J. Pierpont Morgan.

GEN. D. E. AUSTEN BURIED.

Volley Is Fired Over His Grave in Trinity Cemetery.

The funeral of General David E. Austen, former Colonel of the Thirteenth Regiment of the State Militia, who died on Sunday at Mountain Lakes, N. J., was held yesterday afternoon. Military services were held at 1:30 o'clock in the armory of the Thirteenth Regiment in Brooklyn, where the body lay in state. The eulogy was pronounced by the Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, Chaplain of the regiment. To the beat of muffled drums, the Thirteenth, with a detachment of the Forty-seventh Regiment, marched with the cortège from the armory, at Sumner and Putnam Avenues, to Hanson Place and Flatbush Avenue.

The body was taken to Grace Church, Manhattan, where the Ninth Coast Defense Command was drawn up as a guard of honor. Following the services in the church, the burial took place in Trinity Cemetery, Manhattan. A detail from the Seventh Regiment fired a volley over the grave as the body was lowered.

EXPLAIN THE DELAY IN RED CROSS GIFTS

Corporation Dividends Reach the War Fund Committee in Roundabout Fashion.

SOME ARE NOT YET DUE

More Business Men Volunteer to Help the New York Chapter's "Pay Day Campaign."

The War Fund Committee of the Red Cross in New York City yesterday received $24,916 from shareholders in corporations which declared special Red Cross dividends in the $100,000,000 campaign, raising the total received from this source to date to about $300,000. While this is not as much as had been expected, or desired, the committee, it was said, was not discouraged. Its members expressed confidence that in the end these shareholders would be found to be doing their part toward alleviating suffering among the wounded and in furthering the humanitarian work of the Red Cross, and that when the books finally were closed very few of them would be shown to have withheld the money tentatively pledged by the Directors of corporations to the war fund.

This explanation was inspired by the fact that reports have been published which indicated that only about 7 per cent. of the dividends declared by the corporations were being turned in, and that there was great danger that the war fund, which appeared to be $100,000,000 from the figures, would actually shrink far below the $100,000,000 needed by the Red Cross to put into effect its great plan of rehabilitation and relief. In the absence of Seward Prosser, the head of the committee who is in Massachusetts, no formal statement could be obtained on this matter from Red Cross officials, but one of those who has been close to Mr. Prosser in the work explained the attitude of the committee as follows:

"Were the rest of the corporation dividends to come in as slowly and on as low a percentage basis as they have come up to the present time it would be a serious thing for the fund," he said, "but I do not for a moment think they will. I do not think the percentage of slackers among shareholders in corporations is that great. The dividends have been slow in coming in because they have been coming in in a roundabout fashion.

"Some of them, instead of being sent to the committee headquarters direct, have been turned in to local chapters, and still others have been sent in in the form of checks, with no reference to the fact that they represented special Red Cross corporation dividends. I predict that from now on these dividends will come in much faster. We have sent out letters informing the shareholders of the imperative necessity for promptness in turning in the money, and they will bear fruit.

"Furthermore, many of the dividends are not due yet, and when they are I am sure most of them will be sent to the Red Cross."

According to this representative of the committee, the total of corporation dividends credited to the New York office of the Red Cross was $17,000,000 in round numbers. The corporation dividends declared throughout the nation reached $29,800,000 in round numbers. The percentage of returns from shareholders in other cities was said to be about the same as in New York.

Of the $24,916 paid by the shareholders to the New York office yesterday, $20,751.50 came from the Anaconda Copper Company. This company declared a special Red Cross dividend of $1,165,000, and of this only about $25,000 has been received thus far. The committee also received yesterday $876 from the shareholders of the Home Insurance Company; $2,775 from the shareholders of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, and $515.50 from shareholders of the firm of Gaston, Williams & Wigmore.

Including these amounts, the total actually received by the New York Committee thus far, including the cash pledges which bear the signature of the donors, about which there is no question, is $22,260,756.61. Since July 1 the committee has received $638,751.96 in cash contributions, $347,324.95 in payment of pledges, and $6,000 in Liberty bonds.

The resignation of Harvey D. Gibson as Chairman of the New York County Chapter of the Red Cross was read yesterday at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the chapter.

Mr. Gibson was recently appointed general field head of the Red Cross with headquarters at Washington. No successor to him as head of the New York chapter was elected. Leo Arnstein will serve as Acting Chairman until the election is held.

It was announced at the meeting of the committee that Mrs. William Church Osborn had given her house at 38 East Thirty-sixth Street for the use of staff officers and other important visitors to New York in behalf of Red Cross work. Breakfast will be provided for those who avail themselves of the use of the house. It was also announced that Mr. and Mrs. Otto H. Kahn had given the use of their residence at 8 East Sixty-eighth Street for French soldiers and sailors while in New York. Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Davison have offered their house for a similar use by French staff officers while in the city.

Clarence Schmelzel, Republican leader of the Twenty-seventh Assembly District in Manhattan and member of the importing firm of Ross W. Weir & Co, has abandoned his business temporarily to assist the New York chapter in its Pay Day Campaign. He is assisting the Membership and Special Fund Committee, of which Edgar J. Marston is Chairman. Additional enlistments in the Pay Day Campaign, which seeks to secure pledges of one day's pay from every worker in New York City, were announced yesterday. Among them were Rossiter Kellogg of 120 Broadway, who will organize the machine tool industry; Douglass Alexander of the Singer Manufacturing Company, who will organize the sewing machine industry; I. R. Klotz of 120 Broadway, who will organize the coal tar products trade, and William Bayne, who will organize the coffee trade. Earl E. Babst, President of the American Sugar Refining Company, will devote himself to the sugar trade, and Louis Runkel of Runkel Brothers, to the cocoa and chocolate industry. The Amalgamated Lithographers' Union No. 1 is taking an active interest in the Pay Day Campaign, and its 118 delegates will meet tonight to devise plans for recruiting members.

WOMEN BESIEGE CENSOR.

More Than One Hundred Seek Enlistment for Cable Service.

More than 100 women who desire to assist Commander A. B. Hoff, U. S. N., the official cable censor at New York, in carrying out the new regulations regarding the outgoing cables from the United States applied for enlistment in the navy yesterday as chief yeoman and yeoman. The women who are accepted will have the rank and pay of the grade in which they serve. At the headquarters of the Naval Reserve, 26 Cortlandt Street, the offices were crowded with women anxious to enlist in the service of the country. Lieutenant Wright said at noon that the required number of stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, and clerks had been recruited, and that the waiting list numbered more than 100 women.

Lieutenant Wright added that while the clerical and stenographic force had been recruited, there are positions open for women who can qualify as linguists. These women will also be enlisted in the Naval Reserve as yeomen and will receive a monthly salary of $74.

C. VANDERBILT, JR., ENLISTS.

Son of Colonel, Now 19, Is Private, Assigned to Ammunition Train.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., son of Colonel Cornelius Vanderbilt of the Twenty-second Regiment of Engineers, has enlisted as a private in the New York National Guard, and will be mustered into the Federal service for fighting in France. He has been assigned to the ammunition train under command of Colonel Frank H. Hines, but it is probable that he will be transferred to the headquarters troop of military police and dispatch bearers, also under command of Colonel Hines.

The enlistment of young Vanderbilt, who is 19, is the end of a long struggle with his mother for her permission for him to accompany his father to France. He was in the naval training school at Newport last year, but thought he would prefer to be a soldier. He made great efforts to reach the border last Summer when his father was stationed there, but his mother would not consent.

GIVE BRIDE LIBERTY BONDS.

Miss Alice Peltz Weds Lieut. W. H. Wells of 47th N. Y. Infantry.

The marriage of Lieutenant Walter H. Wells, Forty-seventh New York Infantry, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert W. Wells of Elmhurst, and Miss Alice M. Peltz, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Peltz, also of Elmhurst, L. I., took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the East Room of the Waldorf-Astoria. The bride's only attendant was her sister, Miss Florence E. Peltz, and the best man was Lieutenant Albert Smith, Forty-seventh New York Infantry.

The Rev. Percy F. Edrop, chaplain of the Forty-seventh, performed the ceremony. After a brief furlough Lieutenant Wells and Mrs. Wells expect to go to the point where he is stationed in this State, his regiment having been mustered into the Federal service directly after war was declared here. Mrs. Wells's father has for more than twenty years been a member of the staff of The New York Herald. The bride's gifts from both the bridegroom and her parents were Liberty bonds.

Miss Benoist to Wed J. N. Slee, Jr.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 18.—Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Benoist today announced the engagement of their daughter, Anna Wright Benoist, to James Neal Slee, Jr., of New York. Miss Benoist has been visiting Mr. Slee's parents at their Summer home on the Hudson and is at present in Virginia.

Miss Benoist has been one of the most popular society girls in St. Louis since her début several seasons ago. She belongs to one of the old families in St. Louis. She excels in athletics, sings well, and has taken part in many affairs for charity.

Engagements.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Louis Street of Brooklyn announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Conger Street, to Murray McConnel, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred McConnel of Sao Paulo, Brazil. Mr. McConnel has just completed a course of training at Mineola for a First Lieutenancy in the Aviation Section of the Signal Reserve Corps. No date has been set for the wedding, but it will probably take place before Mr. McConnel is ordered to the front.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mills Alden of 521 West 112th Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Constance Murray, to Stanleigh Greene of Hamilton, N. Y., son of Professor John Greene of Colgate University. Miss Murray is a sister of Mrs. Joyce Kilmer and Douglas Murray, who married Miss Margaret L. Barbour last month. Mr. Greene is now at the Officers' Training Camp at Plattsburg and expects to enter the aviation service of the Government shortly.

Mrs. James W. Nichols of 589 West End Avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Harriette Dayton Nichols, to Lieutenant Rex C. Durward, son of Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth W. Durward of London, England. No date has been set for the wedding.

Daughter to Mrs. J. R. Truesdale.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Truesdale are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter at their home at Westbury, L. I. Mrs. Truesdale was formerly Miss Margaret S. Scott, the younger daughter of Judge and Mrs. Francis M. Scott. This is their third daughter, and they also have a son.

TURMOIL IN SPAIN IS MORE MENACING

Government Takes Steps to Prevent Assembling of Rump Parliament Today.

MEMBERS PREPARE TO MEET

Basque Provinces, as Well as Catalonia, Demand Autonomy—Rapid Developments Predicted.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MADRID, (via London) July 18, [Dispatch to the London Daily Chronicle, transmitted indirectly].—Since the last republic, Spain has never passed through a crisis so grave and menacing as this, or more obscure. Senor Dato, the Prime Minister, is a patriotic politician, whom every one thought weak, but who has been showing that he has plenty of energy. Lovers of Spain, however, would like at this moment not too much energy, but rather clear sight and firmness without useless severities, which only help to make the situation more critical.

Official declarations to the effect that there is nothing alarming are contradicted, by the fact that the censorship is more implacable than the Spanish press was ever subjected to before. A good deal of the present uneasiness of public opinion is due to the forced silence of the newspapers.

Fifty per cent. of Spaniards hold that their country is and must remain outside of the war, yet 90 per cent. of the population is suffering all the privations of combatant countries. Since last month the situation has become one of extreme delicacy. The demands of the army, which were fair enough on the whole, have been satisfied for the moment, and various demands of railway men and State employes have been at least listened to. No doubt this sort of trouble will be settled when the Government has the necessary millions in its possession, but the real evil will still subsist if present methods are continued.

Regionalism Now Chief Issue.

At this moment "regionalism" overshadows everything. The desire of the provinces of Vizcaya, Aragon, and Andalusia for home rule is becoming the dominant question. On Monday last deputies representing Vizcaya, Guipuzcoa, and Alava in the Cortes met at Vittoria and proclaimed the necessity of a grant of autonomous Government to the Basques.

In Catalonia the problem is much graver and seems to threaten a violent outbreak. A collision has taken place between the Madrid Government and the Catalan M. P.'s; the first result has been a miraculous create a party tune of "sacred union" in Catalonia. The radical leader, Señor Lorroux, and Señor Cambo, head of the Catalan League, who but yesterday were bitter enemies, are today working together in full accord.

Call Rump Parliament Today.

The Catalan representatives, supported by the whole public opinion of the Catalian provinces, have met at Barcelona and decided to make an appeal to all members of the last Cortes to come to Barcelona on Thursday and hold a "consultative" sitting of the Cortes there. Catalans say their invitation is only for an unofficial assembly of the members of Parliament, but the Government is forewarned by any such meeting and is prepared to prevent it even by force. Already many provincial M. P.'s have left for Barcelona, among them Señor Meiquiades Alvarez, leader of the Reformist party, and Señor Iglesias, the well-known leader of the Socialists.

All Spain is awaiting Thursday with intense emotion. If an irregular session of the Cortes is prevented without violence, the Dato Cabinet will emerge with increased prestige. Every moment now is full of gravity. The feeling in Catalonia is one of wild excitement.

Señor Cambo has proposed a national Cabinet of concentration, but the Prime Minister refuses this. Rapid developments are to be expected.

Lee McCallum Dies on a Train.

Lee McCallum, President of the New York Metal Ceiling Company of 537 to 541 West Twenty-fourth Street, died suddenly on Tuesday afternoon of heart disease on a train while on his way home from Dover, Del. He was born in Sullivan County, N. Y., forty-nine years ago, and was educated at New York City College and the New York University Law School. He was admitted to the bar, but did not practice law. He founded the metal firm with his father, John McCallum. Mr. McCallum lived at 145 Penn Street, Brooklyn.

E. Starr Sanford.

E. Starr Sanford, a descendant of one of the oldest families in Danbury, Conn., and one of the original partners in the firm of Davis & Sanford, photographers in New York, died yesterday at the home of his sisters, the Misses Sanford, at Katonah, N. Y., in his fifty-fifth year. He retired from business in this city twelve years ago. Mr. Sanford left a widow and a son.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. J. HELMUTH SOMMER, a retired Lutheran minister and formerly for twenty-one years pastor of St. John's Lutheran Church in South Brooklyn, died at his home, 66 Kenilworth Place, Flatbush, on Tuesday, in his eighty-fifth year. Mr. Sommer retired from the ministry twenty-three years ago. He had been a resident of Brooklyn for sixty years.

Mrs. ELIZABETH A. SELLE, wife of Ferdinand E. Selle, a Brooklyn undertaker, and a daughter of the late Patrick McGarty, who was a well-known contractor of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at her home, 364 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn. Mrs. Selle was born in that borough and was active in church and benevolent work.

Mrs. SARAH HOBLIN HAYES, a native of Liverpool, England, and widow of John Reuben Usher Hayes, died at her home, 874 East Thirty-fifth Street, Flatbush, on Tuesday, in her sixty-fourth year. She is survived by a son and two daughters.

Mrs. LUISE J. KREPPS, wife of Collin C. Krepps, a retired business man and formerly a resident of Brooklyn, died on Sunday at her home in Bolivar, W. Va., aged 65 years.

THOMAS CLYNES, a patrolman, connected with Traffic Squad A and a member of Honor Legion, died on Tuesday at his home, 83 Morton Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY C. SHAW, widow of the Rev. Charles D. Shaw, former pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Paterson, N. J., is dead at her home in that city in her eightieth year.

JOHN E. WISELEY, 46 years old, who worked as a compositor for twenty-five years, died on Tuesday at his home, 285 Bowne Avenue, Flushing, L. I.

JAMES T. LAW, at one time a lawyer in New York, died yesterday in Muhlenberg Hospital, Plainfield, N. J., of appendicitis in his sixty-sixth year. He was born in Philadelphia, and had lived in Plainfield for the last eleven years.

ROBERT BUSTARD, father of the Rev. Dr. W. W. Bustard, pastor of the Euclid Avenue Baptist Church in Cleveland, Ohio, died on Tuesday night at the General Hospital, Paterson, N. J., in his eighty-third year as the result of a fall last June. He was born in Belfast, Ireland. He was for many years in the employ of the Rogers Locomotive Company.

W. H. ANDERSON, Superintendent of the Kentucky Central Division of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, died in Paris, Ky., yesterday from wounds self-inflicted last Sunday. Anderson suffered a nervous breakdown as the result of overwork, relatives say. He was a native of Parkersburg, W. Va., and was 58 years old.

SAMUEL E. WHITTINGHAM, for more than half a century in the cotton brokerage business in New York, died yesterday at St. Vincent's Hospital, in his seventy-fourth year. He was the son of the late Samuel and Elizabeth Whittingham and was born and educated in this city, and was unmarried. He retired from business a year ago, and lived at 126 West Thirteenth Street.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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Belgian Prisoners of War
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40,000 NEED YOUR AID
John Moffat, Executive Chairman
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Mention this newspaper.

ARCHIBALD McLELLAN DEAD.

Editor of Christian Science Periodicals Dies in His Sixtieth Year.

Archibald McLellan, well known for many years as editor of Christian Science periodicals and a member of the Christian Science Board of Directors, died yesterday morning in Brookline, Mass. He was born in Moncton, New Brunswick, Nov. 10, 1857, and was for several years in Chicago with the R. G. Dun Company.

After becoming interested in Mrs. Eddy's work in Boston he went to Chicago and was active in the development of Christian Science in that city, and was a member of the Christian Science Committee on Publication for Illinois.

In 1902 Mr. McLellan was appointed editor of the three Christian Science periodicals and retained the position until his death. He was a thirty-second degree Mason and was a member of the National Press Club of Washington and the City, Canadian, and Press Clubs in Boston.

William S. Heal, Inventor.

William S. Heal, President of the W. S. Heal Manufacturing Company of Elizabeth, N. J., died on Tuesday night in the General Hospital in that city of typhoid fever in his sixty-third year. He was the inventor of a remedy to protect ships from submarines, which had been submitted to Secretary Daniels for inspection.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

FREEMAN—CLASEN.—On Wednesday, July 18, at the Church of the Incarnation, by the Rev. E. M. H. Knapp, Gertrude, daughter of the late Albert and Beatrice Clasen, to Sergeant John Chester Freeman, Company I, Seventh Regiment.

HUGHES—CONLESS.—In New Orleans, La., July 18, 1917, at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Mary Frances Conless and Charles Leo Hughes, both of Jersey City, N. J.

MISSIR—SMITH.—July 15, St. Agnes's Roman Catholic Church, New York, by the Rev. John F. Delaney, Helen Smith, oldest daughter of Katie Dee Smith, Cedaring-on-Hudson, to Martin Gaspard Missir.

Died.

BARBER.—At Jamaica, N. Y., on July 18, Edward J. Barber, age 62 years. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 85 Willow St., on Friday, July 20, at 2:30 P. M.

BEE.—William G., at a special meeting of the Board of Directors of Edison Storage Battery Company, held July 12, 1917, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God in His divine providence to remove from us by death, our beloved fellow-official, Mr. William G. Bee, who by his untiring zeal and energy, his strict devotion to the interests of the company, and by his noble example endeared himself to all with whom he came in contact, and

Whereas, He has faithfully served this company as a loyal and trusted employe for over fourteen years, and as a Vice President for a number of years and up to the time of his death, therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the Board of Directors of this company, give expression to the feelings of heartfelt sorrow that overwhelm us on the occasion of his death; that we extend our most sincere condolence to the bereaved family in this their sad affliction; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this meeting, a copy suitably engrossed be sent to the bereaved family; and a copy forwarded to the press for publication.

THOMAS A. EDISON, President.

Attest:
ARTHUR MUDD, Secretary.

BERKOWITZ.—Rose Berkowitz, beloved wife of Julius Berkowitz and mother of Dr. William Berkowitz and sister of July 18, 1917. Funeral from late residence, 267 7th St., on July 19, 1917, at 10 A. M.

BIJUR.—Louise, beloved daughter of Henrietta and the late Isaac Bijur, on Tuesday, July 17, at her residence, Long Branch, N. J. Funeral private. Interment Thursday.

CANNON.—On July 18, 1917, after a short illness, Louise M. H., widow of the late Newton Cannon, in her 75th year. Services at the residence of her son, 1,786 Clay Ave., Bronx, Saturday, July 20, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

CLYNES.—On Tuesday, July 17, 1917, Thomas Clynes, member of Traffic A, New York City Police Department; also member of Honor Legion, New York City Police Department; native of Caramore, County Mayo, Ireland, beloved husband of Cecelia Clynes, nee Cosgrove, and father of Mrs. Thomas Fallon and James, Thomas, and William Clynes. Funeral from his late residence, 83 Morton St., Brooklyn, on Friday, July 20, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of the Epiphany, South Main St. and Bedford Av., where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Troy (N. Y.) papers please copy.

FARNSWORTH.—On Sunday, July 15, at Providence, R. I., Margaret G., wife of John P. Farnsworth of Providence, R. I., and daughter of the late William Barbour and the late Elizabeth C. Barbour.

FIX.—Clara M., at Harrison, N. J., on Tuesday, July 17. Services and interment at Pittsburgh, Penn., Thursday.

FLEISCHHAUER.—Eliza Fleischhauer, at Woodmere, L. I., Tuesday, July 18, widow of Julius Fleischhauer, beloved mother of Carrie Mautner, Nora Kahn, Rose Magnin, and Blanche Freeman. Funeral private.

FREEDMAN.—On Wednesday, July 18, in her 61st year, Celia, widow of the late David C. and dearly beloved mother of Jacob, Irving, and Pauline Beck, after a period of illness. Services at her late residence, 72 Vermilyea Av., Friday, July 20, at 10 o'clock A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

GEARY.—On Tuesday, July 17, 1917, Elizabeth Ward, widow of Edwin Geary. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

GRAHAM.—On Wednesday morning, July 18, 1917 at the Hotel Ashton, Mrs. Janie M. Graham, widow of the late John Graham. Funeral services at the Middle Collegiate Reformed Church, 26 Av. and 7th St., New York, 10 o'clock Saturday morning, 21st inst.

HART.—July 18, 1917, Amelia Sheffield, daughter of the late Henry S. and Mary E. Hart of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral and interment Friday afternoon, July 20, at 4:30 o'clock, in family burial lot at Saybrook, Conn.

KUES.—Kathryn Gertrude, daughter of Frank Kues and Marie Kues, (nee Soldan,) on July 17, 1917, after a brief illness. Funeral services Thursday evening, July 19, at 8:30 P. M., at her late residence, 401 East 140th St. Interment Friday.

LINDENBAUM.—July 15, Emma, beloved mother of Max, Edwin, Herbert, and Martha Lindenbaum. Funeral Thursday, July 19, at 10 A. M., from her son's residence, 40 St. Nicholas Place.

McCALLUM.—Suddenly, on July 17, 1917, Lee McCallum. Funeral from his late residence, 145 Penn St., Brooklyn, on Friday, July 20, 8 P. M. Interment private.

McCURRY.—James Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, (Frank E. Campbell Bldg.) on Friday, 10 A. M.

MANNING.—At Belmar, N. J., John J. Manning, beloved husband of the late Margaret Manning and beloved son of Mary and the late Michael Manning. Funeral from his late residence, 143 East 95th St., on Thursday, July 19, 1917.; thence to the Church of St. Francis de Sales, 90th St. and Lexington Av., where a solemn requiem mass at 10 A. M. will be offered. Interment Calvary.

MARCH.—July 18, 1917, at Orange, N. J., Charles Freeman, son of Rachel B. and the late John Plummer March and husband of Caroline Tillinghast. Funeral private.

MARINER.—On July 18, James P., in his 73d year. Services Thursday evening at 8:30 at his late residence, 51 Burns St., Forest Hill Gardens, N. Y.

O'REILLY.—In Jersey City, suddenly, at his residence, 567 Jersey Avenue, on July 17, 1917, Hugh J., beloved son of the late Hugh and Ann O'Reilly. Funeral on Saturday, July 21, at 9 A. M. Relatives and friends are invited.

PALMER.—At New London, Conn., on Tuesday, July 17, Frank Loomis Palmer. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 581 Pequot Av., at 2:30 P. M. Thursday, July 19. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Burial private. Kindly omit flowers.

PEARCE.—On July 17, 1917, Annie E., beloved wife of Charles F. Pearce. Services at her late residence, 306 Springfield Av., Summit, N. J., on Thursday, July 19, 1917, at 10:15 A. M. Train leaves Hoboken 9:15 A. M., D., L. & W. R. R.

RAHM.—Suddenly, at Rye, N. Y., July 18, Bertha Anna Rahm. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her sister, Mrs. C. Ludwig, 1,223 Madison Av., N. Y. City, on Friday, 8 P. M.

RAYWOOD.—Tuesday, at 410 West End Av., Thomas H. Raywood, Sr. Mass at Holy Trinity Church, 82d St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Av., Thursday, July 19, at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

SALINSKY.—On Wednesday, July 18, Elias Salinsky. Relatives and friends invited to attend funeral from his late residence, 100 West 110th St., Thursday, July 19, 2 P. M. Interment Washington Cemetery.

SANFORD.—At Katonah, N. Y., July 18, 1917, E. Starr Sanford, aged 55 years. Funeral services at Chapel, Worcester Cemetery, Cranberry, Conn., on Saturday morning, July 21, at 11 o'clock.

SHAPIRO.—Shalopare Lodge, No. 750, F. and A. M. Brethren requested to attend funeral of Brother Aaron Shapiro Thursday, July 19, at 9:30 A. M., at his late residence, 91 East 93d St.

BENJAMIN WURZBURGER, Master.
ABRAM FRANK, Secretary.

Died.

SHAW.—Entered into the fullness of joy in Paterson on Monday, July 16, 1917, Mary Campbell, beloved wife of the late Rev. Charles D. Shaw, D. D. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the services at the Second Presbyterian Church on Friday, July 20, 1917, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Cedar Lawn Cemetery.

SOMMER.—Entered into rest, on Tuesday, July 17, 1917, the Rev. J. Helmuth Sommer, at his residence, 66 Kenilworth Place, Flatbush, in his 85th year. Funeral services on Friday, July 20, at 2 P. M., from Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church, Bedford Av., between Church and Snyder Avs., Flatbush. Interment private. In accordance with the wishes of the deceased, it is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

WALSH.—Edward De Witt, suddenly, on July 17, 1917, at Roslyn, L. I. Funeral private.

WASSERSCHEID.—July 17, Augusta, widow of Rudolf and mother of August A., Frederick W., Rudolf C., Otto C., and Clara A. Wasserscheid. Services at her late residence, 335 East 55th St., Thursday evening, 8:30. Funeral Friday, 10 A. M. Interment Greenwood. Omit flowers.

WHITTINGHAM.—At St. Vincent's Hospital, Wednesday, July 18, 1917, Samuel E. Whittingham, aged 73 years, son of the late Samuel and Elizabeth Whittingham, (nee Edman). Relatives will please communicate with Chas. Benedict, 150 West 13th St., New York City.

WOOD.—At her home in Boston, Mass., on Tuesday, July 17, 1917, Anna Kimber, daughter of William H. and Louise K. Wood. Interment at Greenwood on Friday at 4:30 P. M.

COOGAN.—Edward R., 72 West 93d St., July 17, aged 2.

CURRAN.—Daniel J., 237 West 99th St., July 16, aged 55. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DEVINE.—Thomas F., 279 West 118th St., July 17. Funeral today, 8:45 A. M.

DOYLE.—Catherine, 1,854 Fulton Av., Bronx, July 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

ECKHARDT.—Frank O. H., 204 East 124th St., July 16.

FARACY.—Timothy, 118 Madison St., July 16.

GORMAN.—Michael, 207 East 73d St., July 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HALBLEIB.—Anna, 1,837 Victor St., July 17. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

HERZOG.—Henry, July 16. Funeral 289 Lenox Av., today, 10 A. M.

JONES.—William, 115 West 20th St., July 17. Funeral notice later.

JUDGE.—Thomas M., Midland Beach, S. I., July 17. Funeral tomorrow.

LYNCH.—Charles, 34 Lewis St., July 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

McARTHUR.—Nellie, 1,740 Popham Av., Bronx, July 17. Funeral tomorrow.

McCANN.—Annie, July 17. Funeral 107th St. and Amsterdam Av.

McCANN.—Francis, Watson estate, Bronx, July 17. Funeral today, 9:15 A. M.

McFARLAND.—Elizabeth, 448 West 27th St., July 17, aged 37. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

McMAHON.—Mary E., 304 East 26th St., July 17. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

SAVAGE.—Peter, 228 East 121st St., July 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

SCANLON.—Catherine, 28 Renwick St., July 17. Funeral tomorrow.

SINGER.—Gustave, July 17, aged 37. Funeral 882 East 80th St., today, 2 P. M.

WHITE.—Patrick J., 1,079 3d Av., July 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BLACK.—Michael, 87 India St., July 17, aged 52. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BRISAY.—Catherine E., 339 Washington St., July 17, aged 52. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

BUB.—Adam, 116 Nicholas Av., July 17, aged 70. Funeral tomorrow.

BURKE.—John J., 406 Henry St., July 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

BURNS.—Alicia, 105 Truxton St., July 18, aged 64.

BUYER.—John E., 1,723 Linden St., July 17. Funeral tomorrow.

CRESSER.—James F., 353 12th St., July 17, aged 46. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

DOBBLER.—William C., 914 Carroll St., July 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

FOLEY.—Mary, 34 State St., July 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

GLATZ.—Henry, 210 Himrod St., July 10, aged 41. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GLAVIN.—John, 1,400 Decatur St., July 17, aged 36. Funeral July 22.

HART.—Fibrence, 449 Willoughby Av., July 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HEINS.—Augusta, 1,303 Myrtle Av., July 17, aged 64. Funeral today.

KREPPS.—Luise J., 198 De Kalb Av., July 16.

McGRATH.—James E., 16 Sherman St., July 16. Funeral today.

MASEL.—Carolena, 29 Granite St., July 17, aged 60. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MURRIN—Rose, 147

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$50,000
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sentiment Depressed by Uncertainties at Washington—Steel Trade Slow.

The waiting attitude induced by uncertainty over the outcome of the vexatious discussions in Congress and out, is becoming more pronounced day by day. Yesterday much was heard in the financial district of the inadvisability of proceeding at this time with any new plans for expanding enterprises or attempting any long-term financing. The chief factor in the situation, as Wall Street views it, is the matter of price fixing, but the failure to agree on the new taxation program is a close second in holding up new financing. Business in many lines is naturally affected by doubt as to the ultimate policy which will be adopted by Congress and is slowing down pending the final decision. The steel trade, so far as development of new business goes, has almost come to a standstill. With the Administration authorities endeavoring to get producers to agree that private consumers shall have the benefit of any low prices made for Government purposes there has been brought about a postponement of all but the necessary buying until the Federal Trade Commission shall have finished its inquiry into costs. Mill output has been at a less rate in July than in June, and June showed a considerable falling off from May. The Iron Age states that a direct result of the conference at Washington last week between Government heads and the committee of steel manufacturers has been an abrupt checking of business in iron and steel. The investment market outside of municipals and other tax exempt issues is very dull owing to the unsettled question as to what the net yield of taxable securities will be after the income tax has been talked into final shape. As a result, corporations are having recourse to the market for short-term issues on a large scale.

Yesterday's stock market was rather dull and heavy with some considerable declines in issues picked out by professional traders for attack on unexpected unfavorable developments. American Hide and Leather preferred lost 6% on a rumor that the dividend will be reduced or omitted, while St. Paul lost 5¼ for much the same reason. Directors of the latter company are to meet on July 26 to act on the dividend and, although the earnings outlook is more favorable with the prospect of a big crop movement, there is an expectation in banking quarters that the directors may lower the rate. General Electric lost 4½ points on announcement of the company's forthcoming sale of $15,000,000 of short term notes, while Delaware & Hudson, which is also to make use of three-year notes in lieu of a bond offering, declined 2 points. Maxwell motors common continued its slump, closing off 3¼ points at 33¾, after selling at one time at a new low record at 31½. The second preferred declined 2¾. United States Steel lost 1¼, closing at 120¾. One of the few railroad stocks to move counter to the general current was Denver & Rio Grande preferred, which recovered 3¼ points on an intimation that the company is making good progress in negotiating looking to an agreement with the creditors of the Western Pacific for a settlement of the judgment awarded the latter.

That the investment demand for corporation issues is only holding off until the question of new taxes is settled was indicated yesterday by the prompt responses to the offering of $47,500,000 New York City 4½s. Investors are naturally favoring tax exempt municipals now and a substantial part of the new issue has already been disposed of.

LONDON MARKET EASY.

Argentine Rails Buoyant—American Sales Low.

LONDON, July 18.—Money was easy today and discounts were dull.

In the stock market renewed strength was shown by gilt-edged issues on investment buying. Argentine rails were buoyant on rumors of increased freight charges. The market in general was cheerful. Russians were exceptions, being influenced by the latest news and the sharp rise in exchange. Most of the speculative issues were firm. Canadian silver mines were prominent. There were occasionall sales of low-priced American stocks.

Prices Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, July 18.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 60 francs 70 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan 88 francs 50 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	6	Last	3
Low	3	Renewals	6

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATL.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	4½@5	Sixty days	5@5½
Ninety days	4½@5	Ninety days	5@5½
Four months	4½@5	Four months	5@5½
Five months	4½@5	Five months	5@5½
Six months	4½@5	Six months	5@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4@4¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	4½
4 to 6 months	4½@5
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	5@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.7650	$4.7550	$4.7550	...
Cables	4.76¾	4.75¾	4.76¾	...
France—				
Demand	5.75⅝	5.75⅝	5.75⅝	—.00⅛
Cables	5.74⅜	5.74⅜	5.74⅜	...
Rubles—				
Demand	21.90	21.10	21.40	—.50
Cables	22.00	21.20	21.50	—.50

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close Demand	Cables.
Sterling	4.8665	4.7550 @ 4.7650	4.7625 @ 4.7750
5.7825	5.75⅜ @ 5.75⅝	5.74⅜ @ 5.74⅝
China—		
Hongkong	94.25	94.38
Peking	100	100¼
Shanghai	94.00	94.12½
19.295 Greece	19.80	19.80
40.10 Holland	41.35	41.37½
38.44 India—		
Bombay	32.75	32.90
Calcutta	32.75	32.90
5.1826 Italy	7.25¼	7.25⅛
49.34 Japan—		
Kobe	51.00	51.12½
Yokohama	51.00	51.12½
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.85 Russia	51.40	51.50
26.79 Scandinavia—		
Copenhagen	26.90	26.10
Stockholm	27.00	27.30
Christiania	27.30	27.60
19.208 Spain	22.80	23.00
South America—		
32.41 Rio	34.75	34.875
42.44 Buenos Aires	43.875	44.00
5.1826 Switzerland	4.67	4.65

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.71¼	$4.69¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House Exchanges, $712,685,499; balance, $46,710,084; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $3,382,550; Federal Reserve debit balance, $8,568,068.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, 25@50c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, $8.4375 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 40⅞, off 3-16d; in New York, 80¼c, off ⅛c; Mexican dollars, 62c.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per iod.	Pay- able.	Hldrs. of Record.
Borden's Cond. Milk.	4	SA	Aug. 14	Aug. 1
Do	⅝	—	Aug. 14	Aug. 1
Corwin Steel Tool	5	Q	Aug. 10	Aug. 1
Do	...	Ex	Aug. 10	Aug. 1
Cities Service	½	M	Sep. 1	Aug. 15
Do	½	M	Oct. 1	Sep. 15
Do pf	½	MO	Sep. 1	Aug. 15
Do pf	½	M	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Kellogg Switchb'd	2	Q	July 31	July 28
North American	1¼	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 15
Ohio C. G., new, w.i.	$1.25	—	Sep. 1	Aug. 15
Pacific Tel. pf	1¾	Q	Aug. 1	July 20
Philadelphia Co. pf	2½	SA	Sep. 1	Aug. 10
Tax free at Red Cross.				

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	542,298	453,198	745,224
Year to date	109,747,261	91,289,781	69,885,959

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
28	35	200	Advance Rumely pf	28½	28½	28½	28½	— ⅛
...	...	100	Ajax Rubber	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾	— ...
5	5¼	600	Alaska Gold Mines	5¼	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
3⅞	4⅜	300	Alaska Juneau	4	4	4	4	+ ⅛
28½	29	1,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	29	29½	29	29	...
92	94	400	Am. Agricul. Chem	93	93	93	93	...
99	99¼	400	Am. Best Sugar	91	93	90½	93	+ 1½
47¾	48⅜	400	Am. Can	48¾	48¾	47¾	47¾	— ⅛
103	107	200	Am. Can pf	106¾	107	106¾	107	+ ⅞
75¼	76	700	Am. Car & Fdry	75½	76½	75½	75½	— ⅛
115	118¾	200	Am. Car & Fdry pf	116½	116½	116½	116½	+1½
12	12¼	1,400	Am. H. & Leather	12½	12½	12	12	— ⅛
84	86	8,500	Am. H. & Leath. pf	80¾	83¾	84	84¼	— 3¾
56¾	57	2,500	Am. International	56¾	58¾	56	58	— ⅜
24¼	25	2,800	Am. Linseed	24¾	25½	24½	24½	— ⅛
70¾	71	900	Am. Locomotive	71¼	71¾	70¾	70¾	— 1¼
16	16¼	1,800	Am. Malting	16½	17¼	16	16	— ⅛
67¼	68½	2,200	Am. Malting 1st pf	68½	69	68	68	— ⅛
102	102¼	1,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	100¾	103¾	102¼	102¼	— 1¾
113	114	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	+ ¼
66½	67¼	700	Am. Steel F'dries	67	67	66¾	66¾	— ¼
122½	123½	9,700	Am. Sugar Ref	124½	124¾	122½	122½	— 1½
47½	48	14,900	Am. Sumatra Tob	51¾	51¾	46	47¾	— 3¾
88	93	100	Am. Tel. & Cable	89	89	89	89	...
120¾	121	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	121	121	120¾	120¾	+ ¼
202	205	2,600	Am. Tobacco	207½	210	202	208	— 8½
101	102	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	101	101	101	101	...
96	98¼	100	Am. Woolen pf	98¾	98¼	96¼	98¼	+ ⅛
22	23¾	1,100	Am. Zinc L. & S	24	24½	23	24	+ ⅛
77¾	77¾	6,800	Anaconda Copper	78¾	79½	77¼	77¾	— ⅛
100½	101	1,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	101¼	101¼	100¾	101	...
97	99	400	Atch. T. & S. F. pf	98	98	98	98	...
111¼	112	200	Atlantic Coast Line	111½	111¾	111¼	111¼	...
106	107	1,500	At., Gulf & West I	106¾	109	106¼	106¼	— 1¾
68	68¼	5,000	Baldwin Loco	69¼	69¾	68	68	— ⅛
99	101	200	Baldwin Loco. pf	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	+1¾
73	73¼	1,500	Baltimore & Ohio	73¾	73¾	72¾	73½	...
70	71	600	Baltimore & O. pf	70½	70½	70¼	70¼	— ½
107	100¾	200	Barnett Co. pf	109	109¾	109	109¾	+1½
1	...	6,200	Batopilas Mining	1	1⅞	1	1⅞	— ⅛
124	124¼	33,500	Beth.S.class B t.cfs	126	126¾	124	124¾	— ⅛
10¾	11	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	...
96½	99¼	400	Burns Brothers	99½	99½	99½	99½	+ ½
37⅛	37⅞	900	Butte & Superior	37⅞	38	37⅛	37⅛	+ ⅜
37⅞	38⅛	100	California Packing	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	— ⅛
18½	19	200	California Petrol	19	19	18½	18½	— ⅛
161¾	162	2,500	Canadian Pacific	163	163¾	161¾	161¾	— 2¼
75	84	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	80	80	80	80	— ¼
83¾	84	4,400	Central Leather Co	86¾	86¾	83¾	84	— 2
111	113	200	Central Leather pf	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	— ⅛
87	88	900	Chandler Motor	87	87	87	87	...
60¼	60¾	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	61	61	60¼	60¼	— ⅛
11¾	12	100	Chi. Great Western	11½	11½	11½	11½	+ ⅛
34	35	200	Chi. Great West. pf	34	34	34	34	...
67¼	67¾	22,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P	72¼	72¼	67½	67½	— 5½
109¼	109¾	500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	— ⅛
108¼	110½	900	Chi. & Northwest	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	— ⅛
36¾	37	2,300	C., R. I. & P. t. cfs.	36¾	37	36	37	...
75½	76	400	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. 7 p.c.pf.t.cfs.	75¼	76	75½	75¾	— ⅝
61	61¾	2,800	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. 6 p. c.pf.t.cfs.	62¼	62¼	61	61¾	—1¼
20	21¼	100	Chino Copper	20½	20½	20½	20½	+ ⅛
82½	83	1,400	Chino Copper	82¾	83¼	82½	82½	+ ⅛
39¾	40	1,500	Clev., C., C. & St.L.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+1⅜
45	48¼	1,500	Colo. Fuel & Iron	49¾	50	48	48	— ⅛
40	41	600	Columbia Gas & El	40¾	40¾	40	40	— ⅛
100	101½	1,500	Continental Can	101¾	102¾	100¾	100½	— 1
33½	34	11,100	Corn Products Ref	34¼	34¼	33½	34	— ⅛
97	98	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	97¾	98	97¼	98	+1¼
79¾	80	16,700	Crucible Steel	81¾	82	79¾	80	— ⅛
101	102	100	Crucible Steel pf	102¾	102¾	102¼	102¼	— ⅝
41	41¼	1,900	Cuba Cane Sugar	41¾	42	41	41	— ⅛
89¾	90¼	100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	+ ⅛
185	195	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	180¾	180¾	180¾	180¾	— 2
114¾	115¾	700	Delaware & Hud	114¾	114¾	112¾	113¾	— 2
7	9	900	Den. & Rio Grande	7¾	8¾	7¾	8¾	+1½
14½	17¼	900	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	14½	15	14½	17¼	+3½
24½	25¼	16,600	Distillers' Secur	24½	26¾	24½	25¾	+1½
10¼	10½	400	Dome Mines	11	11	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
33½	33¾	100	Elk Horn Coal	34	34	34	34	— 2¾
25¼	25¾	3,100	Erie	25¾	25¾	25	25¼	— ⅛
220	240	100	General Chemical	221	221	221	221	— ⅛
152¾	152¾	2,800	General Electric	156¾	156¾	152¾	152¾	—4½
116	116¼	9,100	Gen. Mot. temp. cfs	116	117¾	115¾	115¾	— ⅝
105¼	106	200	Great Northern pf	105¼	105¾	105¼	105¼	— ⅝
33¾	34¼	1,700	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	33¾	34¼	33¾	33¾	...
40	41	100	Greene-Cananea	40	41	41	41	...
34	35	900	Haskell & Barker	34	35¼	35	35	+ ½
103¼	104¼	100	Illinois Central	103¼	105¼	103¼	103¼	+ ½
55¾	56	5,200	Inspiration Copper	55¾	56	54¾	55¼	— ½
9	9¼	500	Interboro Consol	9¼	9¾	9¼	9¾	— ⅛
20	20	100	Int. Agricultural	20	20	20	20	...
87	87	900	Int. Agricultural pf	87	87	85¾	86	—1¾
113¼	113¾	100	Int. Harvester, N.J	113¼	113¾	113¼	113½	+2
115	116	100	Int. Harv., N.Y. pf	115	116	115	115	— ⅛
28¾	29	3,000	Int. Mer. Marine pf	28¾	29¾	28¾	28¾	+ ¼
84¾	84¾	10,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf	84¾	85¾	84	84¼	+ ¼
39	39¼	700	Int. Nickel	39¼	39¾	39	39	— ⅛
34	34½	100	Int. Paper	35	35	35	35	— ⅛
65¼	70	100	Int. Paper pf. sta	70	70	70	70	— ⅛
42¾	42¾	2,300	Kennecott Copper	42¾	43	42¼	42¼	— ⅝
90¼	91	900	Lackawanna Steel	91¾	91¾	91	91¾	— ⅛
96	96	100	Laclede Gas	96	96	96	96	+8
21¾	22	300	Lee Rubber & Tire	21¾	21¾	21¼	21¼	+ ¼
62¾	63	700	Lehigh Valley	64	64	62¾	63¼	— 1
127¼	127¾	200	Louis. & Nash	127¾	127¾	127¼	127¼	+1½
83¼	83½	18,500	Maxwell Motor	86	86	81¾	83¼	— 3¼
60¼	61	1,900	Max. Motors 1st pf	59¾	60¼	59	60¼	+ ¼
25¾	25¾	1,300	Max. Motors 2d pf	25¾	25¾	25	25¾	—2¾
94	94¼	4,300	Mexican Petroleum	96	96¾	93¼	94	—1¾
39¾	40	1,900	Miami Copper	40	40¾	39¾	40¼	+ ⅛
59	60¼	1,600	Midvale Steel	60¾	60¾	59	59	—1½
16	16	100	Minn. & St. L. new	16	16	16	16	— ⅛
6	6¼	800	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6	6¼	6	6	— ⅛
100¾	100¾	200	Mo. Kan. & T. pf	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ⅛
11¼	11¾	7,200	Mo. Pacific tr. ctfs	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¼	+ ⅛
33	33¼	400	Mo. Pac. pf. tr. cfs	33	33¼	32¾	33	+ ⅛
58	58¼	400	National Acme	58	58¼	58	58	...
34¼	34½	300	National Conduit &	34¼	34½	34	34	...
37¼	37¾	1,500	Nat. Enam. & St	37¼	37¾	36¾	37¼	— ¼
40¼	41¼	300	Nat. Enam. & St. pf	40¼	41¼	40¼	41¼	+1¾
21¾	22	900	Nevada Con. Copp	21¾	22	21¾	21¾	...
25¾	27	1,300	N. O. Tex. & Mex	25¾	27	25¾	27	+1¾
130	135	100	N. Y. Air Brake	132	132	132	132	+5
89¼	90	1,300	N. Y. Central	90¼	90¾	89¼	89¼	— ¼
15	18	200	N. Y. Dock	17¼	17½	17½	17½	+ ½
36¾	37	1,900	N. Y. N. H. & H	36¾	37	36¾	36¾	+ ⅛
122	123	800	Norfolk & Western	122¾	122¾	122	122	—1¼
101	101¾	1,100	Northern Pacific	102	102	100¾	101¾	— ⅛
97	100	100	Nova Scotia S. & C	94	94	94	94	...
56¼	56½	3,000	Ohio Cities Gas	56¾	58¾	56	56½	...
62	62¾	2,000	Ohio Cities G. rgts	62	62¾	62	62¾	...
5¾	6¼	6,700	Ontario Silver	5¾	6¼	5¾	6¼	+ ¼
91	92	300	Owens Bottle Mach	91	91	91	91	...
27	...	200	Pacific Mail	27	27	27	27	...
53¾	53¾	600	Penn. R. R	53¾	53¾	53¼	53¼	...
20½	21¼	500	Pere Marquette	20¾	21¼	20½	21	+1
37½	38	200	Philadelphia Co	37½	38	37½	38	+ ⅛
39	39	100	Pierce Arrow	39	39	39	39	...
96¼	96¼	100	Pierce Arrow pf	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	...
54½	54½	1,200	Pitts. Coal	54½	54½	53¾	53¾	— ¼
100¾	100¾	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ¼
33	33	900	Pitts. & West Va	33	33	32½	32½	...
63	63	200	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	63	63	62½	62½	— ½
72¾	73	1,000	Pressed Steel Car	73¾	73	72	72	— ¾
2	2¼	1,000	Quicksilver	2	2¼	2	2¼	+ ⅛
2	2¼	400	Quicksilver pf	2	2¼	2	2¼	+ ⅛
98	98	500	Railway Steel S. pf	98	98	98	98	— ¼
27	27¼	1,100	Ray Con. Copper	27	27¼	26¾	26¾	— ⅛
96¾	96¾	5,200	Reading	96¾	96¾	95½	95½	—1¼
87¾	88¾	8,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	87¾	88¾	86¾	86¾	— ¾
66	67	8,900	Royal Dutch (N. Y.)	66	67	66	66½	+ ⅛
18	18¾	5,200	St. Louis-San Fran	18	18¾	18	18¼	— ⅛
28	30	100	St. Louis-San F. pf	28	30	28	29	— ⅛
83	84¼	300	Savage Arms	83	83¾	83	83¼	+2¾
166	169	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co	166	169	166	168	...
43¾	43¾	800	Sinclair Oil & Ref	43¾	43¾	42¾	43¾	...
53	53	100	Sloss-S. Steel & I	53	53	53	53	...
93¾	93¾	1,700	Southern Pacific	93¾	93¾	93¼	93¼	— ⅛
27¾	27¾	3,800	Southern Railway	27¾	28	27¾	27¾	— ⅛
65	66¼	900	Southern Ry. pf	67	67	67	66½	— ⅛
56½	57	5,430	Studebaker Corp	58	58	56¾	56½	—1¼
42	45	100	Stuts Motor	42	42	42	42	...
43¾	43¾	300	Superior Steel	43¾	43¾	43¼	43¼	— ⅛
17¼	17¾	600	Tenn. C. & C	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
18½	19	2,200	Texas Co	18½	19	18¾	18¾	—1¼
20¾	21	1,000	Texas & Pacific	20¾	21	20½	21	...
16¼	17¼	900	Texas & Pacific	16½	17¼	16¼	17¼	— ⅛
63¾	64¾	13,900	Tobacco Products	63¾	64¾	63	63¾	+ ¼
105	105	100	Tobacco Prod. pf	105	105	105	105	+1
101¼	101¾	100	Underwood Typew	101¼	101¾	101¼	101¼	+ ½
114	114	200	Union Bag & Paper	114	114	114	114	+ ½
136¾	136¾	4,000	Union Pacific	136¾	136¾	134¾	134¾	—1¾
45	48	200	United Alloy Steel	48	48	48	48	...
117	118¼	19,600	United Cigar Stores	117	118¾	116¾	117	+1
100	100	100	United Dyewood pf	95¼	95¼	95½	95½	— ...
100	100	100	United Paper Board	28	28	28	28	— ...
157	157¾	6,800	U. S. Indus. Alco	158¼	159¾	157	157¾	— ¼
81¼	81¾	400	U. S. Rubber	81¼	81¾	81¼	81¾	+ ¼
88	88	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M	88	88	87	87	—1½
121¼	122¼	122,700	U. S. Steel	121¼	122¼	120¾	120¾	—3¼
117¾	118¼	400	U. S. Steel pf	117¾	118¼	117¾	118¼	— ⅛
104	104¾	4,800	Utah Copper	104	104¾	103	103	— ⅝
99	99	200	Va. Iron, Coal & C	99	99	99	99	+2
12¼	12¾	100	Wabash	12¼	12¾	12¼	12¼	+ ⅛
26¾	26¾	200	Wabash pf. B	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	+ ⅛
17	17¼	100	Western Pacific	17	17	17	17	...
46	47	508	Western Pacific pf	46	46	45¼	45¼	— ⅛
94	95	1,300	Western Union Tel	93¾	94¾	93¾	94¼	— ⅛
48¾	48¾	5,600	Westingh. E. & M	48¾	48¾	47¾	48¾	—1¼
16¾	16¾	800	Wheeling & L. E	16¾	16¾	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
34¼	34¼	700	Wheel. & L. E. pf	34	34¼	33¾	34¼	— ⅛
67	68	1,800	Wilson & Co	68	68	66¾	67¼	—1¼
31¼	31¾	1,700	Willys-Overland	32½	32½	31¼	31¾	— ⅛
95¾	96	300	Willys-Overland pf	97¼	97¼	96	96	— ¼
48	50	200	Wisconsin Central	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	—1¾

FAVOR SHORT-TERM NOTES.

General Electric Company Arranges for Sale of $15,000,000 Worth.

Pending the settlement of the income tax question and the reawakening of the market for long-term bonds expected to follow, more corporations are taking care of needs for new money through offerings of short-term notes. The General Electric Co. has arranged with a banking group, including J. P. Morgan, Lee, Higginson, and others, for the sale of $15,000,000 of three-year 6 per cent. notes, which, it is expected, will be offered for subscription on a 6¼ per cent. basis. Considerations which led to the decision to resort to a short-term issue were thus explained by the company in an announcement made yesterday:

The General Electric Company, whose practice it has always been to maintain a strong position with respect to cash assets, has just arranged a loan of $15,000,000 for three years to provide for the demand of a largely increased business.

The company expended nearly $8,000,000 upon additional plant facilities during the year 1916, and like expenditures for the present year will be considerably greater. Apart from this, its inventories have naturally greatly increased, and the slowing down of collections in the existing unsettled conditions will result in a more than normal increase in its accounts receivable.

The quick assets of the company, as shown by its last annual report, excluding securities, amounted to $37,000,000. Against this it had indebtedness, excluding current liabilities, of $12,000,000.

It was also reported yesterday that the Chicago & Western Indiana was in the market for $15,000,000, to be provided through a sale of one-year 6 per cent. notes to J. P. Morgan & Co. and associates. The company has an issue of $12,655,000 of two-year 5 per cent. notes maturing Sept. 1 next, holders of which will have an opportunity to exchange their notes for the higher interest-bearing issue.

To Discuss Shipping Problem.

Representatives of many of the largest civic and commercial organizations in the East have been invited to attend a meeting to be held today at 3:30 P. M. under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York. "The meeting," said Eugenius H. Outerbridge, President of the Chamber of Commerce, "is for the purpose of considering the extremely critical condition which surrounds the shipping problem, and the question of policy to be adopted by the United States in its building program."

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	71.99	70.69	71.10	— .37
20 industrials	91.23	90.63	90.78	—1.01
50 stocks	81.50	80.27	80.43	— .89

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 18	81.50	80.27	80.43	— .90
July 17	81.40	80.36	81.33	+ .33
July 16	81.44	80.15	80.54	— .61
July 14	81.59	80.69	81.15	+ .46
July 13	81

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STEEL BUYING HALTS PENDING NEW PRICES

Business Except for Government Requirements Largely Held Up.

QUOTATIONS ARE KEPT DOWN

Much Speculation as to Effect of Price Fixing on the Market for Finished Products.

New buying in the iron and steel trade has been brought almost to a standstill by the announcement that producers will be expected to accept prices to be fixed by the Federal Trade Commission after an investigation into the present costs of production, which prices, in the belief of the President, should also be extended to private consumers. The Iron Trade Review says today:

"While Washington labors with the intricacies of price regulation, the iron and steel market continues to present the appearance of suspended animation. New business, except for Government requirements direct or indirect, has been held up largely. Similarly, the upward climb of prices has been stayed. Whether or not the open trade is to share with the Government the benefit of the lower prices is the crux of the situation from a market standpoint."

The Iron Age says:

"The vague ideas the trade has entertained for some weeks of possible readjustments that would have far reaching effects were sharpened into real prospects by the President's message to business calling for the same prices to the public as those fixed by the Government. Steel producers have expected to accept special prices from the Government and to have its requirements take up an increasing share of their output; but Chairman Gary in his address to the Iron and Steel Institute late in May said that they also expected that as costs of production were advancing the Government would be willing to increase its purchasing prices accordingly. The conference at Washington not only pointed in the other direction, but also foreshadowed an effort by the Government to get like low prices for its Allies.

"The effect on buyers was just what was to be expected. Throughout consuming industries the one policy is the postponement of buying until the Federal Trade Commission's cost-finding inquiry is finished. That a real readjustment of prices will begin in the interval of two or three weeks required by the commission is not likely, since it is well known that first concessions do not produce business, but there has been a tendency to weakening in the past week in pig iron, scrap and coke and the trade has not found it difficult to believe that the crest had been reached and passed.

"There is much speculation as to the effect of Government price fixing on the market for finished products in which its purchases are a negligible fraction of the output, as rails, pipe, and tin plate. For plates and shapes, in which Government requirements will be large, it is recognized that the private buyer would pay dearly if there were no regulation of the price for what remained for general use.

"It does not appear to what extent ore, coke, and pig iron prices are to be subjects of the Government's regulation, since it will not be a buyer of these, having already covered its pig iron wants for the present at a low price. Coke readjustments presumably will come with lower coal, and such readjustment will be welcome, as coke has gone to five or six times the basis of ordinary times.

"A practical effort by the leading producer to hold prices in check has developed in the wire trade. The American Steel and Wire Company, which has continued to sell wire nails at $3.20 while the market has gone to $4, has indicated to jobbers that a reasonable profit to the latter is 50 cents, rather than $1 and as high as $1.50, as charged in some cases. The result has been a readjustment to a $3.75 to $4 basis in jobbers' sales to the retail trade."

TELLS OF LOAN'S PUBLICITY

Guy Emerson Explains Work Done in This District.

Guy Emerson, Secretary of the Sub-Committee on Publicity of the Liberty Loan Committee for the Second Federal Reserve District, issued a forty-eight-page illustrated report yesterday on the publicity work done in connection with the flotation of the first United States Government Liberty Loan of 1917. The pamphlet describes in detail the organization of the Publicity Committee and the various organizations which co-operated with it. In the appendix there appear the names of the men and women who gave their time to the work of the committee, the list including clerks, stenographers, telephone operators, and office boys.

The book also contains fac-similes of the advertisements used by Jay Cooke during the civil war.

The report contains the following estimates made by the committee of the results of the flotation of the Liberty Loan, comparing the New York district with the rest of the country:

Total bank resources U. S.	$32,166,000,000
Total bank resources 2d Fed. Res. District	9,686,000,000
Percentage bank resources in 2d District to total in U. S.	30 1-10%
Total amount subscribed in U. S.	3,035,000,000
Total amount subscribed in 2d District	1,206,000,000
Percentage of amount subscribed in 2d District to total amount subscribed in U. S.	39¼%
Percentage of population in 2d District to total population of U. S.	11 4-5%
Total population U. S.	110,000,000
Total individual subscribers in U. S.	4,500,000
Percentage of individual subscribers in U. S. to population of U. S.	4%
Total population 2d District	18,000,000
Number of individual subscribers in 2d District	1,500,000
Percentage of individual subscribers in 2d District to population of 2d District	11⅛%
Percentage of individual subscribers in 2d District to total individual subscribers in U. S.	33 1-3%

From this it will be seen that, with 30.1 per cent. of the bank resources of the United States and 11.8 per cent. of the population, the Second Federal Reserve District offered 39½ per cent. of the money subscribed to the first $2,000,000,000 of the Liberty Loan and 33 1-3 per cent. of the individual subscribers; 4 per cent. of the total population of the United States subscribed as compared with 11⅛ per cent. of the population of the Second Federal Reserve District.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday by Adrian H. Muller & Son at the Exchange Salesroom:

$10,000 International Consolidated Oil Company (Wyoming) first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, due March 1, 1916; September, 1912 coupon on, $130 lot.

$5,000 Lake Huron & Northern Ontario Railway first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1948; interest April and October, $550 lot.

12 shares Regal Motor Car Company preferred, $100 each, $1.

100 shares Weyman-Bruton Company common, $100 each, 2½%.

110 shares Pere Marquette Railroad 5 per cent. prior preference voting trust certificates, $100 each, 63½.

$58,000 Pacific & Eastern Railway first mortgage 6 per cent. sinking fund bonds, due 1937; June, 1915, coupon on, 50.

136 20-100 shares Sackett & Wilhelms Corporation first preferred voting trust certificates, $100 each, $500 lot.

$25,000 bond and mortgage made by Herbert E. Williams and wife to Lizzie J. Homan, dated Sept. 30, 1915, covering 11 16-100 acres of land, Second Ward, Borough of Richmond, N. Y., containing 195 lots as shown on Map of Southboro Addition No. 2, due Sept. 30, 1918; interest at 6 per cent. and assigned, $6,583 lot.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Charles J. McDermott, President of the Brooklyn Bar Association, and Trustee of the Hamilton Trust Company of Brooklyn, was elected yesterday a Director of the Metropolitan Trust Company.

The First National Bank of Boston has opened a branch in Montevideo, Uruguay.

The Sub-Treasury has transferred $707,000 to San Francisco on account of the shipment of an equal amount of gold to Japan.

Fall River, Mass., has sold $300,000 short-term notes to Bond & Goodwin at 4.14 per cent. discount.

THE COTTON MARKET

Steady Tone Prevails Throughout the Day, with a Net Gain of 9-31 Points.

A steady tone prevailed in the cotton market throughout yesterday's session, with prices in the early part of the day about 20 points net higher in the case of new crop months, with July contracts 30 points higher on covering. In some quarters it was believed that unless the Southern freight situation improved materially, some of the nearer new crop positions would likely show relative strength in the near future. During the midafternoon July contracts were offered at 150 points above October.

The weekly crop and weather report was somewhat conspicuous for the emphasis it placed upon the smallness of the plant over a good part of the belt. It was said, however, that cotton was excellent in Texas, where there is sufficient moisture, this being contrary to many private advices received from that State, which continued to assert that Southern sections were still suffering from drought. So many conflicting reports were received from the Southwest that the trade was more or less confused as to the real situation there, but did not seem to feel that the outlook was as serious as reported by one crop expert, who was quoted as saying that Texas was in the worst condition on record for this date. Those who were trying to anticipate the next Government report favored an increase in condition to around 71 or better. The Eastern belt had further showers and according to the official forecast was to receive more in the next twenty-four hours, which was regarded by many as being unfavorable in view of all the rain that has fallen east of the river in the last few weeks.

The market opened steady at a net decline of 1 to 5 points. It was the quietest opening in a long time and throughout the entire day there was no large trading either way. July in the final hour sold at 26.90, or 86 points over the previous night, which carried the advance in October to 22 points over the close and in December to 24 points. Final prices were a little under the top and from 9 to 31 points net higher.

Exports for the day, 8,674 bales, making 5,359,546 bales for the season, against 5,844,833 last year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues.
July	26.72	26.90	26.65	26.85 Bid	26.54
August	25.85	26.12	25.85	26.10 Bid	25.88
September	...	...	...	25.65 Bid	25.56
October	25.30	25.44	25.18	25.35@25.38	25.21
November	...	...	...	25.25 Bid	25.09
December	25.04	25.30	25.08	25.20@25.22	25.06
January	25.10	25.30	25.08	25.22@25.25	25.15
March	25.24	25.50	25.21	25.39 Bid	25.28
May	25.47	25.60	25.40	25.50 Bid	25.39

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 30 points higher at 27.25c. for middling upland. Southern spot markets were as follows: New Orleans, 25½c.; Savannah, 25¾c.; Augusta, 25.65c.; Memphis, 26c.; Galveston, 26.50c., and Houston, 26c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Wednesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	4,184	7,513	11,201
Exports	8,674	21,946	10,781
Port stocks	663,980	706,286	653,073
New York arrivals	5,283	5,191	5,845
New York stocks	51,673	59,980	128,997

Liverpool cables.—Spot cotton dull and unchanged at 19.00d. for midupland. Sales 2,000, all American. Imports nil. Futures unchanged.

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

CITIES SERVICE—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
June gross	$1,385,561	$740,846	$647,713
Net aft. exp.	1,208,716	734,329	634,447
Bur. aft. chgs.	1,358,542	695,470	663,072
Bal. after pf. dividends	1,057,485	522,706	534,779
Six mos. gross	9,820,709	4,065,145	5,755,654
Net aft. exp.	9,646,829	3,951,203	5,695,626
Bur. aft. chgs.	9,645,412	3,706,723	5,938,689
Bal. after pf. dividends	7,871,169	2,689,253	5,181,916
12 mos. gross	15,885,984	6,459,298	9,406,686
Net aft. exp.	15,668,632	6,258,457	9,310,175
Bur. aft. chgs.	15,551,883	5,783,977	9,787,706
Bal. after pf. dividends	*12,885,220	3,962,496	8,422,722

COLUMBUS GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY—

June gross	762,992	592,654	168,348
Net aft. exp.	382,910	280,720	100,400
Bur. aft. chgs.	198,585	*14,733	213,296
Six mos. gross	5,707,430	4,729,106	976,430
Net aft. exp.	3,044,803	2,482,367	560,646
Bur. aft. chgs.	1,928,710	695,353	1,227,357

*Deficit.

KINGS COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY and the EDISON ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY of Brooklyn for the six months ending June 30—

Gross revenue	4,154,014	4,079,456	74,558
Net aft. tax., &c.	1,858,381	1,656,146	*299,765
Gross income	1,893,579	1,690,936	*297,357
Net income	718,445	1,006,673	*286,228

VIRGINIA RAILWAY AND POWER COMPANY—

June gross	525,776	484,208	41,568
Net aft. exp.	262,916	240,258	22,662
Net before dep.	129,290	112,504	17,785
12 mos. gross	6,044,495	5,645,188	399,337
Net aft. exp.	3,103,202	2,968,979	134,222
Net before dep.	1,854,538	1,822,921	61,614

*Decrease.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Jackst	.08
Alta	.02	Justice	.02
Andes	.13	Mexican	.12
Best & Belcher	.02	Ophir	.09
Bullion	.01	Potosi	.04
Caledonia	.10	Savage	.06
Challenge Con.	.01	Seg. Belcher	.02
Chollar	.04	Sierra Nevada	.11
Confidence	.08	Union Con.	.18
Con. Virginia	.35	Utah	.01
Exchequer	.01	Mexican dollars	.63½
Hale & Norcross	.02		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.27½	Goldfield Merger	.06
Halifax	.25	Great Bend	.07
Jim Butler	.70	Jumbo Exten	.29
McNamara	.16	Jumbo Junior	.05
Midway	.09	Kewanna	.13
Mispah	.16	Silver Pick	.10
Monarch Pitts	.11	Spearhead	.06
Montana	.19	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.21	Big Four	.05
Rescue	.21	Combination	.01
Tonopah Exten	2.45	Morning Glory	.20
Tonopah Nevada	8.00	Union Amalg	.14
West End	.85	White Caps	1.25
West Tonopah	.16	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
GOLDFIELD.		Big Jim	.65
Atlanta	.10	Nevada Hills	.20
Booth	.08	Packard	.32
Daisy	.06	Rochester	.03
Florence	.18	Round Mountain	.83
Traction	.04	United Eastern	4.20
Goldfield Cons	.51	United Mines	.50

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5⅞	6	Granite	52	60
Dr. J'pot	4⅛	5	Isabella	10¼	10¾
Elkton	6	7	McKinney	16	18
El Paso	30	40	Portland	143	150
Fanny B	2	4¼	U. G. Mines	22	23
Golden C.	21⅝	21¾	Vindicator	76	79
Gold Sov	4	5			

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	32	34	Iron Cap	14¼	14¾
Bay S	2	3	Iron C pf	15⅝	16⅛
Bingham	12⅝	13	Iron Blos	95	96
Begole	50	75	Jerome V	1⅛	1⅜
Bohemia	1⅛	1⅜	La Rose	40	50
Boot Mn	40	50	Majestic	40	45
Boot & M	60	62	Mex Met	28	30
Butte & L	13	16	Mojave T	68	72
Butte & D	30	50	New Bald	1¼	1⅝
Box & Arix	1¾	2	New Dou	1¼	1⅜
Calaveras	3½	4	N U Bing		50
Chief Cons	2¼	2⅝	Nixon	39	39
Crown Res	27	32	N Cornelia	17⅛	18
Con. Ariz	2	2¼	N Y & N L	87	90
Cortez	20	25	Oneot		50
Champ C	7	8	Ohio Cop	1¼	1⅛
Cal Corbin	1¾	2⅛	Onondaga	30	50
E & E D	2⅜	2⅝	Pioneer C	1¼	1⅜
East Exira	14	18	Rilla	3	8
Fortuna	7	8	Ray Hera	3⅜	4
Gold Lake	5	7	*S W M	2¼	3
Gila C S	14⅜	15	S W M	2	2¼
Giroux	1¼	1⅝	Trust	1¼	1¾
Homa Oil	1⅜	1½	U V Ext	36¼	37½
Humboldt	85	95	Yukon Gold	1⅝	2

*Full paid. †Part paid.

West End Line to Coney Island.

At midnight tomorrow trains will begin running over the West End line to the new temporary terminal at Coney Island. At present trains over this line stop at Twenty-fifth Avenue, where passengers alight and take a trolley shuttle on the West End surface line to Coney Island. The completion of equipment for the road between Twenty-fifth Avenue and the new terminal has delayed the opening.

COMMODITIES PRICES

WHEAT.

The fact that farmers in the Winter wheat belt are storing their wheat rather than sell it under prevailing conditions has brought about a very tight cash position, and yesterday shorts in the Chicago market took fright and bid prices up 12@20c in an effort to cover. Apparently shorts have been holding out in the expectation of hedging sales against new crop, and are now very nervous regarding developments. The July position showed the greatest strength, while September was up in sympathy. At best, the volume of business was not large, and prices advanced on bids for very moderate sized lots. The reports from Washington that an amendment to the Food bill provides for a minimum price of $1.75 for wheat may have had considerable influence on the market, although farmers are believed to consider $2 a more acceptable figure. The local cash market was strong and nominal, with No. 2 hard Winter wheat quoted at $2.85, f.o.b. afloat on board, Gulf.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.36	2.17	2.33	2.07	1.12¼
September	2.06	1.95¼	2.06	1.95	1.15

RYE.—Market firm; No. 2 Western, $1.82, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

The strength in the cash corn market again exerted a bullish influence on prices and early the market worked up 1c to 2½c. Shorts were good buyers and there was more or less buying on further complaints of cool nights throughout the belt. Toward the close there was a partial reaction under profit-taking, and final quotations were ½c to 1½c net higher. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $2.11¼ nominal, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, while No. 2 mixed was offered on resale at $2.06.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	1.61	1.60¼	1.60⅞	1.60	74⅝
December	1.16¼	1.14⅝	1.14⅝	1.12¼	64⅜
May	1.14¼	1.10⅝	1.12⅝	1.11⅜	

OATS.

The oats market was moderately active and prices were firmer, closing ¼c to 1c net higher. Shorts were good buyers, and the market felt the influence of the strength in Winnipeg, where there was a good demand on reports of damage by drought to the Canadian crop. The local cash market was strong; standard quoted at 85½c; No. 2 white, 84c; No. 3 white, 83@83c; No. 4 white, 81@82c; fancy clipped white, 88@90c; ordinary clipped white, 81@84c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	66¼	65¾	66¼	65¼	40⅜
September	55⅝	54⅜	55¼	54⅜	40⅜
December	57⅛	56¼	56⅝	56	42¼

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was weak and lower under quite active liquidation, which uncovered stop-loss orders. The hog market was easier, and much of the selling was said to be due to a very slow cash demand. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 20,000; estimated for today, 22,000. Kansas City received 7,000 and Omaha 15,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	20.45	20.30	20.37	20.65	12.85
September	20.75	20.55	20.62	20.90	12.90
Ribs—					
July	21.35	21.22	21.32	21.42	13.25
September	21.57	21.40	21.52	21.57	13.57
Pork—					
July	...	...	40.40	40.50	26.90
September	39.80	39.60	39.65	39.80	24.65

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil experienced a violent break during yesterday's session, closing with net losses of 91 to 100 points. There was active selling early on the weakness in lard and owing to the slow cash trade and general heaviness in fats and greases. On the decline stop loss orders were uncovered, and thus precipitated a general liquidating movement. Total sales for the day were 58,800 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	...	...	14.90	15.00
July	14.70	14.70	13.95@14.30	14.95
August	14.75	14.02	13.90@14.00	14.97
September	14.56	13.92	13.85@14.00	14.83
October	14.56	13.83	13.82@13.83	14.82
November	14.34	13.65	13.68@13.70	14.62
December	14.35	13.60	13.63@13.70	14.63
January	14.38	13.68	13.68@13.69	14.63
February	...	...	13.68@13.75	14.68

COFFEE.

After an easy opening, in which prices were 1 point lower to 1 point higher, with a very small trade, the coffee market developed moderate activity and quite a sharp advance, especially in the late afternoon, when prices sold up 8 to 10 points above the morning low level, with the close generally 3 to 7 points net higher. Sales in the local market amounted to 31,250 bags.

The spot market was steady, with only a moderate demand at unchanged prices. Rio No. 7s being quoted at 9¾c and Santos 4s at 10½c. Cost and freight offers were scarce. A bid of 9.60c for Santos 3s and 4s, London credits, was accepted. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	...	...	7.90@7.93	7.79
August	...	...	7.95@7.97	7.88
September	8.00	7.91	8.01@8.02	7.96
October	...	...	8.05@8.06	8.00
November	...	...	8.09@8.10	8.05
December	8.13	8.05	8.12@8.14	8.10
January	...	...	8.15@8.19	8.15
February	...	...	8.20@8.24	8.20
March	8.27	8.17	8.27@8.28	8.24
April	...	...	8.32@8.33	8.29
May	8.35	8.35	8.37@8.38	8.34
June	...	...	8.42@8.46	8.39

SUGAR.

The sugar futures market opened firm, 5@7 points higher, being somewhat under the influence of the strong spot market at the start. Local trade interests gave early support, which held values within a narrow range up to midday, when profit-taking set in, and prices rapidly sagged off, the close being 1 point net higher to 6 points net declines, the weakness being mostly in the very late positions. Total sales amounted to 17,150 tons, some of which represented switching operations, September to December and July to December. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	5.48	5.48	5.48@5.50	5.47
August	5.48	5.47	5.48@5.50	5.47
September	5.59	5.50	5.51@5.52	5.53
October	...	...	5.52@5.53	5.53
November	5.61	5.53	5.52@5.54	5.54
December	5.45	5.32	5.32@5.34	5.38
January	5.09	5.01	5.00@5.02	5.06
February	...	...	4.80@4.82	4.88
March	4.90	4.79	4.80@4.82	4.88
April	...	...	4.82@4.84	4.90
May	...	...	4.85@4.87	4.93

The market for refined sugar was firm in sympathy with raws, and prices were advanced by one refiner to the basis of 8c for fine granulated. The list, however, still ranged from 7.80@8c for fine granulated. There was a good inquiry reported, and it was said that during the past few days quite a large export business was done, some placing the amount as high as 20,000 tons. Local refiners showed further interest in offerings, and it is estimated that the total sales will run close to 150,000 bags Cubas, from store and in various positions up to late August shipment, at 6¼c cost and freight, equal to 6.64c duty paid, which is the highest price since October a year ago. There was also a sale of 25,000 bags Porto Rico at 6.58c cost, insurance, and freight. These sales were thought to have cleared the market of all offerings. Spot quotations follow: Centrifugal, 6.64c; molasses, 5.76c; cost and freight, 5¾c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 16,184 packages. General trade quiet. There were some purchases for storage and to fill a number, which tended to prevent much change in values for the better grades. There is an increasing supply of lower qualities, and these can be bought somewhat cheaper. Renovated quiet. Ladies and packing stock holding up pretty well, with moderate trade. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 33¼@33½c; extras, (92 scores,) 33¼c; firsts, (88 to 91 scores,) 31¾@33¼c; seconds, (83 to 87 scores,) 35@37c; thirds, 34@34½c; dairy, unsalted, higher than extras, 40@40½c; extras, 39@39½c; firsts, 38@38½c; seconds, 36@37½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 38@38½c; good to prime, 36½@37¼c; common to fair, 33@33c; renovated, extras, 36@36½c; firsts, 35@35½c; lower grades, 33@34½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 35@36½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 34@34½c; seconds, 33@33½c; lower grades, 31½@32½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33@33½c; No. 2, 32½c; lower grades, 31@32c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 21,845 cases. General market is quiet and there is pressure to sell the bulk of the supply offering, most of which shows more or less refrigerator taint and deteriorates rapidly with holding. There is continued scarcity of new laid eggs, and any lots that show a good to large proportion of such are taken up and absorbed. Fancy grades are pressed for sale, with prices in buyers' favor. The greater part of the business in Western eggs is at a range of 32@35½c, some very inferior to choice offerings lower. Nearby white eggs of strictly fancy quality are in light supply and firm; medium and ordinary lots move slowly at irregular prices. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 38@39c; extra firsts, 36½@37c; firsts, 34@36c; seconds, 31¼@34c; thirds and poorer, 27@31c; dirties, No. 1, 31@32c; No. 2 and poorer, 25@30c; checks, according to choice, dry, 26@30c; undergrades, 23@25c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 42@43c; ordinary to good, 39@41c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 38@39c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery brown, 40@42c; gathered brown and mixed colors, ungraded, 36@38c.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET.

The Commercial Bulletin says: "Trade is quiet, but the tone of the market is firm. Manufacturers are not anxious buyers, but they are not pressing sellers. Prices are firm and unchanged. Sales for the week, 1,000,000 pounds."

BOSTON COPPER MARKET.

Lake, 30½@30¾c; electrolytic, 30@30¼c; casting, 29½@29¾c.

METAL MARKETS.

Tin, spot, $70.50@$71.50; futures, $70.50@$71.50. Lead, $8.50@$8.60. Spelter, $8.50@$8.60. Antimony, 14@14½c.

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Telephone 1111 Broad.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of the Radler & Weinstein Company, Incorporated, will be held at 44 Great Jones St. on Aug. 13, 1917, at 4 P. M., for the purpose of dissolving said company.

BEN RADLER, Secty.
L. RADLER, Pres. and Treas.

$15,000,000

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

THREE-YEAR 6% GOLD NOTES

Dated July 1, 1917 *Due July 1, 1920*

Interest payable January 1 and July 1

Coupon Notes in Denominations of $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000 registerable as to Principal

Apart from these $15,000,000 *notes the only debt of the Company is represented by* $12,047,500 *Debentures.*

During the last fifteen years the Company has paid cash dividends at a rate of 8% *per annum upon its capital stock, which during that period has been increased, from time to time, from* $24,910,000 *to the present outstanding amount of* $101,512,500.

For the years ended December 31, 1915 *and* 1916, *the Company reported the following figures:*

	1915	1916
Total sales billed	$85,522,070	$134,242,290
Net income applicable to interest	12,307,995	19,160,973
Interest charges	570,086	571,445

Net earnings available for interest in 1916 *amounted to more than thirty-three times the Company's interest requirements. While the issuance of the above notes will increase the Company's interest charges* $900,000 *annually, the Company expects the Income Account for* 1917 *to show a material increase over* 1916.

WE OFFER THE ABOVE NOTES FOR SUBSCRIPTION AT 99¾ AND INTEREST TO YIELD ABOUT 6.10 PER CENT

Subscription books will be opened at our offices, at 10 *o'clock A. M., Thursday, July* 19*th, and will be closed at* 3 *o'clock P. M. the same day, or earlier in our discretion.*

The amount due on notes allotted and the date of payment will be given in the notices of allotment.

The right is reserved to reject any and all applications, and also, in any event, to award a smaller amount than applied for.

Temporary notes will be delivered pending the preparation of the definitive notes.

J. P. MORGAN & CO. ***LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.***

The foregoing figures are based on statements believed to be accurate, but are not guaranteed.

Dated July 19, 1917.

Short Term Notes

We believe that to-day the short term notes of prosperous American corporations are a most attractive form of investment, because they offer:

(1) A maximum of safety,
(2) Ready marketability,
(3) High income return,
(4) Suitable maturities.

Probably no class of securities has a more active and stable market, and as maturity date approaches, they are generally in great demand by banks, which buy them just as they would commercial paper. This demand usually has a tendency to bring the market price to par, or slightly above, some months before maturity. As money rates seem to show a tendency to decline, it does not seem unreasonable to expect that this will soon be reflected in higher prices for these earlier maturities.

The issues listed in our *"Special Letter"* we believe, are amply secured and sure of payment at the due date. They command a close and active market, and yield most attractive returns to the purchaser.

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Members { New York Stock Exchange / Detroit Stock Exchange / Cleveland Stock Exchange

Office of THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, Trustee.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 11th, 1917.

Notice to Holders of HOSTETTER-CONNELLSVILLE COKE COMPANY

Purchase Money Bonds.

The Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Company having requested the undersigned, as Trustee, to pay and redeem seventy (70) of its Purchase Money Bonds, dated February 1st, 1893, out of money available therefor in the Sinking Fund, pursuant to the provisions of its Trust Agreement, with the undersigned as Trustee, dated February 1st, 1893, under which said bonds were issued,

The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee, hereby gives notice that at the request of the Hostetter-Connellsville Coke Company, the Trustee will on August 1st, 1917, redeem bonds bearing numbers as follows:

1088 to 1108, inclusive; 1110, 1111, 1112, 1114, 1117; 1120 to 1142, inclusive, and said bonds will on August 1st, 1917, become due and payable at par and accrued interest thereon to said date.

The holders of said bonds are hereby notified to present same to the undersig

Wanted
Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Fajardo Sugar
Federal Sugar Refining Com.
General Baking Pfd.
Hale & Kilburn Pfd.
Penn Seaboard Steel
Pettibone-Mulliken 1st & 2d Pfds.
Pierce, Butler & Pierce Stks.&Bds.

For Sale
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50 Michigan Limestone Com.
100 Pacific Coast Com.
100 United Light Rys. Com.
10 Eagle Lock Co.

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Wanted, Manager For Bond Department.
Must have broad experience and thorough training and be able to handle both salesmen and necessary traders. Excellent opportunity to right man. All replies held strictly confidential. Address "Confidential," Box B 296 Times Downtown.

GOVERNMENT BUYING WOOL.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., July 18.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"Fine wools, reported to be for Government purposes, were the feature of the market for the week under review. Large quantities of fine capes sold from 55 to 60 cents per pound and fine territory sold readily when obtainable. The feeling in regard to the Government's taking over the control of wool seems to be dying down. The declaration of peace is the only thing which can substantially affect the market. It is generally thought it will be stronger in this event.

"All important in the course of the cotton crop and cotton market now is the weather. The market declined during the week under review on news of rains where needed, but in some quarters it was felt that the recession was due or partly due to disappointment in regard to peace developments in Germany.

"The cotton goods market is relatively more inactive than for a number of weeks and indications are that the market has reached the top for the present. Mills are well sold up and the situation may remain steady, but buyer would be rather foolish to place any large orders at present. The outlook is not for much higher prices. Present indications are that domestic distribution will be relatively smaller than it has been. Large special buying is holding up the market. If this is withdrawn the market may become decidedly weak."

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers.

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930		
2s, coupon, 1930		
2s, registered, 1918		
2s, coupon, 1918		
3s, registered, 1946		
3s, coupon, 1946		
3s conversion, 1947		
4s, registered, 1925		Bid. Ask.
4s, coupon, 1925		
2s, Panama, '85, reg		
3s, Panama, '61, reg		
3s, Panama, '61, coupon		

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
6s	Sept., 1917	100¼	100¼	100
4½s	June, 1965	101¼	102¼	102
4½s	Mar., 1963	101¼	102¼	102
4½s	Nov., 1957	101¼	102¼	102
4½s	May, 1957	101¼	102¼	102
4½s	Nov., 1917	99⅞		99⅞
4½s	April, 1936	97⅛	96¼	97⅛
4½s	Mar., 1960-80	97⅛	98	97⅛
4½s	Mar., 1964	97⅛	98	97⅛
4½s	Mar., 1962	97⅛	98	97⅛
4½s	Sept., 1960	97⅛	98	97⅛
4s	May, 1959	94	94¼	94¼
4s	Nov., 1958	94	94¼	94¼
4s	May, 1957	94	94¼	94
4s	Nov., 1956	94	94¼	94
4s	Nov., 1936	95	98	95
4s	May, 1919	99½		99¼
4s	Nov., 1918	99¼		99¼
3½s	Nov., 1954	84	85½	84
3½s	May, 1954	83½		83½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1930	4.50	4.25 4.50
4½s	1918-1923	4.50	4.25 4.50
4½s	1924-1931	4.50	4.25 4.50
4½s	1923-1923	4.50	4.25 4.50
4½s	April, 1920	4.50	4.50
4½s	1918-1919	4.50	4.50
4½s	1930-1939	4.50	4.25 4.50
4½s	1940-1953	4.50	4.25 4.50
4½s	1922-1939	4.50	4.25 4.50
4s	1926-1930	4.50	4.20 4.50

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
28,000	†Aetna Ex.	1¼	0⅝	7
100	‡ Do pf	32	30	30
400	‡Air Reduc	87½	86	87
1,500	Bt.-Am Tob. com. B	18½	18	18
100	‡Butterw'k Judson	60	60	60
55	†Carbon Steel	96	95	96
1,600	Carwen Steel	11⅝	11¼	11⅝
400	ChargeoIron Co. of Am.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
100	‡Cities Serv., pf.	29½	29½	29½
1,200	Curtiss Aero.	42	39½	41
7,000	Do rights..	1⅞		1⅞
1,000	Em'sonPhon.	6⅛	6	6⅛
100	Everett Hea. Mey. Inc...	21¾	21¾	21¾
325	Holly Sugar..	57	54	55
50	Do pf	101¼	101¼	101¼
400	‡Int. Trading	⅞	⅞	⅞
400	KeystoneTire & Rubber	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝
1,100	‡LakeTor.Bt.	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
100	‡Lima Loco..	56	56	56
10	‡LukensSteel 1st pf	102½	102¼	102½
12,000	†MaximMuni.	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
300	N.Am.P. & P.	4¾	4¼	4¼
3,500	‡Ohio Cities Gas, w. i.	56¼	56	56¼
10	A.O.Smith pf.	94½	94¼	94½
500	‡Steel Alloys	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝
100	Stromb'g-Carburetor	28	28	28
1,600	Submar.Boat v. t. ctfs..	31	30½	30⅝
1,300	TriangleFilm v. t. ctfs..	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
450	‡U. E. Aero.	37⅜	35¾	37⅜
300	U. S. SS. Co.	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,500	‡Unit. Motors	26¼	25⅝	25⅝
700	‡U. S. Aero.	6⅞	6⅝	6¼
600	‡U. S.L.& H.	2	1⅞	1⅞
400	U. Zinc Sm..	4¼	4¼	4¼
300	World Film v. t. ctfs..	⅝	⅝	⅝
18,000	‡Wright-Mar. Aircraft	10	9⅝	9⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

30	Gal. Sig. O.	148	148
38	Ohio Oil	345	344
20	Prairie P. L.	270	270
25	St. Oil, Cal.	258	258

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

3,400	†Allen Oil..	1⅛	⅝	¾
2,500	†Bar. O. & G (a pros)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	‡B. O. & G., (a pros)			⅛
8,000	††B.-W. Oil, (a pros)	18	16	18
450	†Con. M. Oil, (a pros)	50	40	45
200	†Cos. O. & G.	12¾	12½	12½
500	‡C. & Co. ... ref.) ctfs.	12¾	12½	12½
2,110	††Crosby P., (a pros)	55	54	55
3,800	Cum. P. & R.	⅛	⅛	⅛
5,000	‡Elk B. Pet.	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
7,500	‡E. O. & G., (a pros)	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,800	‡Emmons O. Co.	1½	1½	1½
700	‡Federal Oil	4½	4½	4½
700	‡Int. Pet'm..	15⅛	13¼	15⅛
300	Ken'a Oil, (a pros)	⅞	⅞	⅞

MINING STOCKS.

5,200	Acme C. H.	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,400	A.-B. C. Mt.	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,800	††A. S. Cop.	38	35	37
5,700	††Atlanta	11	10¼	11
600	B. L. Cop.	2	1¾	2
400	Bing. Min.	12¾	12½	12¾
7,500	†B. & Mont.	64	60	64
300	B. Cop. &Z.,	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,500	Butte ...	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
9,800	††Caledonia..	65	64	67
3,800	†Cal. & J.	1¾	1½	1¾
2,000	Con. Copper.	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,500	†Cashboy	8	7	8
8,300	†Coco R. M.	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
800	Con. A. Sm.	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
300	†Con.-Home.	25	25	25
1,000	Cresc. C. G.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
1,900	Crystal C. M.	1¾	1¾	1¾
15,000	‡Emma Con.	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,700	†Goldf. C..	53	51	52
800	††Greenm M..	⅞	⅞	⅞
600	Hecla Min.	9⅛	*8⅛	8⅞
600	H.B. Z. M.	1	1	1
800	‡I. M. M. D.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,550	‡Iron Blos.	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,000	‡Jerome Y., (a pros)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,200	††Jim Butler	72	72	72
1,100	Jos'ig-Ken., (a pros)			⅛
2,500	‡Jumbo Ext.	82	81	81
1,500	‡Ju. M. N. M., (a pros)	2	2	2
800	Kerr Lake	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
1,200	††Kewanaa	14	13	14
2,200	Louis. Con.	1	1	1
100	Magma Cop.	45	45	45
700	††Magmat. C	23	23	23
3,200	†Magnate C.	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,200	‡Mason Val.	6¼	6¼	6¼
500	Mason Cop.	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,500	‡Milford C..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,200	‡Moh. C. C.	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,100	‡Mojave Tn.	2	2	2
2,500	‡Mother L.	27	26½	27
100	‡N. H. Mn.	1	1	1
6,000	‡N. Z. & L.	60	55	60
700	‡N. Y. Zinc, (a pros.)	⅝	⅝	⅝
300	Nickias Min.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,000	Nipissing	8	7⅞	8
5,800	‡OhioCopper, (a pros.)	⅞	⅞	⅞
8,200	†Portl'd Con.	35	33	34
1,500	†Rex Con.	25	25	25
3,700	†RichmondM.			⅛
2,500	†Rochester C.	57	55	56
400	‡SantaR.Dev.	50	48	49
1,000	Sil.Kg.of Ariz.	2		2
1,700	Std. Sil.-Lead	17		17
2,000	Stewart			⅛
2,500	††Success	81	80	81
200	Super. Cop., (a pros.)	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
6,350	†Superstition, (a pros.)	*18	15	17
220	Tono. Ext.	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
575	Tono. Min.	6¼	6¼	6¼
1,000	‡Troy-Ariz.	24	24	24
1,700	Unit. East'n.	4	3⅞	3⅞
1,750	U. M.of Ariz.	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,400	††U. S.Tung.	23	23	23
500	Unity Gold..	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
1,200	††Utah Nat.	4	3⅞	3⅞
3,900	††UticaMines	22	21	21
100	‡Verde Insp.	67		67
600	‡W.Rnd Con.	70	*63	69
2,500	‡WilbertMin.	17	16	16
1,500	†Yerington..	27	26	27

BONDS.

$14,000	‡Beth. Stl.5s			
20,000	2-yr. notes	98¼	98¼	98½
	‡N. Y. City 4½s, w. i.	101⅝	101⅛	101⅛
$37,000	‡Rus. Govt. new 5½s..	79	76	79
20,000	‡Rus. Govt. 6½s	90	88½	88½

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note.—Tuesday New York Zinc sold at ⅛ and ⅜.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am.-B. Mfg.	10	6	10
Do pf.	30	25	30
Am. Drug S.	10	15	10
Am. Tin & T.	⅛	⅜	⅛
Am. Stores	34	36½	34
Do 1st pf.	96	98	96
Am. Writ. P. S.	4	6	4
Atlantic Steel	155	150	155
Boyd Motors	3¾	4	3¾
Brit.-A. Tob. Ord. Bearer.	18	19	18
Brit.-Am. T., Ord	17⅛	18	17⅛
Can. Nat. Gas	⅛	⅜	⅛
Car L. & P.	2¾	3	¾
Central Fdry.	32	36	35
Cen. Fdry. pf.	51	54	51
Chal. Motors	10	12	10
Charo'l I. pf.	6	6⅜	6
Chev. Motor	92	97	92
Cramp Ship	80	90	80
Curtiss A. pf.	70	80	70
Eastern Steel	116	118	116
Electric Gun	⅜	⅝	⅜
Elite Plan S	⅜	⅝	⅜
Free. T., new	42½	44	43
Fisk Rub. 1st conv. pf.		108	
Grant M. Car	¼	5¼	¼
Hall Sig. pf.	8	12	8
Hendee Mfg.	27	31	27
Int. A. & T.	27½		27½
Int. Trad. pf.	27		27
Interc. Rubber	1	1¼	1
Kath. Bze. pf.	1¼	2¼	1¼
K. T. & R. pf	14½	16	17½
Kresge	97	102	97
Lake T. Boat 1st pf.	8½	9¼	8½
L. Val. C. S.	75	80	75
Lukens Steel	43	47	42
Man. Transit.	⅜	⅝	⅜
Mar. of Am.	2¾	3¾	2¾
Marlin Arms	94	100	94
Mitchell Mot.	40	50	39½
Motor Prod.	88	97	88
Nat. Auto Cp.	15	25	15
N. Y. Shipbdg	43	48	43
N. Y. Trans.	16½	17	16½
Peerless T. M.	14	16	16
Poole Engine	75	90	75
Redden M. T.	17½	20	17½
Rep. Truck	70	72	70
Do pf.	93	95	93
Smith, (A. O.)	34	35½	34
St.L. Rky.Mt. & Pacific	32	34	32
Stand. Motors	11¾	12	11¾
S. & T. T. pf.	10	10½	10
St. J. Lead	15¾	18¾	15¾
Todd Sh'yards	82	84	82
United Sugar	36	36½	36
West L. Syn.	40	45	40
Wright-M. pf.	60	60	50
Zinc Con.	2¼	2⅝	2½

OIL STOCKS.

Am. Oil, N.E.	43	44	43
Am. Ventura	12	16	12
Houston Oil	20	22	20
N. Y. & O. O.	⅝	¾	⅝
N. Y.-Tex. Oil	1⅝	2	1⅝
Okla. Oil pf.	52	57	52
Omar O. & G.	30	33	30
Penn.-Wyo.	8¼	8¾	8¼
Pierce Oil	11⅜	12	11⅜
Sin. Gulf C.	25	27	25
Utah Petm.	30	40	30
Vac. O. & G.	¾	⅞	¾

MINING STOCKS.

Bisbee Copper	⅞	1	⅞
Booth	7	9	7
Butte-N. Y.	1⅛	2	1⅛
Red W. M.	⅛	⅜	⅛
Round Mtn.	31	35	31
San. Copper	1½	1⅝	1½
St. N. Zinc	17	19	17
Ton. Belmont	4½	4¾	4½
United V. E.	36½	37¾	36¾

BOND.

Pierce Oil 6s	82	84	82

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18½	19	18½
Atlantic Refining	930	940	920
Borne-Scrymser	410	440	410
Buckeye Pipe Line	98	100	98
Chesebrough Mfg.	290	310	300
Colonial Oil	50	70	50
Continental Oil	485	510	485
Crescent Pipe Line	35	40	35
Cumberland P. L.	100	103	155
Eureka Pipe Line	205	210	205
Galena Signal Oil	147	150	147
Galena-Sig. Oil pf.	138	142	139
Illinois Pipe Line	209	212	209
Indiana Pipe Line	97	100	98
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	13	13¾	13
Nat. Transit	14	16	14
N. Y. Transit	185	190	185
Northern Pipe Line	99	102	98
Ohio Oil	345	348	342
Penn.-Mex. Fuel	47	53	47
Prairie Oil & Gas	500	510	500
Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	270
Solar Refining	320	340	330
Southern Pipe Line	195	200	195
South. Penn. Oil	288	292	288
Stand. Oil of Cal.	257	260	256
Stand. Oil of Ind.	745	755	745
Stand. Oil of Kan.	475	495	470
Stand. Oil of Ky.	345	355	345
Stand. Oil of Neb.	500	520	500
Stand. Oil of N. J.	578	582	576
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	280	283	278
Stand. Oil of Ohio	430	440	430
Swan & Finch	100	115	100
Union Tank	97	100	96
Vacuum Oil	355	365	355
Washington Oil	80	84	80

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Astna pf.	36	38	35
American Brass	310	315	300
Atlas Powder	139	166	139
Do pf.	99	101	99
Babcock & Wilcox	122	125	123
Bliss	500	550	500
Do pf.	73	75	73
Can. Explosives	350	450	350
Do pf.	104	110	104
Colt's Arms	98	103	103
Du Pont	257	260	257
Do cld com.	104	106	104
Do deb. pf.	99	101	100
Hercules Powder	247	250	247
Do pf.	116	120	116
Niles-Bem'-Pond	148	153	145
Scovill Mfg.	580	610	
Winchester Arms	1000	1200	1000

GOOD INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market in The Annalist affords facilities for investors to become acquainted with substantial bonds and stocks. Every Monday. 10 cents; $4.00 a year. Times Square, New York.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Closing—Bid.	Closing—Asked.
150	Am. Light & Traction	311	309	309	310	
1,060	Cities Service	277	275	275½	276	
940	Cities Service pf.	85⅛	84¾	85	85¼	
1,800	Cities Service new	29⅝	28⅞	29	29¼	
200	Central States Electric	12⅜	11	10	13	

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	20	22
Adiron. Elec. Pow. pf.	71	75
Am. Gas & Electric	110	115
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	47¾	49
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110
Am. Power & Light	87	88
Am. Power & Light pf.	87½	90
Am. Public Utilities	30	35
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	66	68
Am. W. W. & Elec.	8	9
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	80	82
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	22	25
Carolina Power & Light	37	39
Carolina P. & L. pf.	98	100
Colorado Power	28	29
Colorado Power pf.	98	100
Commonwealth P. & L.	48	50
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	76½	78½
Consumers' P. pf.	94	97
Dayton Power & L. pf.	86½	88½
Duluth Edison	75	80
Eastern Texas Electric	57	60
Eastern Texas El. pf.	83	85
Electric B. & S. pf.	99½	100
Electric Properties	60	62
El Paso Electric	104	108
El Paso Electric pf.	95	98
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	86	91
Empire Gas & Fuel	99	100
Fed. Light & Traction	11⅛	13
Fed. Light & Trac. pf.	45	49
Gas & Elec. Securities	290	310
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.	94	100
Interstate Electric	35	42
Interstate Elec. pf.	91	95
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Miss. River Power	11	12
Miss. River Power pf.	33	37½

Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s 70
Apex Power 5s, 1962.. 78
Central P. & L. 5s.. 95
Central Ill. Light 5s.. 99¼
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. 1st 5s, 1956..... 99
Cities Service 5s, '57.. 85
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27 80
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1947.. 97
Conn. Pow. & L. 5s, '63. 98
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937. 95
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942..... 94
Cumm. Gas & El. 1st 5s. 101¼
Defiance G. & E. 1st, '42 80
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s. 94
Eastern Ohio 1st 5s.... 97
E. Texas Elec. col. 5s. 88
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s.... 87½
Fed. Light & Tr. deb.... 90
Galv.-Hous. El. 1st 5s. 85
West. Pow. 5s, '46.. 81
West. Pow. 6s, '25. 94
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '41 93
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36.. 88
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41 90
Mich. Light 5s, 1946.. 97½
Middle West U. 8s.... 95
Man. & S. R. & L. 5s.. 99¼
Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s 70
Miss. R. V. G. & E. 5s, '22 85

"The cotton goods market is relatively more inactive than for a number of weeks and indications are that the market has reached the top for the present. Mills are well sold up and the situation may remain steady, but buyer would be rather foolish to place any large orders at present. The outlook is not for much higher prices. Present indications are that domestic distribution will be relatively smaller than it has been. Large special buying is holding up the market. If this is withdrawn the market may become decidedly weak."

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Prices on the Consolidated Stock Exchange ended in retreat. Closing quotations for many prominent issues were at or near their lowest. Earlier in the day there had been temporary firmness displayed by the general list, broken, however, by spots of special softness. More than 41,000 shares of United States Steel common were dealt in, with closed at 120⅝. This was after it had opened at 121⅝, down ⅛ of a point from its closing on Tuesday, and it early sold features.

St. Paul was one of the early weak

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Allis-Chal	29⅜	28⅝	28⅝
200	Am. B. Sug	98	96¾	96¾
150	Am. Can	48½	47⅝	47⅝
100	Am. H. & L.	12⅝	12¼	12¼
100	Do pf	59	55	55
10	Am. Linseed	24¾	23½	23½
100	Am. Loco'e	72	71⅛	71⅛
190	Am. S. & R.	103½	102⅜	102⅜
20	Am. Sugar	124⅜	123¾	123¾
600	Am. Tob.	48	48	48
600	Ana. Copper	78½	77⅝	77⅝
20	A., T. & S.F.	101⅞	101	101⅛
600	Baldwin L.	69	68	68
200	Balt. & Ohio	43¾	42¾	43
2,780	Beth. S. B.	126¾	124	124¾
100	California P.	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝
200	Cent. Leath.	86⅞	83¾	84½
1,950	C., M. & St. P.	72¾	67¾	67¾
20	C., R. I. & P.	86⅛	86¼	86¼
90	Col. F. & I.	50¼	49¾	49¾
300	Corn Prod.	34¾	33⅝	33⅞
1,990	Crucible St.	81	80	80
90	Cuba C. S.	41¾	41¼	41¼
450	Dist. Sec.	26¾	24¾	25½
540	Erie	25⅝	25	25½
10	Gen. Elec.	154	154	154
450	Gen. Motors.	117¾	115⅜	116
100	Gt. N. Ore.	33⅞	33⅝	33⅝
500	Unity Gold.	3¾	3¼	3¾
1,200	Utah Nat.	4	3⅞	3⅞
3,900	††UticaMines	22	21	21
100	‡Verde Insp.	67		67
600	‡W.Rnd Con.	70	*63	69
2,500	‡WilbertMin.	17	16	16
1,500	†Yerington..	27	26	27

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1,000	‡B. O. & G., (a pros)			⅛
8,000	††B.-W. Oil, (a pros)	18	16	18
450	†Con. M. Oil, (a pros)	50	40	45
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1,800	‡Emmons O. Co.	1½	1½	1½
700	‡Federal Oil	4½	4½	4½
700	‡Int. Pet'm..	15⅛	13¼	15⅛
300	Ken'a Oil, (a pros)	⅞	⅞	⅞

MINING STOCKS.

5,200

BUSINESS WORLD.

Buyers' Wants

APPAREL.—Highest cash prices paid for ladies' wearing apparel; quantity no object. Gruber, 448 Broadway. Canal 8670.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany $15 and F. & H. Columbia broadcloth, all colors; will pay cash, any quantity. Madison Square 7437.

COATING.—Wool velour coating, any quantity, for cash. Jacobus, 1261 B'way. Mad. Sq. 1473.

COATS, SUITS—Prominent jobber placing stock orders. 4th floor, 6 West 32d St.

COATS.—Jobber looking at coats; snappy styles; 28 West 25th St., 1st floor.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats. 8th floor, 45 West 27th St.

CORDUROY.—Open for quantity wide wale corduroy, brown, green, navy. Louis Rosenheim & Co., 114 West 17th St.

COTTON GOODS of every description bought; manufacturer's surplus stock. J 177 Times.

COTTON GOODS manufacturer wants white and colored sateen. Tel. Farragut 3792.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Open for large quantities of good 3-thread and 4-thread crepe de chine for spot cash. Kayanee Waist & Dress Co., 586 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Will buy jobs of taffetas, Georgettes, or crepe de chine dresses; no quantity too large; must be exceptional values in Ct. 240 Times Downtown.

DRESSES.—Jobs of silk and wash dresses, wash skirts; spot cash. M. Silverman & Son, Philadelphia, Penn., 18 West 27th St. Farragut 8145.

DRESSES.—Ladies' and misses' black voile dresses wanted; will pay cash for a quantity. Mr. O'Connor, 425 West 55th St. Columbus 9080.

DRESSES.—Jobbers placing orders for Fall dresses. Call with samples, Spiro & Kutner, 1,295 Broadway, city.

DRESSES.—Very large jobber looking at samples of serge dresses. 43 W. 20th, 1 flight up.

DRESSES.—Cotton, better grade, to close out; removal sacrifice. W. W. Dress, 24 East 22d.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at serge dresses. 8th floor, 45 West 25th St.

GEORGETTE wanted for cash. Columbia Ladies' Waist Co., 149 Spring. Phone Spring 5381.

HATS.—Children's hats; buying Fall and Winter hats. Mr. S., 600 Broadway, store.

PANTING.—Print cotton panting; interested in large lots at a price. Reply H. W., care The G. M. Co., 11 West 19th St.

PIECE GOODS wanted, cheviots; open to buy quantity of heavyweight; Stoney & Starzey preferred. Reikes & Hantman, 15 West 20th St.

PIECE GOODS.—Open to buy Pom-Pom cloth and broadcloth, all shades. Philip Cohn, 129 West 20th St. Farragut 6266.

PLAID SILK.—Will buy short pieces; also chambray and plaids. B. S., 253 Times Downtown.

POIRET TWILL or GABARDINE.—Open for quantity of tan Poiret twill or gabardine; cash. Alper Bros., 11 West 17th St.

POM POM.—American taupe, plum, Pekin amethyst. Farragut 2816.

POPLINS.—For cash; Whitman's 767, Amoskeag 9958; also similar cloths. Farragut 9608.

SATINE.—Fancy satine, any quantity; also Buckley & Cohen's No. 1 velour check. G. Schirmer, Inc., 3 East 43d St. Vanderbilt 8850.

SERGES.—Light weight French serge, W. F. K. preferred, navy only. J. D. Booth & Son, 154 West 26th St.

SERGE.—Garfield's No. 519 serge, navy, cream, and rose. Hanauer & Arnstein, Inc., 104 Madison Av.

SERGES.—Quantity, navy and black, Botany 1448 destroyed; cash. Schlang, 151 W. 26th.

SKIRT contractor wishes to take out work, cut or uncut; good workmanship. Call Stuyvesant 3751. B 106 Times.

SUITS and COATS.—Jobber placing orders on better grade suits and coats. Call all week before 10 M., rear elevator, 4th floor, 151 West 26th St.

VOILE.—Plain cotton; mark "Rialto;" quote price for export; also piece goods, hosiery, &c., of every description; large lot only for export; pay spot cash. Philipp Bauer Co., 68 Broad St.

WAISTS.—Contractors, city or out of town, wanted by large silk waist manufacturer; steady work to right manufacturer. B. S., 229 Times Downtown.

WHIPCORDS.—Open for brown; will pay cash. Chelsea 7001.

EYELENE.—Open for quantity low price sybilene in brown, green, navy. Louis Rosenheim & Co., 114 West 17th.

EIBELINE.—Will pay cash for Kelly rafter brown and green sibeline. Kirschner & Michaels, 144 West 27th St.

Offerings to Buyers

BATHROBES.—Infants', children's, ladies' and misses' big assortment at lowest prices. Cornell Bathrobe Co., 36 W. 20th. Chelsea 8187.

BROADCLOTH.—Will exchange Botany $15 Broadcloth for Pom Poms. Madison Sq. 7650.

CLOTH—Pompoms, wool velours, chinchillas, muxkatex, striped bolivia. Farragut 2648.

COATS.—Silk plush coats, 48 inches long, 72-inch sweep, serge lining, with belt all around and 8-inch mole collar, at $10. Call and see this wonder of this season. Rothstein & Nelson, 129 West 29th St.

COATS.—Kayser silk jersey sport coats and suits; exceptional values; immediate delivery. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

COATS, Suits, and Skirts.—Complete stock of Spring and Summer garments at big discount. Hamilton Garment Co., 307 5th Av.

COATS.—Wonderful sellers; broadcloth and plush coats of the better grade; popular prices. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

COATS.—Line of high-grade Fall samples; close out cheap. Call after 2 P. M., 50 East 9th, fourth floor.

COATS—Silk plush; trimmed; guaranteed lining. $9.50. Metropolitan Coat, 40 W. 27th.

COATS.—Silk jersey coats; immediate delivery. I. Novick, 40 West 28th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Fall line ready, better kind; popular prices. Talbot, 114 West 27th.

COATS, auto dusters, and tweeds, to close out. Plotkin Bros., 108 West 26th.

COATS.—Infants' and children's, white or colored. Sternberg Bros., 35 West 21st.

COTTON GOODS.—A few thousand yards assorted and colored to close out, very low price. David Harris, 1,372 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Serges, satins, taffetas, Georgettes, white, colors; immediate delivery; new styles continually; special prices; quantity lots; large sizes always on hand. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES, Suits.—We have in stock for immediate delivery navy taffeta dresses in jersey silk and pongee sport suits. Tip Top Dress, 134 West 37th.

DRESSES.—Fall models in striped taffeta, crepe de chine, georgette, and taffeta to close. Adelson Weinberg, 5 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—About 100 serge dresses to close out at $5 prices; all new Fall models. Samuel Englander, 1,178 Broadway, corner 28th.

DRESSES.—Closing out navy taffeta wash gingham, voile, crepe, tussahs, and spot; sacrifice prices. Queen, 149 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—300 high-class satin, georgette, and charmeuse to close out. J. Lasser, 47 West 34th St.

DRESSES.—200 cotton and gingham dresses to close out cheap. National Garment Co., 1 East 28th St.

DRESSES.—500 taffeta, to close out at a price. Redfern Costume Co., 6 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—All wool serge and taffeta dresses, $6.75 up. Bronner Bros. & Hahn, 18 West 27th St.

DRESSES, silk, gingham, white, fancy voiles, immediate delivery. Gleckner Dress Co., 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES—800 wash dresses, 500 taffeta, to close out. Fan American Waist & Dress Co., 141 West 36th.

DRESSES.—300 dresses in cottons, linens, and silks; close out at sacrifice. Balsam Dress Co., 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Taffeta, serge, few washables; also 50 military suits at sacrifice. Primo, 26 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Silk and serge dresses for immediate delivery. Flower Dress, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Job in wash dresses to close out. Paragon, 150 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Job of 150 wash dresses cheap. Windsor Manufacturing Co., 148 West 34th.

DRESSES.—Linen; close out; all colors. Lentz Bros. & Co., 126 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Linens, tussahs, and taffetas to close out. Vassar Dress Co., 39 West 32d.

DRESSES.—100 shantung dresses to close out. Princess Dress, 19 West 24th.

MACHINES.—8-44-8, 50-81-18, 50-44-18, 25 Willcox & Gibbs, 8 button sewers, 2 ticket sewers, 2 overlock machines, 200 power tables, 10 cloth-cutting machines, 3 direct shaft motors; all in perfect condition. Bloomer, 35 East 28th St.

MIDDIES.—We have still middies in cotton, silk, smocks, and sport coats, for immediate delivery, at low market prices. 446 Broadway. G. & L. Middy Blouse Co.

MIDDY BLOUSES—100 doz. to close out. Pincus Bros., 141-145 West 17th.

OVERCOATS—400 kerseys, fancies, also alpaca coats, to close out very cheap. D. L. & W., Inc., 46 East 14th St.

SATIN—Will sell brown and green satin at a price; also corduroys, white and colors. Chelsea 6955.

SERGES, Poplin, Gabardines, Poiret Twills, Velours, Wool Plushes, Astrachans, Sateens. Farragut 9612.

SERGE.—Will sell Whitman 94 and 104 below mill price. Farr. 616.

SERGES.—11483, 54280, 7122, 7120, 90, 104. Call Gramercy 5041.

SILVERTONE by Holden Leonards, $2.25; Stevens 1041 suiting, $1.87½; Stevens 1040 Scotch mix coating, $1.55; Dobson 864 Plush, $8.50; Blumenthals broadtail black, $2.10; colors, $2; terms net. W 21 Times.

SKIRTS.—Wash at $9 dozen; 10-16 Worth, $18.50; $15 dozen to close out in lots of 25 dozen. 18th floor, 1,239 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—Closing out fancy silk, $2.75 up; wash skirts, $5.50 dozen up. Nival, 151 West 36th.

SKIRTS.—Removal sale, silk jersey skirts, coats, and suits. Daily Waist, 8 West 19th.

SKIRTS.—Fancy striped taffetas; also black, $2.50 up. 3666 Madison Square.

SPORT SUITS, silk, to close out. J. Haft & Sons, 99 Madison Av.

SUITS.—Ramie linen suits to close out. Fenstersteck & Rosen, 35 West 31st.

SUITS.—100 Susquehanna poplin suits to close out. Fourth floor, 134 West 20th.

SUITS.—Genuine ladies' palm beach suits to close out. Sol Levine & Co., 12 W. 27th St.

TRICOTINE.—54-inch black tricotine, 25 pieces, $1.25 net. Phone Franklin 2044.

VELOURS—No. 9700 Arthur Joels; colors: taupe, plum, brown and green. Telephone Farragut 4218.

WAISTS.—Georgette, popular price, and crepe de chine; large quantity on hand; will sell at a price. Supreme Waist Co., 114 West 26th St.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to sell at a price. Deutschman Bros., 15 West 20th.

WASH SKIRTS.—500 dozen white and fancy to close. Greenwald Petticoat Co., 1261 Broadway. Telephone Madison Square 8832.

WASH SKIRTS.—100 dozen whites and colored, to close out at sacrifice. Waldorf Mfg. Co., 15 West 34th.

WASH SKIRTS.—Job to close cheap. A. Russakow, 136 West 21st St.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN.—We have an opening for a live wire man to handle our line exclusively of dresses and waists for the Pacific Coast territory; good opportunity for the right man; salary and commission. Tip Top Waist and Dress Co., 134-142 West 37th St.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...4¼@5 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday.....4¼@5 " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

Some Big Single Payments.

Some idea of the amount of merchandise used by the J. C. Penney Company, Inc., in the 177 stores it now operates in the Far, Middle and Southwest, may be gained from the size of the single payment checks sent out in the last few months. One check drawn to the order of a big shoe concern was for $179,000. Several "shoe" checks for $65,000 have been drawn. A recent check in payment for certain dry goods was for $117,200, and another, also for dry goods, called for $95,280. Dry goods payments as large as $65,000 are made quite frequently.

Clothing Stocks Being Cleaned Up.

Although a month ago the clothing retailers were rather fearful that much larger stocks than usual would have to be carried over to next year, business has shown such improvement during the intervening time that it is now believed only a normal surplus will remain. The unusually late Spring, bearing with it cold and rainy weather, held up retail business to a serious extent. The outlook has become much brighter, especially during the last couple of weeks, and by the time the Summer sales are over the retailers feel their shelves will be well cleared.

Gaining Time on New Discounts.

According to an authority in the coal and suit trade the new terms calling for payment in ten days if the 2 per cent. discount is desired does not preclude an end of the month dating. In fact, as he pointed out, no mention of dating is made, so that it is quite possible and within the letter of the agreement to date the bill ahead as far as the buyer might care to and the manufacturer permit. No objection has been raised by the association officials, it was said, to end of the month datings which would really make the 2-10 terms in reality 2-10 and the whole or any part of the month.

Lull in Women's Wear Trade.

Until the conference between the wholesalers and the retailers on the question of the new discount is over, the present lull in the women's wear trade is expected to continue. The associated houses are not the only ones to feel the effect of indecision on the part of buyers. As far as could be determined yesterday, the firms outside the association are feeling the slack to an equal extent. Orders for merchandise that is needed immediately are, of course, coming in regardless of terms, but buyers have shown a disposition to hold off on future needs until the important discount matter is settled.

Fewer Clothing Models.

The sentiment among the clothing retailers, in regard to limiting the number of models, fits in very well with the policy suggested by administration officials as a war-time measure. The retailers have freely expressed themselves on the subject to manufacturers who brought out so many lines last season. It is safe to say that the wholesalers will bear these opinions in mind when it comes time to prepare lines for next Spring. The large showing of models was especially evident this year in the overcoat branch, where the variety of styles overwhelmed buyers. A manufacturer's representative said yesterday that he had spent one whole day helping a buyer select $5,000 worth of overcoats.

Gray Goods Sales Small.

No improvement in buying was apparent in the local gray goods market yesterday. Sheeting sales consisted largely of odds and ends, though the aggregate yardage disposed of in this way was said to be pretty fair. In the printcloths most of the selling was done by second-hands, the mills again being unwilling to meet buyers' price views. Even these sales, aside from some 28½ inch 64-60c at 10¼ cents for July-September shipment, were small and without feature. Closing mill prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s	14½c	38½-inch, 64-60s	10½c
39-inch, 72-76s	13½c	38½-inch, 64-54s	10½c
39-inch, 68-72s	12c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9½c
38-inch, 56-44s	9½c	38½-inch, 60-48s	9½c
38½-inch, 64-64s	11c	37-inch, 64-60s	7½c

Are Having Fabric Troubles.

More than one complaint is heard these days among dress manufacturers regarding the way deliveries are coming through. One concern, which had ordered a quite liberal supply of a certain kind of silk, received only twenty pieces of it in six weeks. The silk being badly needed, other measures were about to be taken to get it when the remainder of the goods arrived in a single shipment. The silk manufacturer put the blame on the finisher. In another case a dress man needed some piece-dyed silks in a hurry. So he bought a good quantity of them in the gray, paying a big price to have them given a special finish and rushed out. They were a success, so he decided to try it again. This time, however, though the same finisher was employed and a similar finish was desired, the silk came out in very poor condition and had to be resold at a loss. So it looks as if the dress men are "up against it" from both sides.

One Way to Check Returns.

Apropos of the seven-day limit put on returns of merchandise by local stores, a man who is interested in a chain of Western retail dry goods establishments told yesterday of one way to check them without putting any time limit on. "We probably show a smaller percentage of illegitimate returns than any other concern in the country," he said. "The reason for this is that we don't deliver anything. Because of this there is little shopping for fun or to impress a companion on the part of our customers. When a woman knows that she must not only carry her purchases home, but also carry them back in case she wants to return them, you may be pretty sure she will make no returns unless something is wrong with the goods. In that case the return cannot be called illegitimate. While deliveries are doubtless imperative in New York, charging for them might have the same effect in checking returns as our no-delivery system."

Spring Dress Goods Prices High.

In spite of the fact that this is considered a general era of high prices, it is doubtful if many jobbing buyers were prepared for the advances shown by the quotations given out yesterday on the Spring, 1918, lines of dress goods made by the Pacific Mills and marketed through Lawrence & Co. of this city. Especially sharp were the rises on the better, wide, all-wool fabrics. The new price on the 54-inch all-wool French serge is $1.60, according to information gained in the trade, against $1.05@1.07½ last year. For the 54-inch all-wool storm serge, $1.80 is asked, compared with $1.07½@$1.10 at this time in 1916. Other comparative prices, the new figures being given first in each case, follow: 41-inch cotton-warp French serge, 70 cents—55 cents; 50-inch all-wool storm serge, $1.27½—about $1; 36-inch all-wool storm serge, 70 cents—55 cents; 36-inch cotton-warp storm serge, 55 cents—about 45 cents. About 120 numbers were priced in all.

DISCOUNT CONTROVERSY.

Makers and Retailers of Women's Wear to Confer on It.

Four of the leading associations in the women's wear trade yesterday agreed to a conference with representatives of retail organization that have protested against the action of the manufacturers in establishing a uniform discount rate. The old terms called for 10 per cent. off in 10 days and have been revised so that only 2 per cent. is now taken off for payment in the same time. When the change was made the retailers and resident buyers complained that the arbitrary decision of the wholesalers would upset their present system of doing business, and asked that the date for putting the new discount into effect be postponed pending the result of a conference between the two sides. The postponement was not made, but the manufacturers agreed to a conference.

The conference to be held will be between a committee representing the Retail Dry Goods Association, the National Garment Retailers' Association, the Greater New York Apparel Merchants, and the National Retail Dry Goods Association, and a similar committee from the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association and the Merchants' Ladies' Garment Association, Inc., and the New York Separate Skirt Manufacturers' Association.

The Wiz Dress Company, a member of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, has come forward with the suggestion that the controversy over discounts might be settled by making the old terms of 10-10 the uniform rate. In an announcement to the trade, the company states that it is willing to make a formal request for a general membership meeting of the association in order to discuss the suggestion. Arthur Liebes, connected with the company, said yesterday that going back to the old terms is only a matter of arithmetic, since the retailers have expressed themselves as willing to have the disputed 8 per cent. difference added to the price of merchandise.

NOT SELFISH, SAYS STEEL MEN

Their Attitude Toward the Wooden Ship Controversy Explained.

The steel interests have no selfish motive in hoping to see General Goethals have his way in the construction of steel ships for the new American merchant marine, according to the head of one of the country's largest steel concerns, who said yesterday that his company had a ready market for the structural material it expected to furnish to General Goethals, and at a higher price. It is known that the United States Steel Corporation has rejected bids for steel at a price $7 a ton higher than the price expected to be fixed for the material for the merchant marine.

"As far as the steel companies are concerned," this man said, "if they were actuated only by a desire to make a profit, they would like to see Mr. Denman have his way and all the ships be built of wood. They can get more money for their steel than the Government will pay for it. They can get from $5 to $11 a ton more for it right now.

"But steel men know that the ships should be built of steel. Why have steel ships been built for the past quarter of a century and wooden ships rejected? Why have railroads built steel cars and scrapped wooden cars? It is simply because the steel ships and the steel cars are better. If the proposed ships are built of steel they will be an asset to the nation after the war, in addition to being of incalculably better service for the primary purpose for which they are to be built. They talk of building the ships in sections, so that a torpedo will not sink one of them by puncturing one section. But burst a hole in a wooden ship and she will splinter from end to end. This is only one of the reasons why wooden ships won't do."

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

A. & N. SILVERMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham and Nathan Silverman, who composed the firm of A. & N. Silverman, wholesale dealers in confectionery and tobacco, 609 Ninth Avenue, by these creditors: F. Lorillard Company, Inc., $2,606; Fred Near & Co., $153, and Tobacco Products Corporation, $263. Liabilities are said to be over $10,000 and assets $2,500. Judge Hand appointed Miss Bertha Rembaugh receiver in bond of $1,000.

WILLIAM D. CLARKE, 2,062 Ryer Avenue, Bronx, formerly a dealer in hardware, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,063 and no assets.

HENRICH JANSSEN, watchmaker, 271 West Thirty-sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $560 and no assets.

JULIUS STERN, a salesman, 1,770 Madison Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,898 and no assets.

SAMUEL BLUMENTHAL, a chauffeur, 561 West 179th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,136 for damages for personal injuries, and no assets.

N. A. PAUL COMPANY.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition filed against Dee N. A. Paul Company, shoe dealer, 30 Church Street, on a settlement with creditors at 82 cents on the dollar.

SAMUEL J. ZIMBLER.—Judge Hand has dismissed a petition in bankruptcy filed against Samuel J. Zimbler, clothing dealer, 171 Stanton Street, on a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

TELLIS & BREECKER.—Judge Hand has appointed Harry Eisenbach receiver for Tellis & Breecker, manufacturer of furs, 449 Sixth Avenue, on the request of creditors. Liabilities are $16,564.

HARRY SCHLESINGER DRESS COMPANY, INC., 37 West Twenty-first Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $4,078 and assets of $1,100.

LOUIS JACOBS, saloonkeeper, 39 West Sixty-second Street, has made an assignment to Julius Fischer.

D. P. BAKERY AND LUNCH ROOM, INC., 827 Broadway, has made an assignment to Philip Wilson. Samuel Buchalter is President.

HARRY MOSES, 303 Heggeman Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $750.80; no assets.

JOSEPH DI BENDETTO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph di Bendetto by the following creditors: Eugene Mezzal, $474.13; Henry Hamlein & Son, $3,570, and Frank Oliver, $1,585.96.

LOUIS FRIEDRICH, 400 Blake Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $1,046.41; assets none.

MERCHANTS RAPID SERVICE, INC., 836 Ninth Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $7,076.91; assets $2,810.06.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hand in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts: Lawrence Barnum, banker and broker, 120 Broadway; George C. Snyder, formerly Vice President of the Snyder Snap Button and Fastener Company; John W. Merriam, 248 West Ninety-eighth Street; Jacob Grossman, Greenpoint, Columbia County; Saul Levy, furniture and interior decorator, 206 West Eighty-first Street; Rubin Ovadio, produce, 240 East Tenth Street; Harry Leeberman, trading as the Wearwell Ladies' Apparel Company, 7 Avenue B; Joseph Weintraub, restaurant, 101 Chambers Street; Dorothy Maynard, actress, 238 Seventh Avenue; Elisabeth J. Halpin, dressmaker, 7 West Forty-fifth Street; Louis and Eva Goldsmith, trading as Gotham Motor Company, 92 St. Nicholas Avenue; Morris Cohen, 5 and 10 cent store, 406 Ninth Avenue, and John W. Pace, 161 West Thirty-sixth Street.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts $100 and over.

Amalgamated Intertrading Co., Inc.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	$133.08
Vockstein, Fave—See Fort Vest Co., Inc.	149.85
Bellitissa, Gustave—Chapman, Inc.	142.07
Baldwin, Chas. L.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc.	227.02
Central Metallic Products Co., Inc.—Cleveland Tool & Supply Co.	1,069.15
Cassidy, James J.—W. Shaw	512.00
Cosgrove, Patrick J.—A. C. Williams	6,161.80
Caruthers, Allen—A. C. Turnbull	171.78
Carroll, Jos. M.—Bankers' Life Co. et al	142.07
Del Monaco, ———	152.71
De Quarto, Vincenzo G.—A. De Quarto	109.60
Deane, Thomas H., & Co., Inc.—W. Y. Telephone Co.	106.78
Dunsin, Morris E.—G. Cohen	102.39
Damora, Rosina, or Rose Camusa—Lien	
Brewery of N. Y. City	1,222.81
Davidson, David and Lizzie—M. Freund	2,558.32
Deluca, Felix N.—L. H. Fehsenfeld	457.82
Dayton, Wm. E.—Borden & Lovell	230.79
Dolan, John J.—George Lisa & Co.	264.08
Edelstein, Jacob—A. I. Ludwig	102.97
Erdrix, Sanford—B. Richardson	321.41
Feely, Matthew V.—Lonsdale Lead Co.	180.21
Fisher, Morris—Strasmore Worsted Mills	400.47
Fenten, Wate—Garcia, Peaute & Co., Inc.	158.64
Federal Term Cattle Co.—Rolling Machinery Co., costs	109.89
Gertz, Gordon—A. S. Hausman, costs	107.70
Gertz, Thomas—S. C. Turnbull	1,148.61
Gansow, Paul—L. Goldstein	317.41
Greenfield, Arthur, Inc.—Berger Mfg. Co.	343.95
Herman, George J.—N. H. MacDonald	3,026.41
Hirschberg, Herman M.—B. Albert et al	129.41
Illiess, Marcus C.—Northwestern Electric Equipment Co.	143.00
Hoes, William M., public administrator—Mutual Life Insurance Co. of N. Y.	6,810.21
Jameson, Mary C.—J. De Boulet	2,064.11
Kingsboro Building Co. Inc.—L. Sanft	267.72
Kirschenbuth, Pincus—Grauer & Horsovitz	112.16
Kinscherf, Fred G.—A. Greenman	278.33
Lowenthal, Annie—J. Rosenberg, costs	158.08
Levy, Louis—Parsons & Wallander, Inc.	218.41
Lowenstein, Henrietta—John Wanamaker, N. Y.	288.66
Lorraine, Lillian—Lewis Pub. Co.	181.41
Lewis, Pauline—P. Frank	107.70
Lemares Realty Corp., Joseph Kurzman and Henry M. Leyin—Van Dyck Estate	6,543.82
Same—Same	357.50
Maggipinto, John—A. P. Santella	143.99
Marks, Nicholas—People, &c.	200.00
McCulloch, E. Frances—O'Neill-Adams Co.	402.79
Malwan, Karl—Mutual McDermott Corp.	127.54
National Allied Amusement Corp.—P. R. Dotl	1,089.91
New England Casualty Co.—C. S. Wilson	581.94
O'Neill, Harry A.—Safe Deposit and Trust Co. of Baltimore	187.90
Princess Cafe Co., Inc.—Rohe & Bro.	100.86
Pacciona, Francesco N.—V. Calantone	369.41
Palmer, Bertrade—Clayton Specialty Shop, Inc.	241.79
Pasquale, Thomas—People, &c.	200.00
Dreyer, Michael J.—Reliance Fuel Co.	264.61
Pittston Coal Co., Wyman Leventhal, and William Loeb — Seller-Rogers-Brown Co., Inc.	8,188.94
Panathis, Simmons—G. Levy	127.55
Reich, Max—W. Grauer et al	650.15
Straub, Constantine L.—T. J. Howett	476.15
Scharb, George F.—I. R. Phillips	256.50
Starrett, Theodore C.—E. V. Turits	242.15
Stark, Charles—W. P. Hunter	4,597.45
Sells, Abraham—A. Garten et al	113.81
Unity Sales Corporation—Singer Co.	673.95
Weeks, Herbert F.—Utility Realty Co.	147.16
Welcker, Edward M., Arnaldi	178.51
Williams, Nini—Gimbel Bros., New York	295.94
Wanamaker, John, New York—C. R. Poole, costs	253.50
Yorkville Bedding Co., Gustav Fischer—After Glow Realty Co.	136.66
Young, Lorrin W.—John Wanamaker, New York	348.99

In Bronx County.

Cooper, Theodore F., and William H. Lewis—Mentauk Bank	$421.55
Castalda, Dominick—D. J. Napoli	104.37
Corson, Benger—Stirberg & Co., Inc.	150.01
D'Ettorre, Giuseppe—A. Pannacchia	218.73
Fonda, Z. Frank, and Elizabeth C. Fonda—Z. Zambelli	320.07
Finkenhauer, Ferdinand—Rock Island Butter Co.	1,432.95
Kreilberg, Samuel—Crystal Film Co.	810.87
Levidow, Harry—S. Elder	220.29
Reiss, Richard—W. F. Devlin	170.72
Rodgers & Hagerty, Inc.—A. Horn	185.00
Storch, Max L.—I. Bohester	187.81
Smith, Rena, and Ella Smith, as executrixes—Emigrant Industrial Saving Bank	1,341.86
Trocartin, Horner and Marjorie E.—R. F. Hubbard	1,752.61
Zambetti, Giuseppina—A. A. Volpe et al	1,068.04

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Arrowhead Realty Co.—A. Koch, May 31, 1917	$250.00
Averna, Francesco, Alfonso Averna, and Charles Figlinolo—J. De Angelo, Oct. 17, 1916	375.78
Curtan, John, and Jacob Swartz—G. M. Krakower, Jan. 11, 1911	238.61
Dorwin, Gustave E.—D. Mendosa, July 5, 1917	248.44
Durenheimer, Theodore—E. Bournonville, June 5, 1906	259.94
Faulborn, Oscar A. and Antoinette—G. Bartel et al., June 5, 1917	1,795.79
Hurlburt Motor Truck Co.—American Autocrane Co., Inc., July 17, 1917	502.73
Heckard, William A.—D. F. Thompson, Nov. 21, 1916	364.41
Lieberman, Philip R.—L. Lucey, May 5, 1913	118.55
Same—Same, May 2, 1913	129.21
Meyers, Samuel, and Joseph Cohen—People, &c., July 18, 1917	500.00
Nassau Electric R. R. Co.—E. Endermann, June 6, 1917	368.13
Neuberg, Ernesto F. and Alfred Adelchinet Co., June 27, 1917	187.17
Reilly, Joseph E.—First Battery Farm, Inc., March 3, 1916	225.50
Stave, Theodore—U. Garrison, June 29, 1917	392.85
Van Loan, Irving S.—D. Tim, March 22, 1914	550.21
Williams, Guy V.—Engelo Express Co., July 9, 1913	246.27
Wenger, Arthur E. and Weimer Engineering and Construction Co., Inc.—J. M. Seidenberg & Co., Inc., May 24, 1917	197.63
Starfield, Florence, Jr.—Lawrence & Anderson Co.	373.61

In Bronx County.

Connolly, Maria J.—New York Telephone Co., Jan. 16, 1917	22.43

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, O.—M. O'Neil & Co.: Miss G. Tobin, waists; Miss Dalton, dresses; 37 West 28th.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg: Miss S. Rosenstein, waists, house dresses; 404 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Cohn, Cohlens & Co.: S. Blum, notions, jewelry; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House: S. Trautman, millinery; 834 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Dowell & Helm Co.: G. E. Dowell, millinery; 634 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.: W. B. Stanton, china, trunks, toys, house furn. goods; Miss Berghoff, women's wear; 3 West 37th.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House: B. B. Reid, silks, dress goods; 254 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.: D. Rosenberg, silks; New Strand.

BALTIMORE—S. H. Ronecker, piece goods; Grand.

BALTIMORE—Joel, Gutman & Co.: Miss M. Campbell, dress trimmings; 200 5th Av.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Cohean Bros.: Miss M. Vick, millinery; 1,150 B'way.

BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.: Miss M. E. Hagarty, millinery; Algonquin.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.: Miss E. M. Kennedy, muslin underwear, petticoats, infants' wear; 25 West 33d.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.: A. Kelly, trimmings; S. Ludwig, infants' wear; A. Burns, house dresses; J. Cholon, J. E. Rowell, corsets; N. Thurlow, children's underwear; W. Fitzgerald, linings; 423 4th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—W. & A. Bacon & Co.: Mr. Kay, merchandise manager; Mr. McGuire, men's furnishing goods; Mr. Buchert, silks, dress goods; 1,138 B'way.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.: P. A. O'Connell, ready-to-wear; 25 West 33d.

BOSTON, Mass.—William Filene's Sons Co.: Mrs. Vincent, women's suits; Mrs. Cost, misses' suits; Miss Mahoney, skirts; 116 W. 32d.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.: J. E. Kelly, notions, laces, jewelry; W. H. Howe, sporting goods; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.: R. McCordock, white goods, linens, embroideries; Miss E. Dean, waists; 2 West 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.: F. C. Bitnahary, upholstery goods; M. J. Kelly, representing; 2 West 37th.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—Star Bargain House: William Karesh, men's, women's wear; Broadway Central.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivey & Co.: W. B. Shockley, china, glassware, silverware, housefurn. goods; Glendening.

CHICAGO—Schmitt & Leachman: H. Schmitt, John Ribbons, neckwear; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Kite & Leavitt: A. Kite, I. Leavitt, dry goods; Breslin.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.: H. C. Carson, women's coats; H. Falsenthal, hosiery, underwear; D. L. Jackson, hosiery; P. E. Bessire, silks; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO.—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.: Mr. Nims, buttons; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Chas. A. Stevens & Bros.: J. P. Lopa, hosiery, underwear; 40 E. 22d.

CHICAGO, Ill.—J. V. Farwell Co.: E. McDonald, notions; 72 Leonard.

CLEBURNE, Texas—Cheney's Style Shop: Mrs. Cheney, millinery, ready-to-wear; 1,182 Broadway.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Ames Co.: Miss S. Jacobs, infants', children's wear; 116 West 32d.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Green-Joyce Co.: P. A. Schneider, notions, ribbons; 354 4th Av.

COLUMBUS, O.—Columbus D. G. Co.: A. S. Schmidt, domestics, linens, dress goods; 1,150 Broadway.

DALLAS, Texas—Higginbotham-Bailey-Logan Co.: A. E. Aaron, dress goods, silks; 396 Broadway.

DALLAS, Tex.—M. Saul, Inc.: M. Saul, ready-to-wear; Mr. Greenstein, millinery; R. 1717, 303 5th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio—A. L. Mendenhall Co.: A. L. Mendenhall, millinery; Latham.

DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.: C. W. Babcock, furnishing goods; Algonquin.

DENVER, Col.—M. Weinberg: I. Weinberg, coats, suits; Room 1910, 18 E. 26th.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Harris-Emery Co.: L. M. Goldman, basement, merchandise manager; H. J. Robinson, men's furnishing goods, boys' clothing, women's hosiery, underwear; 353 4th Av.

DETROIT, Mich.—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.: S. T. Ingram, wash goods, prints, ginghams, silks; P. C. Palmer, women's skirts, waists, petticoats; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT, Mich.—

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

One of the old family holdings in the upper Washington Heights section, on Riverside Drive, was sold yesterday to a syndicate of operators for future sale or improvement with apartment houses. The property has been owned by the Foster family for nearly seventy years. It comprises about twenty-five lots, fronting on the westerly curve of Riverside Drive, just above 158th Street, and running through to the north side of that street. The plot begins a short distance from the junction of those thoroughfares, at what is practically the Riverside Drive extension, the old Lafayette Boulevard. The frontage is 250 feet on the Drive, 317 feet on 158th Street, with a depth of 115 feet on the easterly line, and 230 feet on the westerly line.

The sale was made by Macomb G. and Pell W. Foster, heirs of Caroline M. Foster, who sold it for her estate. Two old frame houses of generous proportions are on the property, the northerly one near the Drive having been the Foster family home for years, while the southerly one, at 647 West 158th Street, was erected by the late Mrs. Foster, about thirty years ago, as a wedding gift to her son, Pell W. Foster.

The buying syndicate is headed by Harry London.

Three Upper West Side Deals.

The William S. Dempsey Realty Company purchased from the Washington Place Building Company the two recently completed five-story flats, 608 to 612 West 189th Street, occupying a plot 100 by 100. In part payment the buyer gave 326 and 328 West Twenty-first Street, two five-story tenements, 25 by 92 each. The John J. Peel Company negotiated the trade.

Mattie Selinger purchased for investment the five-story apartment house, occupying a plot 92.3 by 25 by irregular, on the southeast corner of 183d Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, from the Twenty-six West Sixty-third Street Corporation.

Investor Buys Midtown Loft.

An investing client of Harris & Vaughan has purchased from the Victoria Holding Company 132 and 134 West Twenty-second Street. The property consists of a twelve-story loft building on a lot 37.9 by 98.9, located between Sixth and Seventh Avenues. It was built about five years ago at a cost of about $150,000.

Buyer for West Side Dwelling.

Dr. P. F. K. Johnson of Los Angeles, Cal., sold to a client of Slawson & Hobbs for occupancy 119 West Eighty-third Street, a three-story private dwelling on a lot 18 by 98.6.

Bronx Sales.

Cahn & Pittman and Philip Wattenberg purchased from the Benenson Realty Company the northeast corner of 169th Street and Third Avenue, directly at the foot of elevated station, a plot 100.9 by 95, on which there is at present a three-story brick building and two two-family frame dwellings. The new owners will rebuild the entire corner for business purposes.

Rudolph Laubenheimer purchased for investment from the Mercedes Building Company 2,386 Grand Avenue, a new five-story apartment house on a lot 81 by 100. Morris Sax negotiated the sale.

Henry G. Kech purchased from Sadie Basso 635 East 165th Street, a three-story and basement building used as a clubhouse. John A. Steinmetz was the broker.

Eugene Fiala bought from Edith Wohlfart 2,261 Hughes Avenue, near 183d Street, a two-story frame house, on lot 25 by 100.

The George Bockhaus Company sold to Henry Firieka of Jersey City 446 East 155th Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, 16 by 100, between Willis Avenue and Brown Place.

Brooklyn.

The Realty Trust has sold the semi-detached house at 1,866 Sixty-first Street in the Mapleton district to Joseph Orlando.

Tutino & Cerny sold for William Condy to a client for investment the three-story brick store and apartments, 5,522 Fifth Avenue.

Ross & Gretsinger sold for Estella Goldberg the one-family house at 561 Sixty-eighth Street to a client for occupancy.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Cord Meyer Development Company sold to S. F. Lacroix nine lots at Forest Hills.

T. Hellmann sold to the Richell Realty Company a plot, 100 by 95 on the west side of Steinway Avenue, 50 feet north of Vandeventer Avenue, Long Island City.

The Inter-Ocean Realty Company sold to S. Schild 126 by 208 feet on the south side of Bay View Terrace, 59 feet west of Summit Drive, Far Rockaway.

M. Flash sold to R. Reisenburger 8.6 acres adjacent to the land of DeBevoise; 8.6 acres adjacent to the land of L. Lott, and 8.5 acres adjacent to the land of C. Mills, all on the south side of South Street, Jamaica.

Buys Plandome Water Front.

Fell & Tibbits have sold for James W. Jacobus a large water front plot, at Plandome, L. I., to Mrs. Alice Grace O'Oench, to be used in connection with her country estate at Manasseet.

Westchester County.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold a plot on Fairview Avenue, in the Hopperhan Heights section of Yonkers, N. Y., to Watson & Bremmer of Yonkers.

Commercial Leases.

Edward Crosby & Co. have leased for the Rutgers estate the vacant plot at 273 and 275 Cherry Street, running through to 526 and 528 Water Street, also the basement, first and second lofts, at 98 East Broadway, and the four-story building at 261 East Broadway.

Alice & Hill have leased for the Flower Banking Corporation, to William D. Zellman, the store 147 West Forty-fourth Street, for a term of years.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 228 West Fifty-eighth Street to Charles T. Gullette.

Leases Site for West Harlem Garage.

Shaw & Co. leased for Peter J. Devine a plot 50 by 100 on the north side of West 131st Street, 100 feet west of Broadway, to Kelen & Jacobus, Inc., for a period of twenty-one years. The lessees will improve the property by erecting a garage.

The Woolworth Company to Build in Yonkers, N. Y.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley, Inc., leased to Woolworth & Co. a store site located in the City of Yonkers, N. Y. The property is owned by the Edie Realty Company, faces two streets, and is within 300 feet of Getty Square. A special building will be constructed with an arcade. The total rental is said to aggregate over a quarter million dollars. The site is held at $175,000 and the cost of the building will exceed $60,000.

Realty Notes.

The remaining 189 lots of the Sturges estate, adjoining the East 174th Street station of the Bronx Subway, will be offered at auction today by Bryan L. Kennally in the Real Estate Exchange salesroom, Vesey Street. Last Saturday Mr. Kennelly sold sixty lots on the premises at an average of $2,710 per lot.

Leon S. Altmayer has negotiated a first mortgage of $11,500 for five years at 5 per cent. on the triple flat with store, 2,916 Eighth Avenue, near 154th Street, 25 by 100 feet.

Joseph P. Day will sell today in the Vesey Street room two manufacturing sites, owned by the Bronx Dock and Land Company, with large frontages on Westchester Creek, adjoining the plant of the Standard Oil Company.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

180th St, 180 West, s s, 300 ft w of Lenox Av, 17.5x99.11, three-story dwelling; Seaman's Bank for Savings against Sara Prince et al; Caldwalader, W. & T., attorneys; due, $10,891.18; taxes, &c., $454.97; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Academy St, w s, 75 ft s of Vermilyea Av, 50x90, Nanasi City Real Estate Co. against Louis Davis et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $2,814.96; taxes, &c., $175; to the plaintiff for $3,000.

AT 3,206 THIRD AVENUE.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Boston Road, e s, block front from Bristow to Seabbins Av, 227.4x212.7x188.1x irregular, vacant; E. S. Appleby and another against Sellwell Realty Co. et al.; Cannon & Cannon, attorneys; due, $38,669.72; taxes, &c., $2,497.58; to the plaintiff for $38,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Westchester Av, s s, 326.6 ft w of Olmstead Av, 98x134.1; Farmers Loan & Trust Co., trustee, against J. C. Fisher et al.; Geller, R. & H., attorneys; due, $7,277.40; taxes, &c., $2,900.01; to the plaintiff for $6,600.

By Henry Brady.

Hunter Av, w s, 225 ft s of Rhinelander Av, 50x127.8; L. W. Kobbe against Caroline Visconti; Roosevelt & K., attorneys; due, $1,300.77; taxes, &c., $155.26; to the plaintiff for $1,100.

By James J. Donovan.

180th St, 501 East, s s, 175.1 ft w of M Av, 26x87.4, vacant; Margaretta Jones against Joseph Kabry et al; John Davis, attorney; due, $2,098.87; taxes, &c., $1,890.62; to the plaintiff for $5,573.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

104th St, 417 East, for a one-story storage house, 28x100.11; P. de Rose, 421 East 104th St, owner; M. W. del Gaudio, 461 East Tremont Av, architect; cost, $3,000.

Van Nest Av, s s, 50 ft w of Matthews Av, for a one-story garage, 50x95; Joseph P. McIntee, 1,658 Wallace Av, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., 529 Courtlandt Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

87th St, 160 West, to a five-story apartment; estate of R. T. Ballantine, owner; R. T. Lyons, Inc., 52 Vanderbilt Av, architect; cost, $30,000.

Sheridan Square, 4, to a three-story and basement dwelling; M. Hallahan, premises, owner; F. Savignano, 18 East 41st St, architect; cost, $10,000.

149th St, 283, to a five-story brick store and tenement, 25x75.8; Maria Biondi, 292 East 149th St, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 5d Av and 145th St, architects; cost, $10,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 826-828, begins 12th St, (50-68 East,) n s, 98 ft w of 4th Av, runs n 108.8 x w 27.10 x s 29.10 x w 120.7 to e s of Broadway x s 42.1 to 12th St x e 153.4 to beginning; Morewood Realty Holding Co. to West Farms Construction Co., 80 East 42d St, mtg $400,000, all liens, July 17, b. and s., c. a. g., attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; West Farms Construction Co. to Herald Square Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, b. and s. and c. a. g., July 17; attorney, same $1

BROADWAY, n e corner of 211th St, 133.11x 50x99.11x138.3; 211th St, n s, 150 ft w of 10th Av, 850x99.11; 211th St, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11; 10th Av, n w corner of 211th St, 99.11x100; Morewood Realty Holding Co. to West Farms Construction Co., 80 East 42d St, b. and s. c. a. g., July 17; attorney, same $1

BROADWAY, n e corner of 211th St, 133.11x 50x99.11x138.3; 211th St, n s, 150 ft w of 10th Av, 850x99.11; 211th St, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11; 10th Av, n w corner of 211th St, 99.11x100; Morewood Realty Holding Co. to West Farms Construction Co., 80 East 42d St, b. and s. c. a. g., July 17; attorney, same $1

HENRY ST, n s, 24x87.6; Leon M. Lesser and another, executors, to Leon M. Lesser, 205 Henry St, mtg $18,000, all liens, July 17; attorneys, Goldstein & G., 366 Broadway $23,000

LEXINGTON AV, 726, w s, 40.5 ft n of 58th St, 20x69.11; Emma R. Holmes to James Brennan, 51 East 96th St, mtg $23,000, July 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

67TH AV, n w corner of 33d St, runs w 150x 96.9x e 40.3x n 98.9 to s s of 34th St x e 78.8 to w s Broadway x s 86.9 to w s 6th Av x s 116.5 to beginning; Herald Square Realty Co. to Morewood Realty Holding Co., 61 Broadway, b. and s., c. a. g., June 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

7TH AV, s e corner of 111th St, 100.11x110; Duluth Realty Corporation to D. H. Jackson Co., 135 Broadway, mtg $230,000, all liens, July 17; attorneys, Goldsmith & R., 1,480 Broadway $100

21ST ST, 326 and 328 West, s s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 40.6x92; Michael J. Dempsey to Morris Moskowitz, 2 West 11th St, mtg $85,000, all liens, July 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

84TH ST, 267 West, n s, 99 ft e of 8th Av, 21.8x78; William J. Flynn to Charles and Adelheid Ehrhardt, 267 West 84th St, mtg $20,000, July 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $35,500

52D ST, 248 West, s s, 204.2 ft e of 8th Av, 20.10x100.5; Thomas V. McLaughlin to William W. McLaughlin, 60 East 83d St, mtg $25,000, all liens, Dec. 30, 1913; address, 2 Reoter St $100

62D ST, 216 West, s s, 150 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5, foreclosure June 28; John Grunberg, referee, to George Ramsey, 900 Ocean Av, Brooklyn, and another, administrators, July 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ...$6,000

63D ST, 147 West, n s, 414.3 ft w of Columbus Av, 18.6x100, foreclosure; Joseph Ullman, referee, to Alice C. Williams, 249 West 72d St, July 18; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway $10,000

90TH ST, 50 East, n s, 197 ft w of Park Av, 19x100.8; A. Sutherland Irving to Chas. K. Palmer, mtg $20,000, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

90TH ST, n s, 231.3 ft e of Columbus Av, 18.11x100.5; George W. Latimer and another, executors, to Queen Mab Co., 60 Wall St, mtg $10,000, Feb. 8, 1916; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St $10,000

97TH ST, 116 East, s s, 250 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.11; Margaret F. Robinson et al, individually and as executors, to William J. Murphy, 511 West 179th St, July 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $28,000

99TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Columbus Av, 12.5 to centre line block x18x—; Mary T. Rennard, devisee, and Emma G., widow of John Townshend, to Valentine Wille, 1,839 Harrison Av, Bronx, Dec. 13, 1916; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

SAME PROPERTY; Valentine Wille to Ernest Wille, 1,839 Harrison Av, Bronx, mtg $5,000, July 17 .....$1

103D ST, 147, s e corner of St. Nicholas Av, 92.8x25.11x87.11 to avenue x26.4 to beginning; 26 West Sixty-third Street Corporation to Mattie Salinger, Belvedere Hotel, Far Rockaway, Borough of Queens, mtg $27,500, all liens, July 16; attorney, Louis B. Brodsky, 299 Broadway $1

103D ST, s s, 310 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 17.6x80.11; Patrick Doonan to Henrietta A. Doonan, 2,307 8th Av, mtg $7,000; attorneys, Deiches & Goldwater, 271 Broadway.$1

103D ST, 532 West, s s, 345 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 17.6x99.11; Patrick Doonan to Herman A. Dorney, 2,307 8th Av, July 17; attorneys, Deiches & Goldwater, 271 Broadway $1

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, 2,054, e s, 16.9x118.1; Marie L. Miel to Salvatore Valentino, 2,411 Cambreling Av, July 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BARNES AV, 1,727 and 1,729; Anthony C. Schellman to Louis Weymuth, 1,731 Barnes Av, mtg $1,700, July 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BERGEN AV, 608, e o s, 25x51x23x48.6; J. Clarence Davies to George F. Moody, 906 West 189th St, July 12; attorney, J. C. Davies, same $425

BOSTON ROAD, n w c, at n b bulkhead line of Eastchester Creek, runs s w 21.9x s w 45.10x n w 127x s e 126.8; also Boston Road, s e, at n e bulkhead line of Eastchester Creek, runs s w 114.10x n w 112.10x n w 1.6x n e 7.1x n e 45.11; Francis L. Wandell, individually and executor, et al., to City of New York, June 20; attorney, J. J. Squier.$1

CRESTON AV, n e corner of 184th St, 80x 64; Wicklow Building Co., Inc., to Maria D. Pringle, Biarritz, France, mtg $43,000, July 12; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

DAVIDSON AV, 2,054, e s, 16.9x118.1; Salvatore Valentino to Mary Schachner, 1,371 Washington Av, July 17, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,200

CITY ISLAND AV, s e corner of Marine-St, 200 ft to Horton St x 100; Stephen D. Horton to Louise Lorillard, 173 Horton St, prior mtg $5,000, July 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Louise R. Horton, 173 Horton St $1,100

FOREST AV, e s, 146.8 ft n of 160th St, 50x189.11; Martin Bodem to Charles Keller, 1,027 Union Av, prior mtg $10,000, July 12, due Aug. 15, 1917, — p. c.; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av $1,000

HOFFMAN ST, 867 East, s s, 125.6 ft e of 167th St, 75x94.11; Francesco Morrone to Mariano Tramonte, 95 Park St, June 6, 3 years; attorney, Mariano Tramonte, 95 Park St.$1,500

LOT 5, Block 4106; Lot 1, Block 4109; Lot 1, Block 4111; Lot 19, Block 4119; Lot 20, Block 4115; tax map of Margaret P. Humphrey et al. to Walter A. Evans, Hotel Biltmore, New York, prior mtg $40,000, July 3, due as per bond; attorney, Walter A. Evans, 63 Wall St $20,000

LOT 34, map of Laconia Park, 25x100; Rosina Lagatluta and another to Andrew Perniciano, 963 2d Av, July 5, 4 years; attorney, A. Cianchetti, Spring and Bowery.

LOTS 247 and 248, map Joseph Husson; Susan R. Rudd to Henry Raiss, 811 East 155th St, July 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,500

LOTS 452 and 453, map of Lorillard Spencer et al.; Fred Sammartino and another to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $787

All following same map, date, and attorney, 5 years, 5 per cent.:

LOTS 436 and 437, Tony Sanso to same.$787

LOTS 1,378 and 1,379; same to same....$262

LOT 454; Anna E. Neveretta to same....$318

LOT 1,009; Frank Martoccia to same....$168

LOT 445; Charles Oddo to same.....$318

LOT 184; Vincenzo Culio to same.....$248

LOTS 1,380 to 1,382; same to same.....$393

LOTS 491 and 492; same to same.....$787

LOTS A14 and A15; Alex Harstein to same $100

LOT 193; Hyman Wittenberg to same....$250

LOT A29; William M. Reynolds to same..$330

LOTS 456 to 457; Philomena N. Neverette to same $787

LOTS 1,334 and 1,335; Charlotte M. O'Halloran to same.....$540

LOTS 771 to 774; Annie Dufort to same..$540

LOTS 904 to 907; same to same.....$200

LOTS 586 to 589; same to same.....$340

LOTS A16 and A15; same to Alex Hartstein, 1,629 1st Av $1,000

LOT A23; same to William M. Reynolds, 21 Sutton Place $550

3D AV, 3,886, e s, 87x125; Sigmund Ernst to Harry Cahn, 2,540 Grand Av, ½ right, title, and interest, June 22; attorneys, Cahn & P.

406 East 149th St $100

125TH ST, s s, 466.6 ft e of Willis Av, 16x 100; George Bockhaus Co. to Henry Firieka, 46 Fleet St, Jersey City, N. J., July 13; attorney, Henry Firieka, 126th St. and Park Av $1

167TH ST, s s, 120.9 ft w of Southern Boulevard, runs w 24.11x s 70x e — x s 55x e 24.6x n 125; Weller & Co. to Isidoro Cristaldi, 772 East 187th St, July 16; attorney, John Santora, 1,475 Broadway.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 6 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, 215-17, lease, chattels, &c., July 12; Harry Feinberg to Fidelio Brewing Co., 501 1st Av, demand, 6 p. c.....$10,256

BROADWAY, n e corner of 211th St, 133.11 x50x90.11x138.3; West Farms Construction Co. to Morewood Realty Holding Co., 61 Broadway, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$35,000

HENRY ST, n s, Lot 897, map of Henry Rutgers, 24x87.6, July 17; Leon M. Lesser and another, exrs., to Leon M. Lesser, 205 Henry St, due May 1, 1964; attorneys, Goldstein & G., 366 Broadway $5,000

ST. MARK'S PLACE, s e, 75 ft e of 1st Av, 22x73.2, July 18; William F. Knebler et al to Caroline Knebler, 123 Centre St, Stapleton, S. I., due and interest as per bond; attorney, Peter Cook, 256 Broadway.....$600

WAVERLEY PLACE, n s, 173.3 ft e of 6th Av, 28.6x100, July 2; George H. Francoeur to Theodore Greentree, 201 West 76th St, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $22,000; address, 165 Broadway $5,400

2D AV, e s, 75.11 ft n of 110th St, 25x100, July 8; Margaret Guth to Frederick Biell, 1,850 Lexington Av, 5 years; attorney, Chas. Brandt, Jr., 99 Nassau St $13,000

3D AV, 2,095, e s, 75.10 ft n of 114th St, 25x 100, July 17; Louis Bernstein to Maurice Raymond, at Bells Island, Conn., 10 years, prior mtg $16,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$9,150

6TH AV, 695, leasehold, July 16; Antony Christ and another to James Everard's Breweries, 12 East 133d St, demand, 6 p. c., prior mtg $4,400; attorneys, Olcott, B., McM. & E., 170 Broadway.....$3,100

7TH AV, 1,815, s e corner of 111th St, 100.11 x100, July 17; D. H. Jackson Co. to Jacob Rosenthal, due and interest as per bond; attorneys, Marks & M., 63 Park Row.$11,000

10TH AV, n w corner of 211th St, 99.11x 100, July 17; West Farms Construction Co. to Morewood Realty Holding Co., 61 Broadway, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $22,000

21ST ST, 328 West, s s, 399.9 ft w of 8th Av, 24.9x92, July 16; Morris Moskowitz to William S. Dempsey Realty Co., 548 West 55th St, due Jan. 15, 1920, 6 p. c., prior mtg $15,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $8,000

21ST ST, 362 West, s s, 375 ft w of 8th Av, 24.9x92, July 16; Morris Moskowitz to William S. Dempsey Realty Co., 548 West 55th St, due Jan. 15, 1920 6 p. c., prior mtg $20,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,000

46TH ST, n s, 400 ft w of 9th Av, 24.3x 100.5, July 17; Patrick J. Reilly and another to Alice O'Reilly, 16 West 64th St, 3 years, prior mtg $8,000 and co-drindate with 2d mtg, $4,000 .....$3,000

60TH ST, 240 East, s s, 168.8 ft w of 2d Av, —x—, ½ part and life interest in other ½ part, June 25; Emma J. A. de Bermales to Frederick C. T. Mortimer, 85 Hanton Garden, London, England, dis Dec. 25, 1915; attorneys, Stewart & G., 45 Wall St..$1,000

99TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Columbus Av, 12.5 to centre line of block x18x—, July 17; Valentine Wille to Henry F. Kroger, 39 West 138th St, 3 years, 6 p. c. and 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

211TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 10th Av, 100x 99.11, July 17; West Farms Construction Co. to Morewood Realty Holding Co., 61 Broadway, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$16,500

211TH ST, n s, 400 ft w of 10th Av, 100x 99.11, July 17; same to same, 5 years; attorney, same $19,000

211TH ST, n s, 300 ft w of 10th Av, 100x 99.11, July 17; same to same, 5 years; attorney, same $21,000

211TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 10th Av, 100x 99.11, July 17; same to same, 5 years; attorney, same $18,000

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, 2,054, e s, 16.9x118.1; Salvatore Valentino to Mary Schachner, 1,371 Washington Av, July 17, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,200

CITY ISLAND AV, s e corner of Marine-St, 200 ft to Horton St x 100; Stephen D. Horton to Louise Lorillard, 173 Horton St, prior mtg $5,000, July 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Louise R. Horton, 173 Horton St $1,100

FOREST AV, e s, 146.8 ft n of 160th St, 50x189.11; Martin Bodem to Charles Keller, 1,027 Union Av, prior mtg $10,000, July 12, due Aug. 15, 1917, — p. c.; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av $1,000

HOFFMAN ST, 867 East, s s, 125.6 ft e of 167th St, 75x94.11; Francesco Morrone to Mariano Tramonte, 95 Park St, June 6, 3 years; attorney, Mariano Tramonte, 95 Park St.$1,500

LOT 5, Block 4106; Lot 1, Block 4109; Lot 1, Block 4111; Lot 19, Block 4119; Lot 20, Block 4115; tax map of Margaret P. Humphrey et al. to Walter A. Evans, Hotel Biltmore, New York, prior mtg $40,000, July 3, due as per bond; attorney, Walter A. Evans, 63 Wall St $20,000

LOT 34, map of Laconia Park, 25x100; Rosina Lagatluta and another to Andrew Perniciano, 963 2d Av, July 5, 4 years; attorney, A. Cianchetti, Spring and Bowery.

LOTS 247 and 248, map Joseph Husson; Susan R. Rudd to Henry Raiss, 811 East 155th St, July 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,500

LOTS 452 and 453, map of Lorillard Spencer et al.; Fred Sammartino and another to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $787

All following same map, date, and attorney, 5 years, 5 per cent.:

LOTS 436 and 437, Tony Sanso to same.$787

LOTS 1,378 and 1,379; same to same....$262

LOT 454; Anna E. Neveretta to same....$318

LOT 1,009; Frank Martoccia to same....$168

LOT 445; Charles Oddo to same.....$318

LOT 184; Vincenzo Culio to same.....$248

LOTS 1,380 to 1,382; same to same.....$393

LOTS 491 and 492; same to same.....$787

LOTS A14 and A15; Alex Harstein to same $100

LOT 193; Hyman Wittenberg to same....$250

LOT A29; William M. Reynolds to same..$330

LOTS 456 to 457; Philomena N. Neverette to same $787

LOTS 1,334 and 1,335; Charlotte M. O'Halloran to same.....$540

LOTS 771 to 774; Annie Dufort to same..$540

LOTS 904 to 907; same to same.....$200

LOTS 586 to 589; same to same.....$340

187TH ST, s s, 120.9 ft w of Southern Boulevard, runs w 24.11x s 70x e — x s 55x e 24.6x n 125; Isidoro Cristaldi to Weller Co., 51 Chambers St, July 16, due as per bond; attorneys, Powell, S. & W., 51 Chambers St $5,700

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

5TH AV, 461, n e corner of 40th St, 26.7x95, all, tenant to erect new building; George L. Slawson, Greenwich, Conn., and another to F. W. Woolworth Co., Watertown, N. Y., 21 years from Nov. 1, 1917, 21-year renewal, April 27, 1917; attorney, C. F. Valentine, 253 Broadway $40,000

11TH ST, 238-240 East, s s, Hani Forges to Joseph Cohen, 380 East 8th St, 3 years from July 1, 1917; attorney, Morris Wolf, 302 Broadway $5,700

Bronx.

MARTHA AV, 4,889, s w corner of 241st St, 38.4x100, all; Daniel Houlihan to Louis H. Maier, 328 East 236th St, 5 years from June 1, 1917, option one-year renewal; attorney, Louis H. Maier, 328 East 236th St.....$600

138TH ST, 507 East, all; Elise F. Kienke to Isidore Zimmer, 981 Union Av, and another, 5 years from June 15, 1918; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$3,800

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 105th St, 75.11x100; Amelia K. Schlimper against Bloomingdale Construction Co., et al., action to set aside assignment of mortgage; attorney, H. S. Mansfield.

BESSON ST, 167, New York State Sunday School Association against Israel Wolfish et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

NARGEL AV, 1, 330 ft s w of Ellwood St, runs n w 312.7x s w 130.5x s e 236.10x n e 100 to beginning; Victoria Duffy against James A. Lynch et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

WILLETT ST, 94; George L. Carlisle against William Kerner et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. H. Hagen.

6TH ST, 738; Charles P. Buckley against Michael Kramer et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. W. Buckley.

10TH AV, 582 and 584; John, V. Irwin against Joseph F. A. O'Donnell et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. V. Irwin.

12TH ST, 329 West, and Greenwich St, 799; Oriental Fireproof Sash and Door Co., Inc., against Arkell R. McMichael et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorneys, Krakower & Peters.

46TH ST, 73 West; County Holding Co. against Philip A. Fitzpatrick et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Merrill, Rogers & Terwilliger.

51ST ST, n s, 122.6 ft e of 8th Av, 62.6x 100.5; Harriman National Bank of the City of New York et al. against Jaspoie & Werner Holding Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus.

51ST ST, 414 West; Franklin Savings Bank in the City of New York against Mary C. Donoghue et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. M. Powell.

138TH ST, 302 West; Annie V. Carr, guardian, against Thomas A. Roe et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, R. S. Treacy, Jr.

138TH ST, 304 West; Annie V. Carr, guardian, against Thomas A. Roe et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, R. S. Treacy, Jr.

Bronx.

LOT 15, Block C, map of portion of Maison & Arnow estate; Poughkeepsie Trust Co., as trustee, against William A. Mallett, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, C. W. H. Arnold.

LOT 16, Block C, same map; same against same, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, same.

VALENTINE AV, e s, 75 ft n of 182d St, 25.2x86.1; Louisa Adami against Louis Gates et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Williamson & Bell.

3D AV, 2,590; Franklin Savings Bank, &c., against Annie H. Hart et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. M. Powell.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROAD ST, 127 and 129; Expanded Metal Engineering Co. against Broad Street Hospital in the City of New York, owner; James E. Brady Co. and William N. Smith, contractors $548

COLUMBIA ST, 77; Jacob Lavins against Sarah Kedofsky, owner; Louis and Joseph Kedofsky, contractors $448

WADSWORTH TERRACE, e s, 100 ft n of 190th St, 200.8x34; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. against Harrison Avenue Building Co., owner and contractor $150

2D AV, 1,464; Abram Fuer against Max Frankel and Annie Fried, owners and contractors $300

SAME PROPERTY; Abram Fuer against Max Frankel and Annie Fried, owners; Harry Klein and Nathan Kershenblat, contractors $100

50TH ST, 25 West; Empire Architectural Iron Works, Inc., against Columbia University, owner; Sutphin Realty Co., contractor $300

108D ST, 102 East; Louis Golemb against Morris Pomerants, owner and contractor.$135

147TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of 7th Av, 108x100; Edelstein Contracting Co., against Open Stairway Dwelling Co., owner; Tony Brescia, contractor $600

Bronx.

LAND abutting on both sides of Davidson Av, between Fordham Road and East 190th St, whole block front; Joseph H. Waters and Michael F. Maher against Hopewell Bldg. Co.; Mary Scofield, George A. Mayer, and Harriet E. Devoe, owners; Hopewell Bldg. Co., contractor $1,400

VALENTINE AV, n w corner of 181st St, 62.9x100; Schmidt Bros. against Ensign Improvement Co., owner and contractor....$30

181ST ST, n w corner of Valentine Av, 62x 100; John F. Mason against Ensign Improvement Co., Inc., owner and contractor..$118

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

107TH ST, 59, to 67 West; Pasquale Lauria against Citizens' Investing Co. et al, Feb. 24, 1917 .....$424

180TH ST, 612 to 618 West; Hajek Bros. & Co., Inc., against Washington Place Building Co. et al, June 21, 1917.....$916

SAME PROPERTY; Wimpie Electric Co., Inc., against same, June 14, 1917 .....$916

SAME PROPERTY; same against same, June 14, 1917 .....$916

SAME PROPERTY; Wimpie Electric Co., Inc., against same, June 7, 1917.....$225

180TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av; Lavins & Gordon against same, July 16, 1917 .....$400

SAME PROPERTY; Theodore C. Wood against same, July 2, 1917.....$1,154

SAME PROPERTY; Globe Sash and Door Co., Inc., against same, June 6, 1917,.$1,850

SAME PROPERTY; Theodore C. Wood against same, July 2, 1917.....$88

180TH ST, 608 to 618 West; G. Schalle & Son, Inc., against same, July 3, 1917..$462

180TH ST, 608 to 614 West; Artonio Filippi against same, June 19, 1917,.....$1,700

Bronx.

180TH ST, s e corner of Valentine Av, Samuel Moshalik and Isidore Schabb against Tarcof Construction Co. et al, by payment, ...$196

MAYOR KEEPS MAGISTRATES

Reappoints J. E. Corrigan and N. J. Marsh for Ten-Year Terms.

Mayor Mitchel reappointed City Magistrates Joseph E. Corrigan and Norman J. Marsh yesterday to succeed themselves for a tn-year term each. Magistrate Corrigan was first appointed in July, 1907, by Mayor McClllan, and Magistrate Marsh was appointed in April, 1913, in the rearrangement of the Magistrates' Court by Mayor Mitchel. The salary of City Magistrates is $7,000 a year.

The Mayor also reappointed udolph F. Miller and Alfred J. Boulton of Brooklyn as members of the Board of Standards and Appeals for a term of three years. Mr. Miller is the present Chairman of the board and will be continued in that place. His salary is $7,500 a year, while Mr. Boulton will receive $10 for each session of the board.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., Ga., Ala., and Miss.—Thunder showers Thurs. and Fri.; gentle to moderate s. winds.

Fla.—Thunder showers Thurs. and Fri., except fair in n.; gentle to moderate s. e. to s. winds.

Tenn.—Unsettled Thurs., probably thunder showers. Fri. fair.

Ky.—Fair Thursday and Fri.; warmer Thurs.

W. Va.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; warmer.

Ind.—Fair Thurs.; warmer. Fri. fair; gentle winds, becoming s.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy Thurs.; warmer in w. Fri. showers; gentle to moderate shifting winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair Thurs.; showers at night or Fri.; gentle shifting winds.

Ohio—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; warmer Thurs.; gentle winds, mostly s. w. and w.

La.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., except thundershowers near coast.

Ark., Okla., and W. Tex.—Probably fair Thurs. and Fri.

N. Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., except thunder showers in s. e.

Ill.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; warmer Thurs.

Mo.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; warmer Thurs., except in extreme n.

Wis.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; warmer Thurs. in e. and s.

Minn.—Fair and continued warm Thurs. and Fri., except cooler near Lake Superior.

Iowa—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

N. and S. Dak., Neb. and Kan.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; continued warm.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

The REXMERE CLUB HOTEL
Stamford-in-the-Catskills, N. Y.
New open. Finest Hotel in the Catskills. Golf, Tennis, Boating, Swimming Pool, Garage. 100 Rooms, 40 bathrooms.

Horace Greeley said it:
Abraham Lincoln sanctioned it:
Woodrow Wilson advised it:
The United States Government invites it:

"GO WEST—YOUNG MAN—GO WEST!"

But the invitation applies to both young and old, for the

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

is soon to offer you an opportunity to purchase valuable 40—80—160 acre tracts of land in Southeastern Oklahoma.

Here is your chance. Here is your opportunity to throw off the shackles of dependency. Here you can own your own land on easy YEARLY payments made to the Government of the United States, every cent of which will be paid by it to the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians. Here in the center of the vast midcontinent oil belt—here in the midst of the rich mineral lands—here in the very heart of one of the richest cotton, wheat, grazing, timber and vegetable growing territories of the world you can become as independent as the hundreds of men who have become tremendously rich.

The opportunity is open to you—it is offered to you by the **United States Government**—the Government invites you to become an owner—on easy terms—of a tract of this wonderful land—land that is surrounded by oil belts that are producing more than one-quarter of the world's supply of oil—land that is within one to ten miles of progressive market towns and railroads.

Will you be independent? Will you throw off the cares and trials of a life of effort and worry? Will you listen to the story of Roy Johnson—a printer; Edwin Galt—a clerk; A. T. McGee—a carpenter—each of whom made a cold million dollars on an investment of $175 apiece? Do you care to know about M. Musselman, a Syrian rug peddler, who paid $300 for 72 acres and is today worth $2,500,000?

If you are tired of a humdrum existence—if you believe that Woodrow Wilson or Abraham Lincoln was right—if you care to open for yourself the possibility of a fortune, investigate the opportunity that is brought to your very door today.

If you have one drop of red, throbbing blood in your body—if you have one atom of patriotism in your system—here is your chance to answer the call of "Back to the Farm." Where the crops grow big and twice a year, where the soil is from two to fourteen feet deep—where these lands have formerly sold at from $3 to $7 an acre, and on easy yearly payments—you can be happy and secure in the thought that you and your family are independent of all the world.

Will you answer the call of patriotism? Will you take the advice of Abraham Lincoln, Woodrow Wilson and Horace Greeley? Will you buy land at this exceptionally low price in the midst of the world's greatest productive territory?

TAKE THIS INTO CONSIDERATION: OKLAHOMA HAS MADE MORE MILLIONAIRES THAN ANY OTHER TERRITORY IN THE WORLD TEN TIMES ITS SIZE.

You do not have to go to Oklahoma to purchase this land. You do not have to live on nor improve the property. You deal with the **United States Government.** If oil is discovered on your property the oil concerns are compelled by Oklahoma Law to pay you ⅛ of all the oil taken therefrom. By a system of maps, charts, descriptions, etc., you choose your own land in just the location you desire—and if you are dissatisfied at any time within one year you may receive your money back.

Will you take advantage of this greatest opportunity of modern times? Will you grasp the chance to look the world in the face and say "I'm independent"?

If so—investigate every detail of this opportunity to satisfy yourself. Visit the Exhibition and Information cars now in this city at the expense of the McAlester Real Estate Exchange of McAlester, Oklahoma. Come to the cars and see the exhibits of wheat, corn, peaches, apples, onions, etc., etc., grown upon lands sold by the United States Government. See the charts—the plans—the photographs of lands now under cultivation—listen to the true stories of successes in the Oklahoma Fields—tales that read like Arabian Nights—but which you can easily verify for yourself.

Take advantage today of this wonderful opportunity to learn about Oklahoma—for the Exhibition cars must leave here shortly to bring their message to the people in all parts of the United States. Don't delay—for you cannot afford to throw away the chance to become posted as regards what the United States Government is doing for the Red Man.

No Land Is Sold on The Exhibition Car

But you can make arrangements for a purchase of a tract of this land.

Advice and information is freely given, however, and you may ask questions to your heart's content. Cars open daily from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

THE CARS ARE LOCATED AT
West 130th St. and Fort Lee Ferry, Hudson River.
Take Broadway Subway to Manhattan St.
and on N. Y. Central R. R. Track, foot of W. 96th St.
2 Blocks West from 96th St. Subway Station.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Rent at Bronxville

New Colonial house; big lot; best residential section; view for miles in all directions; 30 minutes out from Grand Central Terminal; possession now; rent begins Sept. 1st; reduced to $160 per month; 4 master bedrooms, 3 servant's rooms, 3 baths; owner will allow selection of decorations and electrical fixtures.

GRIFFEN, PRINCE & RIPLEY, Inc.,
18 EAST 41ST ST., N. Y. C.

BIGGEST REAL ESTATE OFFICE IN THE WORLD
Headquarters for Westchester and Long Island Real Estate.
ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION
Country Life Exposition, Grand Central Terminal.
(Take Special Elevator on Suburban Ramp.)

War Time Bargain

At Pelham, 30 minutes out, brand new Stucco house; 10 rooms, 3 baths, plot 75x116, fine location; financial difficulties; will sacrifice.

GRIFFEN, PRINCE & RIPLEY, Inc.,
18 East 41st Street, N. Y. C.

FOR RENT in PELHAM MANOR, New York, comfortable, modern house, three baths, on plot containing 9 lots. Four master's, three servants' bedrooms; den, conservatory, large living room and veranda.
Apply WILLIAM B. RANDALL,
Pelham Manor, New York,
or 66 Broadway, N. Y. C.

Beautiful Home in Bronxville

16 miles out, at bargain price, new house, 14 rooms, 3 baths, fine location. Built for owner; moving elsewhere. Photograph on request.
GRIFFEN, PRINCE & RIPLEY, INC.
18 East 41st Street, N. Y. C.

ESTATE TO BE SETTLED

Modern stone and stucco dwelling, 12 rooms, 4 baths, garage, poultry houses; 6 acres, beautifully landscaped; shade, fruits, and shrubs; Grand Central, 40 minutes.
FOX REALTY COMPANY
51 EAST 42D ST., N. Y.

FOR SALE—MIGHT RENT

Bargain, 8-room house; tastefully decorated, 3 more rooms easily added; only 30 minutes from Grand Central on Harlem Division; every city improvement, including sewer and gas, highly restricted colony. Apply A. Reiger, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

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Plot of several acres at Tarrytown, facing Pocantico Lake; splendid elevation and view; select surroundings; must sell next week; make offer. J. R. G. Ivey, owner, 66 Broadway; Rector 2126.

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Long Island City

2,500 FEET FRONTAGE in a solid block, with 500 feet on the East River, one block from East River Park, and within a few minutes' walk of Ditmars Avenue express station. Biggest bargain in Long Island City. Fine location for an institution.

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IDEAL SMALL FARMS
HOUSE & 2 ACRES $1350

On North Shore, commuting distance, near fresh water lake, boating, bathing and fishing; best property for chickens, vegetables, fruit and berries.
ACRE FARMS, FRUIT AND SHADE TREES, $250.
$25 DOWN—$5 MONTHLY
Call or write at once for free R.R. tickets
B. SMALL FARMS,
105 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.

BIGGEST SNAP OF THE SEASON
ESTATE AT AMITYVILLE

Site grounds, (high and fenced in,) 270x240; 18-room house, 32x46, 2 baths, Veranda side and front; electricity, gas, water; 5-car garage, 22x82; 2-stall stable, 22x27; chicken house and run; wind mill, Lawn, shrubbery, fruit and beautiful shade trees; valued $11,000, will be sacrificed, $7,000, free and clear; Buildings couldn't be erected for asking price.
LEO LISBEL, Attorney, Freeport, L. I.

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SELL OR RENT—GREAT SACRIFICE. At Huntington, very best section; handy to Country and Yacht Club. Actual waterfront; beautiful grounds, trees, lawn. Large dwelling, stable, garage. Photos, particulars mailed.
Daniel Gerard, 1,270 B'way, (34d St.,) N. Y.

HANDSOME 7-ROOM HOME

Large, airy rooms; heat, gas, electricity, modern kitchen and bath, porch; beautiful plot, all planted with variety of vegetables and flowers; near trolley, school, stores, and station; owner will sell reasonable to interested party for $200 cash and balance monthly. Park, 187 Times Downtown.

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On the North Shore of Long Island, 14 miles from Penn. Station.
We are offering very desirable building sites, some water frontages, at greatly reduced prices TO SETTLE AN ESTATE.
MRIGHAN & MAGILL,
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Waterfront Farm Bargain

Fine 145-acre farm, 1,900 feet frontage Long Island Sound, beach, bluff, views; mostly cultivated; fertile soil, orchard, double highway frontage, $175 acre; terms.
HARVEY B. NEWINS,
WOOLWORTH BUILDING. NEW YORK

3-ROOM BUNGALOW

just finished; owner cannot occupy; 2 full acres; shaded property; bargain of the year; worth $2,000; will sell to quick buyer for $1,850; must have $350 cash at once, balance very easy terms. B. Owner, 243 West 34th St., New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

Our Annual Booklet

of high-class apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath to 10 Rooms and 3 Baths offered for rent from Oct. 1st, will be mailed on application.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 W. 72nd Street.
TEL. COLUMBUS 7340.

$65—$75—$85—$100—$115
7-8-9 ROOMS
1 & 2 Baths.
Elevators, Hall and Telephone service.
210 West 89th St., near Broadway.
71 East 94th St., N. W. Cor. Park Av.
1 West 102nd St., Cor. Central Park West.
434 Central Park West, North Cor. 102d St.
Use Superintendent on premises, or
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co.
30 East 42nd St.
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72th St. and Riverside Drive,
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7 Rooms & Bath, $1,150
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Resident management. An apartment house of the highest class. Office on premises. 'Phone 8171—Schuyler.

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Choice Elevator Apartments.
3—6 Rooms & Bath, $840 yearly
Occupancy Oct. 1st.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
DOCTOR'S OFFICES

suitable for Dentist, Nose or Throat Specialist.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH.
NEW APARTMENT. JUST COMPLETED.
34 WEST 51ST ST.
EUGENE A. WALSH
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THE BELNORD,
Broadway to Amsterdam Av., 86th to 87th St.
7 to 11 Rooms, 2, 3 & 4 Baths,
Rents $2,100 to $5,000.
Including Electric Light, Refrigeration and Vacuum Cleaning.

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171 West 71st St.,
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7, 8 & 10 Rooms,
Rents $2,200 to $3,000.

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817 West End Av., 100th St.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $900 to $2,000.

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55 Central Park West,
68th and 69th Sts.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths,
Rents $2,600 to $2,800.

CORINSECA,
209 West 97th St.
7-8 Rooms,
Rents $870 to $1,150.

POWELLTON,
229 West 97th St., Corner Broadway.
6-8-9 Rooms, 1-2-3 Baths,
Rents $1,100 to $2,000.

PASADENA,
19 West 61st St., Cor. Broadway.
2-3-4-9 Rooms,
Also Kitchenette Apartments,
Rents $900 to $2,600.

HOLLAND COURT,
315 West 98th St.,
Adjoining Riverside Drive.
3-4-7-8 Rooms,
Rents $720 to $1,400.

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322 West 113th St.,
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6-7 Rooms,
Rents $685 to $1,150.

HADRIAN,
235 West 80th St., Cor. Broadway.
5-6 Rooms, 2 Baths,
Rents $1,000 to $1,200.

35 WEST 82D ST.,
Near Central Park West.
10 Rooms and 4 Baths, $2,600.
All outside; unusual arrangement; such as might be attractive for two families.
6 Rooms, $1,100 & $1,200.

THE BARNARD,
256 Central Park West, 71st St.
6, 7, 8 & 9 Rooms,
1, 2 & 3 Baths,
Rents $1,100 to $2,500.

VERSAILLES,
250 West 91st St.
Cor. B'way.
8 & 9 Rooms, 2 Baths,
Rents $1,700 to $2,100.

780 WEST END AV.,
S. E. Cor. 96th St.
5, 6 & 7 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths,
Rents $1,300 to $2,300.

VERA,
2 West 68th St.,
Adjoining Central Park West.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths; Rent $1,600.

CHERBOURG,
1 West 92d St.
Cor. Central Park West.
9-10 Rooms, 2-3 Baths,
Rents $1,400 to $1,900.

77-79 WEST 92D ST.
6 to 8 Rooms,
Rent $480 to $720,
with Electric Light.

TUILERIES,
251 West 95th St.,
N. W. Cor. B'way.
7 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $1,200 to $1,400.

BARRINGTON,
206 West 81st St.,
adj. Cor. B'way.
3-4-5-6 Rooms,
Rents $720 to $1,300.

451 WEST END AV.,
S. W. Cor. 82d St.
7 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $930 to $1,200.

WELLINGTON COURT,
561 West 143d St.,
N. E. Cor. B'way.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $57.50 to $75.00.

THE SAGUENAY,
535 West 143d St.
4, 5 & 6 Rooms,
Rents $35 to $55.

THE CLIFDEN,
284 Riverside Drive,
7-8 Rooms, 2-3 Baths,
Rents $1,500 to $1,800.
4 Rooms & Bath, $660.

261 CENTRAL PARK W.,
Northwest cor. 26th St.
9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths,
All Modern Improvements.
Rents $2,300 to $2,700.

THE NORMAN,
37 West 93d.
4, 6 & 7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
Rents $720 to $1,200.

244 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
near 97th St.
5-7-8 Rooms,
Rents $840 to $1,500.

DOROTHEA,
331 West 191st St.
7 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $1,100 to $1,300.

GREENWICH,
446 Central Park West,
near 105th St.
6 Rooms & 2 Baths,
Rents $900 to $1,000.

MALVERN,
47 Claremont Av.,
near 119th St.
5 & 6 Rooms,
Rents $690 to $960.

CASTLETON,
547 West 143d St.
2, 5, 7 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $30 to $75.

109 WEST 82D ST.
7-8 Rooms,
Rents $690 to $780.
Hall Service.

HAMILTON GRANGE,
510 Convent Av.,
near 143d St.
5, 6 & 7 Rooms,
Rents $62.50 to $80.

CHILMARK HALL,
Hamilton Place, N. E. cor. 143d.
5 Rooms & Bath,
Rents $45 to $55.

159 WEST 80TH ST.,
7 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $660 to $780.
Electric Light.

DALLAS COURT,
660 West 144th St., cor. Broadway.
4-5-6-7 Rooms,
Rents $510 to $900.

170 WEST 75TH ST.,
Near Amsterdam Av.
7 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $780 to $840.

VIOLA,
100 West 76th St.
S. E. cor. Columbus Ave.
8 Rooms,
Rent $900.

WELLSLEY COURT,
562 West 144th St.
6 & 8 Rooms,
Rents $57.50 to $70.00.

THE KENWAY,
463-474 Convent Av.,
N. E. cor. 150th St.
7 Rooms,
Rents $45 to $52.50.

WASHINGTON IRVING,
601 West 151st St.,
N. W. cor. of Broadway.
4 & 5 Rooms,
Rents $42.50 to $47.50.

THE HEARNCLIFFE,
850 St. Nicholas Av.,
at 184th St.
5 & 6 Rooms,
Rents $45 to $57.50.

THE VARONA,
630 West 172d St.
3 & 4 Rooms,
Rents $30 to $44.

THE WESTPORT,
634 West 172d St.
3, 4 & 5 Rooms,
Rents $30 to $50.

JEANNETTE COURT,
248 Audubon Av.,
S. cor. 178th St.
4, 5 & 6 Rooms,
Rents $35 to $50.

THE ARDSLEIGH,
720 West 180th St.
5 & 7 Rooms,
Rents $38 to $41.

MELVIN COURT,
572 West 187th St.
4, 5 & 6 Rooms,
Rents $27 to $40.

F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co.
Broadway, Corner 80th St. 'Phone 3800—Schuyler

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

RUNOIA, 267 WEST 89TH ST.
Near West End Avenue
8 ROOMS & 3 BATHS
$1,800 to $2,000
Front apartment; southern exposure.
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605-611 WEST 156TH ST.
High Class Elevator Aparts., Every Conv'nce
Directly opposite Spanish Museum Bldgs.
4-5-7-8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $48-$100.
Owner, JAS. O'BRIEN, 647 6TH AVE.

314 WEST 94TH ST.
Bet. West End Ave. & Riverside Drive.
High Class Elevator Apartments
7 Large, Light Rooms $1000
Bath and Extra Lavatory.

THE DEARBORN,
380 West 55th St.
ONE ROOM, BATH & KITCHENETTE.
$46 Unfurnished, $47.50 Furnished.
Inquire on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

ROCKLEDGE COURT
3,044 ALBANY CRESCENT
at 231st St. Broadway subway station.
4-5-room apartments, $35-$37,
all improvements; apply on premises; tenants restricted.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

MANHATTAN—East Side.

75 EAST 81ST STREET.
N. W. corner Park Av.; high-class apartments, six, seven, eight rooms, $75, $85, $95, $100 upwards; service unexcelled.

BRONX.

MORRIS AVE. and 181st ST.
ONE BLOCK FROM NEW SUBWAY.
3-4 EXTRA LARGE ROOM APARTMENTS TO LEASE; UP TO DATE. NEW BUILDINGS $25-$35
Bedford Park-Mosholu Arms Apts.
199th St., Briggs to Bainbridge Aves.
4 ROOMS $30, 5 ROOMS $36,
6 ROOMS $42.
Class of tenants restricted.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE WOOLSEY
141 EAST 44TH ST.
1 & 2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette. Furnished, $50 to $97.50.
Inquire on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

TO SUBLET Elegantly furnished Seven Room Apartment. Complete in every detail. MRS. BEATRICE GINSBERG, 220 West 116th St., New York.

Do You Agree With This?

1st. This is a bad time to try and sell real estate.
2nd. Everybody is away on a vacation who can get away.
3rd. There is a tremendous uncertainty about the future.
4th. The price of everything is high.
5th. Nobody has any money to spare.

In spite of all this we are ordered to sell
394 Plots (over 1200 lots) in the superb suburb of N. Y.
for whatever price they will bring.

What kind of prices do you think we are going to get?
We know the property is going to be sacrificed.
Go up and look at it. See what you think of it.
It is perfectly beautiful.
When you see it you will say the same thing yourself.

The Property we are going to sell at AUCTION is

RIVER VIEW MANOR

at Hastings—*on Hudson*—Dobbs Ferry

the most beautiful residential suburb of N. Y.
with every city improvement

394 plots and 4 residences
for whatever they will bring

Saturday, July 21st—on the premises

Several Banks and Associations will lend you the money to build a home.

Send for booklet to
J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. & Third Ave.
Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau St.,
Agents and Auctioneers.

75% can remain on mortgage
Convenient trains to Hastings from Grand Central Station
9:50 10:45 2:10 3:13 3:47 4:20

Why Pay More RENT?

when you can buy this beautiful house same as rent on lower monthly payments and own it in few years—this

Beautiful, Artistic Home, Near Lakes.

Bargain Price, $7,250. Easy Terms.
Plot 115x148 ft.
Convenient Commutation.
10 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.
A delightful home in select neighborhood; superb water view; contains living room 27 ft. long, 15 ft. wide, open fireplace. Dining room, kitchen, library, hall, butler's pantry on first floor. Four bedrooms, tiled bath on second floor. Three bedrooms, bath on third floor. Near country club, golf, tennis. Canoeing, bathing and fishing. See this property; compare it with any priced at $10,000 near N. Y. Send for photograph.
F. B. WELLS, 170 Broadway.
Tel. 1521 Cort.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Garages for Lease

100x100, 50x100, and 25x100.
Good Locations.
VAN NORDEN & WILSON,
1 West 34th St. Greeley 849.

OVERLOOKING HUDSON

642 West 158th, west of Riverside Drive, three-story dwelling, ten rooms, two baths, parquet floors, electric lights; easy terms. Caretaker, your broker, or ENNIS & SINNOTT, 55 Liberty St.

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12th St., near 6th Av.—Fine block; three-story dwelling; price very low. J. IRVING WALSH, 75 West 11th St.

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Near the Beaches

New York 24 Minutes
Beaches 10 Minutes

Pretty Brick Houses

$4500—Payments Like Rent—$6500
Beautifully Decorated, all ready to occupy. 7 Rooms, Steam Heat, Electric Light, Parquet Floors, Open Fireplace, Tiled Bathroom, Screened Porch, Front Lawn, Big Back Yard, Asphalted Streets, Brooklyn. Take Bay Beach Subway from City Hall, N. Y., to 22d Ave. Station. Office opposite station.
ALCO BUILDING CO.
217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4488.

Money Back If Drafted

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT $5,750
And Really Worth Much More

A DECIDEDLY ARTISTIC BUILDING PLOT

Brook, forest trees, evergreens, apple trees, lawn. Garden spot and rocky effect. Five minutes' walk to station, country club, tennis club and lake. A truly individual building site in the hills of Westchester County. Terms to suit. B. Z., 73 Times.

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White Plains, Scarsdale, Pleasantville, Katonah, Bedford, Mt. Kisco sections. FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED RENTALS. Phone 1516 White Plains, N. Y.
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MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORGENTHAU JR & CO.
MORTGAGES
25 PINE STREET

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LAFAYETTE BATHS & HOTEL, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, July 19, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 606 Lafayette St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of beds, dressers, chiffoniers, tables, mattresses, linens, paintings, pictures, rugs, cash registers, liquors, bar fixtures, accessories to Turkish bath establishment, safe deposit boxes, hotel cooking utensils and dishes, silverware, brassware, motors, office furniture and fixtures, also receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the 1917 liquor license.
JOHN La LITTLE, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 43 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABE LEVINE, trading as IMPERIAL TRUNK CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, July 26, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 254 Fourth Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Desk, Office furniture & fixtures, etc.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, 220 Broadway, and PERCIVAL WILDE, Receivers.
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN and ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorneys for Receivers, 320 Broadway, New York.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOTON H. SLAWSON
Real Estate,
171 Madison Avenue.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEON SCHECHTER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, July 26, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,806 Park Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, men's & women's furnishings, counters, safe, fixtures, etc.
HENRY BRADY, Receiver.
JULIUS FISCHER, Attorney for Receiver, 35 Nassau Street, New York.

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You may send the daily and Sunday editions of
The New York Times
to any relative or friend with the American Expeditionary Forces abroad at domestic subscription rates:
$1.00 PER MONTH

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOVE RIGHT IN

and own your own home; 30 minutes via electric trains New York or Brooklyn; house has all modern improvements, heat, &c.; ground enough for poultry and vegetables; near stores, schools; can be bought for less than city rent; $250 cash, balance same as rent; perfect title. Lane, Box 218 Times Downtown.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens
"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."
15 minutes from Penn. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 West 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.
Send for Booklet T.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

JUST COMPLETED

1-family house, 8 rooms; every improvement; space for garage and vegetable garden; can be bought on easy terms or rented at $45 a month. Dr. Houlihan, Balmbridge Av. and 190th St. Fordham 1261.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Factory Sites & Factories
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Full listings of available sites and factories.
31 Nassau St. N. Y. C. Phone 744 Cort.

REMEMBER TO GO
to the Auction Sale of the Balance of 199 Fully Developed City Lots

TO-DAY

Which Are To Be Sold at 12 o'Clock Noon in the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 VESEY ST.
Near the Post Office and Opposite St. Paul's.

80 City Lots were sacrificed last Saturday.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY,
AUCTIONEER.
156 BROADWAY, N. Y. C.

ALWYN COURT
SOUTHERN EXPOSURE

Suites 10 Rooms 5 Bathrooms

The large entertaining space here provided is an unsurpassed attraction. The reception, living, dining and music rooms are so arranged that they can be thrown into one, making the entertaining space equal to the entire floor of a private residence.

Suites 12 Rooms 5 Bathrooms

Before deciding on your new apartment see Alwyn Court
Resident Superintendent always on premises
182 West 58th Street

Chatsworth
344 West 72d Street, at Riverside Drive
Suites of 3 to 10 Rooms
Rental, 1,000 to 3,000 per Annum
Representative on Premises, or
L. J. Phillips & Co., Agents
72d St. & Columbus Ave. Telephone Columbus 2750

The Langham
73d St.—Central Park West—74th St.
Offers a few desirable Suites of 8 Rooms and Upward
Representative on Premises, or
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Fifth and Park Avenue Apartments.
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Real Estate and Insurance,
616 Madison Avenue, at 48th Street.
Telephone Murray Hill 5600.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND
IS A WISE MOVE"

Building plans, $10 up; all kinds; anywhere. Architects, 185 Fulton. Cortlandt 6324.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

1 East 56th Street, northeast corner Fifth Avenue. A unique, exclusive resident apartment in suites arranged to suit convenience of tenants. Management of Mr. Warren E. Krechting. Telephone 865 Plaza. Fine cuisine, three elevators; ready October first.

Bargain, 3-story house for sale or rent, West 11th St., 14 rooms, 2 baths; alter to suit tenant. Write M. N., 507 Amsterdam Av.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

House, 4 rooms, 2 baths, all improvements, plot 2,500, two blocks from Prospect Av. subway station, paying charges about $22 month; rent for $40; small amount of cash; balance easy payment. A. F. Handy, 136 West 93d.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Buy housekeeping house on Crown St., between Bedford and Rogers Aves.; both sides of street built up; two stories, 7 rooms and bath; driveway in rear. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

ATTRACTIVE Summer and ALL-YEAR HOMES now ready for inspection at HOWARD BEACH ESTATES, the seaside country home community within the city; 30 minutes from Broadway; all improvements; restricted; water frontage; bathing, boating, fishing; investigate before buying elsewhere. Office, 51 Chambers St. Phone Worth 3556.

Handsomest residence, Richmond Hill, near Kew; 7½ lots; $200 per month; worth $100,000. City-Suburban Co., 309 Broadway.

Westchester.—For Sale or To Let.

RIVER VIEW MANOR.—Established community of homes, every city convenience, high elevation, no malaria, no mosquitoes; well designed and constructed houses; $7,000 and up. Hastings Homes Co., 41 Park Row.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For Sale or Rent.
Chas. Field Grifften & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Cosy little home and 2 acres of fine farm land; some fruit and shade trees; makes ideal home for small family wanting to raise vegetables, poultry, &c.; good location; stores, schools, &c.; price $1,850 complete; easy terms to right party. Write to "Cosy Home," Box 142 Times Downtown.

If you want to buy an old house with a large plot of land for cultivation of vegetables, poultry, &c., house needing small repairs, near water and station, price $1,450, for $75 down and $10 monthly, write or call at once to B Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Seashore House, $2,000, on easy terms; beautiful location; 7 rooms, bath; contains garden plot, nice locality; improvements; near trolley, school, stores, &c. Write for further particulars, Shore Home, Box 222 Times Downtown.

Neponsit, the year-round residential community; 15 minutes from Manhattan or Brooklyn; 10th, $350 up; beach rights; get particulars. Neponsit Realty Co., suite 500, 1 West 34th St., New York City.

MANHATTAN BEACH lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $450 each; title in a few days. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, about less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily, trolleys also. John A. Baldwin, 30 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

For Sale or To Let—New Jersey—Modern residence at Ridgefield, nine rooms and bath; newly decorated; water, gas, electric, and sewer connection; situated in private park with ample grounds; select and healthy neighborhood; nine miles from Jersey City, on the N. R. R. of N. J.; five minutes' walk to depot or trolley. Theo. Hill, Agt., Ridgefield.

Exceptional Bargain.—Six-room modern home, $8,200, worth $9,700; also 5-room bungalow, $2,700, worth $3,000; all improvements; near station and trolley; restricted neighborhood; high ground; 30 minutes on Erie; small payment down, balance monthly like rent. W. BUTSCHER, 21 Park Row.

Two Plainfield houses left out of nine; they shall not taster than we can finish them; best location; 2 baths, sleeping porch, choice finish, decorations, &c.; $8,500. Send for pictures. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

MONTCLAIR.—New, modern residence, delightfully located; large living room, dining room, 6 bedrooms, 3 baths, sleeping porch, sun porch; every appointment; $7,500. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna.

FINE 65-ACRE FARM,
27 miles C. R. R. N. J.; near station; fine soil, bearing fruit; 15-room house; $12,000 to close estate.
LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.

MONTCLAIR.—Mountainside home 12 rooms, 4 baths, 3 bedrooms, large grounds, verandas and garage; 550 ft. elevation; rental $60 per month. Frank Hughes Taylor Company, Montclair, New Jersey.

WESTFIELD.—Remade house, 9 rooms, corner plot 100x175; all improvements; fruit and shade trees; great bargain, $5,500. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Rutherford.—Free list of places, sale and rent. Booster, Box 57, Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT.
Charmingly furnished new house in a delightful colony by the water; four master's bedrooms, two baths, two servants' rooms and bath; private bathing beach, tennis and golf; five minutes to station. C. D. Sinclair, Southfield Point, Stamford, Conn.

This office specializes in Connecticut inland and shorefront acreage, old houses with histories, big fireplaces, and Dutch ovens; also hilltops with fine views; what you want may be here. John Crawford, 1 East 42d St., N. Y.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

4,000,000 feet standing spruce; good pulp lot; nearby; price low. O. S. Gray, Amherst, Mass.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Manhattan Beach, 200 feet from the Atlantic Ocean.—Beautiful, complete residences, 8 rooms, 2 baths; also 4,000; also corners with completed bases of 12 rooms, 2 baths; all with all the latest improvements; will sell at sacrifice, or will exchange for old houses, Manhattan, Brooklyn, that need alteration; or unimproved property; quick; houses are ready for occupancy. J. Sommers, builder, 58 West End Av., Manhattan Beach. Telephone 964 Coney Island.

SAN FRANCISCO;
California, $1,000,000 unencumbered property; will add up to $500,000 cash for high-class apartment or business building.
BYRNE & BAUMANN,
30 East 42d St.

MORTGAGE LOANS

Wanted—$5,000 to take balance of first mortgage, gilt-edge Bronx lots, (1-8 value.) M., Box 66 Times.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

APPLE ORCHARD FARM—128 ACRES.
Stock, high elevation, fine views; 325 fruit trees; excellent pasturage; good house; barn; 27,000, $3,000 cash. Farm and Estate Clearing House, 141 Broadway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Good fruit and stock farm; 2,700 fruit trees; 10-room house and 5-room house; 7 good outbuildings, painted; 55 acres in cultivation; 2 miles from main line station; price $7,000. Farm and Estate Clearing House, 141 B'way.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IDEAL HOME WITH GARAGE.
Price, $5,500; cash required, $500; house has seven large, airy rooms, cozy instenook, with open fireplace, tiled floor; sanitary gas kitchen; handsomely finished living room, beamed ceiling; dining room; spacious piazza; laundry of clean room; tiled bath; steam heat; convenient to schools, clubs, churches; good transportation, 35 minutes out; large plot, all conveniences; owing to business changes must sell this home we built by days' work by owner for his own occupancy, and no expense was spared. Full particulars C. A. ROFF, Room 513, 47 West 34th St.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

LAKE SUNAPEE, N. H.
For Sale, Furnished Cottage, eleven rooms, fronting on lake. Boat house with two slips. One mile from village by road or water. Ideal summer home. Particulars M. F. Ferris, 206 Canal St., N. Y. C.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Small Hotel—Splendid Location
56th St., near Broadway; fireproof building; 44 rooms, 22 baths; all improvements; electric elevator, &c.; to let to responsible parties for terms of years at low rental. Call or address Hyatt, Owner, 44 Nassau St.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$50 down and $7 a month will buy beautiful 2-acre farm, fruit and shade trees, near lake. B., Owner, 106 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

RIVER FRONT FARM OF 125 ACRES, with modern 9-room house, very large barns; 50 acres of light, stoneless, sandy loam, capable of yielding a 10,000-bushel potato crop; price $4,000. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

Adjoining pretty lake in the Pocono Mts., 2½ hours from here, productive 60-acre farm; 15½ acres now in potatoes, corn, oats, rye, and garden truck; neat 7-room house; large barns; $5,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Wanted.

FARM WANTED.
A good productive farm, stock and implements; commuting distance; $16,000 to $18,000.
F. A. FARNSWORTH, 185 Broadway.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

New York State.

GREENWOOD LAKE, NEW YORK.
New eight-room cottage, wide verandas, overlooking lake. Vegetable and flower gardens. Every modern convenience; completely and attractively furnished; $200 to Sept. 1. Apply Dr. Slade, 245 West 74th St., city.

New Jersey.

Somerville, N. J.—Modern five-room cottage; fruit, garden; free from mosquitos; $50 monthly. A. A., 125 West 13th.

Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted to rent, for two months, furnished house with five master's bedrooms, in or near New Rochelle; rent between $150 and $200 per month. Address X 348 Times Annex.

Furnished cottage wanted; 5 bedrooms; improvements; commuting distance; meals near by. F 235 Times Downtown.

Wanted, small furnished cottage till October; about 1 hour out, near station; about $85. Write M., 3,625 Broadway.

Wanted, on Sound or Jamaica Bay, bungalow directly on water; 3 bedrooms; give details. Box 180, 852 Columbus Av.

HOUSES TO LET.

Unfurnished.

145 West 118th St., 4-story $1,200
1,185 Madison Av., nr. 86th St., 3-story 1,200
884 St., near Lex. Av., 4-story .. 1,200-$1,500
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 East 42d St.

Handsome brownstone residence, Lincoln Road, near Prospect Park; parquet floors, electric light, and all modern conveniences; $9,800, small initial payment. Address 184 Lincoln Road. Phone 4364 Flatbush.

93D ST., 257 WEST.—Five-story American basement, three-story extension; 3 baths; parquet floors; rent, $2,600. Caretaker.

Furnished.

Furnished house, Riverside Drive, near 157th St., 10 rooms, 2 baths; very desirable; $75. Owner will reserve first floor. Owner, K 226 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Loft, 247-253 West 19th St., 7,500 sq. ft.; modern building, sprinkler system; rent reasonable. Supt. or Revel Realty & Securities Co., owner, 51 Chambers St., or your own broker.

Factory, 32x72 feet; two stories and basement, railroad siding, one block Central R. R. of N. J. station, P. O. N. Powers & Son, 121 Watchung Av., Plainfield, N. J.

91ST AND CENTRAL PARK, Eldorado Hotel.—Doctor's and dentist's office, waiting room and foyer, furnished or unfurnished. Apply between 11 and 3 o'clock.

DESK ROOM, $8; MAIL PRIVILEGE, $2; well furnished office; every convenience. DUANE, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Desk room, mahogany furnished; telephone; stenographic services. Room 411, 103 Park Av.

Ozone Park, L. I.—Loft 200 by 80 feet to let; sprinkler system; good location for help. Apply on premises or write L. Druckerman Co.

5TH AV., 127—STORE, 25 by 100, or part; excellent location; reasonable rent. Price.

Wonderfully located offices, $15 up; magnificent building; high-class service. 110 W. 40th.

Parlor, 20x75, parquet floor, conveniences; must be seen to appreciate. 6 East 36th.

A desirable small office, furnished; phone; $20 monthly. Room 523, 1,133 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

80TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, $18 weekly up; every convenience; complete hotel service; astounding Summer values. Hotel Rutledge.

ATTENTION! — Summer rates now; apartments, furnished, 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; one block from subway; $10.50 to $14 weekly. Hotel Seaton, 27 East 27th St.; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Furnished—West Side.

50TH, 4 WEST.—Bachelor apartment; beautifully furnished; suitable for two or more; caterer on premises. Dwyer, Circle 4187.

56TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath; just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartments.

72D.—Four rooms, handsomely furnished, new building; sacrifice Summer; longer, Columbus 8974.

74TH, 106 WEST.—MAGNIFICENT PRIVATE SUITE; PIANO. COLUMBUS 5685.

76TH, 302 WEST.—Attractive, cool, completely furnished 5-room apartment; sacrifice; immediate possession.

80S, WEST END.—7 rooms, exquisitely furnished; lease indefinitely; bargain. Columbus 8974.

82D, 35 WEST.—Cool, front six-room elevator apartment, furnished, unfurnished. Lawton.

85TH ST. AND CENTRAL PARK WEST.—High-class apartment, 3 rooms and kitchen, to sublet. Address J 175 Times.

92D, 259 WEST.—Seven outside rooms; Summer or longer; $75. Riverside 8651.

111TH, 528 WEST.—Attractive 5-room furnished apartment for Summer; 2 master bedrooms, Bar Wink. Phone Morningside 7045.

116TH, 507 WEST, (Cor. 1A.)—Special Summer rates; 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms; exquisite apartments; furnished complete, including silver and linen. Phone 8240 Morningside.

127TH, 619 WEST.—Attractively furnished five large, sunny rooms; high-class apartment; beautiful view of Hudson; block subway; all cars. Apartment 53.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive corner apartments, southern exposure, overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

APARTMENTS—SUBLET.
handsomely furn., any period. Summer rates.
EXCLUSIVE REALTY, Specialists,
176 West 72d St. Phone 848 Columbus.

APARTMENT HUNTING unnecessary. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 164 West 72d St. Columbus 886.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$38 $48, $55 $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and exceptionally clean apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 99th St., near Broadway, 2, 3, 4 rooms and kitchenette; 1 and 2 baths; $45 and up monthly, $12 and up weekly; linens, dishes, silver, and cooking utensils furnished; phone and elevator service; maid service optional; references essential.

BACHELOR apartments, attractively furnished; two rooms, bath, service; electricity, elevator. 47 West 49th St.

BEAUTIFUL, cool, six-room apartment for August and September; near Riverside Drive; bars rental; references required. L. S. H., 129 Times.

BROADWAY and 96TH ST., (Hotel Newton.) —Exceptional suites at most moderate rates for the Summer; 2 rooms and bath, $15 per week and up; 3 rooms and bath, $20 per week and up; excellent restaurant at popular prices; 2 blocks from Park and Drive, within 15 minutes of all business centres; it is service that counts.

BROADWAY, (70s.)—Have large 11-room high-class apartment; will rent one or more suites to party of gentlemen or to refined couple. Further information address C. S., 860 Times Annex.

DESIRABLE six-room apartment to sublease to Oct. 1st; fully furnished; all rooms outside; $120 month. 749 West End Av., or Slawson & Hobbs.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APTMENTS. Immediate and future rentals; choice localities; $40 PER ROOM DAILY.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
30 E. 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 1420.

SPECIALIST.
Handsomely furnished sublet apartments; Sherwyn, longer. Gray, 209 West 72d. Columbus 8974.

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Handsomely furnished sublet apartments; Sherwyn, longer. Gray, 209 West 72d. Columbus 8974.

Two to six rooms and bath, with or without kitchen and dining room; completely furnished, including hotel service. $1.00 PER ROOM DAILY.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 305 West 98th St.—Phone 6100 Riverside. Modern building; half block from Riverside Drive; 2 minutes from 96th St. express station; finest location; best value in city; restaurant attached.

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BY GENTLEMAN, 2 rooms and bath; maid service; near 5th Av., between 40th and 59th Sts., ground floor or one flight up. Z 212 Times Annex.

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Unfurnished.

WANTED—Entire floor in private house, four or five rooms, kitchen, bath, open fireplace, between 40th and 100th Sts. Write R. C. G., 188 Times.

UP-TO-DATE 5-6-room elevator apartment, southern exposure, any desirable location below 145th; rent not more than $75. Write Immediate, 3,516 Broadway.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

27TH, 240 EAST.—Lady, Spanish teacher, has nice room, bath; Winter, steam heat; private; Spanish student's opportunity. Mrs. Delamore.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny, running water, phone, elevator, electric light; well furnished; excellent service; $5 weekly, up; with bath, $9 weekly, up; meals exceptionally reasonable, optional; women only.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room; electricity, private bath; $5.50; another, $4.

36TH, 6 EAST.—Rooms with private bath; electricity, telephone; $3 to $12.

39TH ST., (859 Lexington Av.)—Rooms in private house; references exchanged; gentleman.

43D, 16 EAST.—Offers cool rooms; comforts of home; convenience of hotel; references.

47TH, 16 EAST.—Room, with running water; single room; Summer rates; references.

49TH AND MADISON AV., (Hotel New Weston.)—Sublet, two rooms; bath; rent singly or together; rates. Pugh.

53D, 56 EAST.—Furnished rooms, all conveniences; near park; Summer rates. Plaza 2935.

58TH ST., 17 EAST.—Bachelor's suite, with bath; residence art collector; references.

86TH, 153 EAST, (Y. M. C. A.)—Rooms, $2.50 to $4 weekly; dues, $2.25.

GRAMERCY PARK, 42.—$4, $5, $6, $7; running water; Summer prices.

IRVING PL., 14.—Front rooms, box-spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 162.—Large, small rooms; private bath, kitchenette; electricity. Murray Hill 8427.

West Side.

97TH, 64 WEST.—Cool, well-furnished, large front rooms; clean, well-conducted house; continuous hot water, electric lights, telephone.

97TH ST., 28 WEST.
SMALL ROOMS; QUIET HOUSE.

49TH ST., 47 WEST.—Attractively furnished large and small rooms, bath, electricity, elevator.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; also small rooms; gentlemen; Summer rates.

50TH, 36 WEST.—Large and small rooms, Summer rates; electric lights, telephone.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Airy rooms, bath; kitchenette; single room; hot water, electricity; references.

50TH, 46 WEST.—Scrupulously clean; parlor, private bath; single rooms; Summer rates; references.

55TH, 62 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; shower bath and all improvements; reasonable; gentleman; reference; small room also.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room; gentleman; running water, electric light; summer rates.

60TH, 142 WEST, (Broadway.)—Cool, airy room, beautiful apartment, exclusive neighborhood; references. Apt.

70TH ST., 2,080 BROADWAY.
In beautiful apartment, attractively furnished room, lavatory; business man. Johnson, Columbus 6314.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Attractive second floor front; electricity and telephone; references.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Cool, outside, attractive rooms, for men; breakfast served; references.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, private bath, electricity, telephone; first-class accommodations.

71ST, 106 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large and small rooms; convenient to all cars.

72D, 261 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms, private bath, twin beds; special Summer rates.

72D, 111 WEST.—Large and small rooms; ideal location; terms reasonable.

72D, 121 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, very reasonable.

73D, 168 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; ball room; bath; electricity; references.

73D, 139 WEST.—Newly decorated nicely furnished rooms; front basement, kitchenette; electricity, phone and elevator service; maid service optional; references essential.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone, electricity; references.

76TH.—Outside, cool room; elevator, electricity, telephone; refined surroundings; references. Schuyler 8681.

76TH, 154 WEST.—Large, small rooms; first-class house; excellent location; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Choice room, adjoining bath; attractive basement room; every convenience.

76TH, 34 WEST.—Large room, bath; private house; electricity; maid service; near Park.

76TH, 137 WEST.—Newly furnished house, large and small rooms; electricity; $5-$8.

76TH, 3 WEST, (near Park.)—Rooms, private baths; electricity; $5, $6, $8, $12.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean; electricity; private bath, kitchenette privileges; references. Schuyler 4566.

76TH, 42 WEST.—Cool, delightful, double, single rooms; private baths; modern residence.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Large and small; privilege kitchenette; also studio room. Schuyler 2628.

76TH, 242 WEST.—Rooms, bath, kitchenette; select private house; $8 to $10.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, cool, electricity, conveniences, private house; references.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable medium and cool room; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

78TH, 109 WEST.—Desirable single room, southern exposure; reasonable; references.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Beautiful large room, connecting shower bath; exclusive house; small room.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Desirable rooms; refined surroundings; telephone; reception room; $2.50 to $10.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive room; private apartment hot water, electricity; references; rates.

80TH, 114 WEST.—Elegant, large rooms; privilege of breakfast, telephone; $8-$10 weekly.

80TH, 104-147 WEST.—Beautiful large and small, cool rooms; private baths; references.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Attractive, unusual large, cool rooms; private bath; lavatory; $5 up.

82D, 20 WEST.—University professor's wife will rent newly furnished rooms; references exchanged.

82D, 8 WEST.—Large front room; well appointed; all conveniences.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Large and small rooms; hot and cold running water; bath adjoining.

85TH, 329 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double or single rooms; hot and cold water in each room; all conveniences; private family; board optional. Telephone Schuyler 9042.

85TH, 207 WEST, (Off Broadway.)—Light, airy rooms; elevator; high class. Sharples.

86TH, 134 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; front basement, private bath.

86TH, 28 WEST.—Medium room, bath; breakfast; gentlemen wishing quiet, convenient; private home.

86TH, 841 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms; private bath; suitable for two; Summer rate.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished, outside rooms; maid service; elevator; reasonable. Kennedy.

90D, 157 WEST.—Large, small rooms, near bath; private family; electricity; gentlemen.

95TH, 251 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, redecorated room; all conveniences; references. Apartment 6 North.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Room, southern exposure, running water, telephone, homelike. Apt. 4W.

96TH, 317 WEST.—Small room; shower; gentleman; references; $4. Apt. 4l.

97TH, 256 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms, every convenience. 3494 River. Apt. 4S.

98TH, 243 WEST.—Attractive, airy room, with lavatory; elevator; telephone; homelike. Apt. 6 B.

99TH, 243 WEST.—Front room, suitable two persons desiring first-class appointments in every particular; also smaller room. Bolich.

103D, 235 WEST, (Broadway.)—Superior single or double rooms; private; gentlemen. McCulloch.

110TH, 315 WEST.—Attractive front room, adjoining bath, with American couple; gentleman. Prescott.

112TH, (Broadway.)—Newly furnished; southern exposure; exclusive; moderate. 5006 Morningside, Apartment 10C.

112TH ST., 605 WEST.—Three rooms, handsome rooms, all improvements, near Riverside. Apt. 5L.

118TH, 611 WEST.—Exceptional room, adjoining bath, private family, $5.50; gentleman, Apt. 43.

116TH, (Near Riverside, Columbia.)—Attractive front room. Telephone Morningside 5136. Apt. 22.

116TH, 423 WEST.—Exceptionally furnished, breezy, suitable two; bath, elevator; reasonable. Reynolds.

126TH, 56 WEST.—Pleasant, well-kept rooms, gentlemen solely, from $2.50.

142D, 605 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Front room; southern exposure; shower bath. Scott.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Neatly furnished, facing Broadway; private, elevator; subway; reasonable. 5G.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive corner rooms, southern exposure, overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

BROADWAY and 95TH ST., (Hotel Newton.) —Attractive large rooms, $1 per day and upward, full hotel service; excellent restaurant, popular prices; 2 blocks from Park and Drive; within 15 minutes of all business centres.

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50TH, 46 WEST.—Scrupulously clean; parlor, private bath; single rooms; Summer rates; references.

55TH, 62 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; shower bath and all improvements; reasonable; gentleman; reference; small room also.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room; gentleman; running water, electric light; summer rates.

60TH, 142 WEST, (Broadway.)—Cool, airy room, beautiful apartment, exclusive neighborhood; references. Apt.

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73D, 168 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; ball room; bath; electricity; references.

73D, 139 WEST.—Newly decorated nicely furnished rooms; front basement, kitchenette; electricity, phone and elevator service; maid service optional; references essential.

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96TH, 317 WEST.—Small room; shower; gentleman; references; $4. Apt. 4l.

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99TH, 243 WEST.—Front room, suitable two persons desiring first-class appointments in every particular; also smaller room. Bolich.

103D, 235 WEST, (Broadway.)—Superior single or double rooms; private; gentlemen. McCulloch.

110TH, 315 WEST.—Attractive front room, adjoining bath, with American couple; gentleman. Prescott.

112TH, (Broadway.)—Newly furnished; southern exposure; exclusive; moderate. 5006 Morningside, Apartment 10C.

112TH ST., 605 WEST.—Three rooms, handsome rooms, all improvements, near Riverside. Apt. 5L.

118TH, 611 WEST.—Ex

HELP WANTED—Female.

TYPIST.—Large office near Grand Central requires the services of a young lady about 20 as typist; must be of neat appearance, rapid, accurate, and of unquestionable character; good opportunity for advancement; give full particulars, including religion and salary desired. B 15 Times.

TYPIST.—Experienced, skillful typist; salary $12-$15; large downtown corporation; no evening work; state age, nationality, religion, education, and previous employers. F 286 Times Downtown.

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TYPIST and Dictaphone Operator, American, good education, in small Wall St. law office; salary $15; answer, giving education and experience. E 400 Times Downtown.

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YOUNG LADIES, several, about 20 years of age, of neat appearance, required for clerical work in a large, modern office near 5th Av. and 42d St.; must be rapid and accurate at figures and good penmen; excellent opportunity for advancement offered those who show ability; state qualifications, religion, and salary desired. B 13 Times.

YOUNG LADY, who has had experience in accounting and statistical work; must be of neat appearance, rapid and accurate at figures; to one who is capable of developing into a head of department an excellent opportunity is offered; write, giving experience in detail, age, religion, and salary desired. B 14 Times.

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AN UNUSUAL NUMBER OF REALLY WORTH-WHILE STENOGRAPHIC POSITIONS WHICH MUST BE FILLED IMMEDIATELY, $10 TO $26 PER WEEK.
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POSITIONS RANGING IN SALARY FROM $12 TO $20.
THE DEMAND FOR TYPISTS AND CLERKS IS STILL AS LARGE; SALARIES FROM $10 TO $18.
CALL 9 TO 1 DAILY.
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH ST., ROOM 725,
NEW YORK CITY.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE AGENCY, 10 East 40th.—Stenographers, $12-$20; dictaphone operators, $15-$18; assistant bookkeeper-cashier, $15; typists, $8-$15. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

FIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Bookkeepers; dictaphone operator, $70; stenographers, substitutes, register now; typists.

STENO., Fr. & Spanish Dictation, $40 wk.; Stenos., $20; beginners, $16. Bookkeepers, four, $18; beginners, $12. Typists, $15. Alice Employment, 49 Liberty St.

MERTA CARLSON SWEDISH AGENCY supplies first-class servants, 2,415 Broadway. Riverside 5463.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerks; permanent. Doyle Agency, 156 Nassau. 29 East 42d.

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REGISTERED SCHOOL FOR NURSES.
SYDENHAM HOSPITAL, 343 East 116th Street, New York City. A few vacancies exist for women desiring two or three years' training; diploma granted after passing successful examination. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

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Banks will shortly require women to do men's work. Three months' Special Banking Course. Individual Instruction.
PRATT SCHOOL, Banking Dept.,
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this week, day or night, pays for complete course in stenography, typewriting, telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Wanted by firm of chartered accountants, with a large practice in New York City, an experienced certified public accountant or chartered accountant, who is capable of handling a staff of assistants; salary to start, $3,500 a year; only men trained in an accountant's office will be considered; excellent opportunity for man with outstanding ability. Z 200 Times Annex.

ADDRESSERS WANTED; ONLY EXPERIENCED WRITERS CONSIDERED; WRITE FULL PARTICULARS, PAST EXPERIENCE. F 257 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE.—Established publication has opening for man who can get advertising; must have record of proved salesmanship; drawing account and commission. B 360 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER wanted for large piano and music house; salary, $30 to start; splendid opportunity; state age, experience, and qualifications. Z 208 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT

for Marine Boiler Works at Charleston, W. Va.; must be familiar with modern practice; prefer college man who has had practical experience in boiler work; this is opportunity for right man. Reply immediately, by mail, to C. E. W., Hotel Wolcott, New York. State age, N. references, present employment, salary; when available for position. Appointment for interview on Saturday will be made by wire after consulting references.

AUDITOR.

A manufacturing group of widely bearing interests is seeking an auditor between 31 and 37 whose duties will be:
To conduct audits.
To survey accounting methods and record results for standardization.
To formulate written accounting standards for each desk.
The position will pay $40 to $45 per week and affords a thinking man a fine opportunity for the expression of his ideals in an organization that constantly offers opportunities to men of demonstrated worth. Reply, stating age, education, experience, and your present salary, to A. R., Box 238 Times Downtown.

AUTO TRUCK SALESMEN, with experience; good proposition; commission basis only. Address J 178 Times.

A LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE IN THIS CITY REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF YOUNG MEN BETWEEN THE AGES OF 23 AND 30 TO TAKE CHARGE OF PACKAGE WRAPPING ON THEIR VARIOUS FLOORS. J 179 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for general office of public utility corporation; must possess good working knowledge of accounting and ability to complete balance sheet and profit and loss statements; state age, business training, experience in detail, and salary expected. F 246 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced man who understands his business; needs to be active and accurate and won't shy at work; state past experience; salary to start $20. K 227 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced stenographer. Call Thursday morning, Cambridge Leather Goods Co., 12 West 17th.

BOY wanted in advertising office, 14-16 years; splendid chance for ambitious boy to learn advertising business from ground up. Apply 10th floor, 461 Fourth Av.

BOY wanted for accounting department; salary $7 per week; state age, education, nationality, and religious belief. K 227 Times Downtown.

BOY to tie packages, work in shipping room; must have first-class references. Curtiss Academy of Languages, 12 East 46th St.

BOY.—In publishing house office; high school boy; American parents. Write full particulars. Sage, P. O. Box 24, Station O.

BOY for stock who has had experience in feet & chiffon house. Apply Store, 95 5th Av.

BOYS, 2, to work in physical testing laboratory; $6 a week to start. J 170 Times.

BURROUGHS comptograph and comptometer repair men wanted. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., New York.

CARDEN WANTED ON ASBESTOS.
AMERICAN ASBESTOS CO., NORRISTOWN, PENN.

CLERKS.—With bookkeeping experience; state age, salary expected; good chance for advancement. H. J. R., P. O. Box 220, New York City.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CLERK for large fire insurance office; some experience necessary; salary $50 month; in reply mention age, religion, education, and experience. B 211 Times Downtown.

CLERK in savings bank; state references, age, salary. K 209 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT for collection department of an old special mercantile agency. Write, stating previous experience and salary expected. J 172 Times.

DESIGNERS
on punch and dies for manufacturing accurate small parts in large quantities; also on jig and fixtures for accurate production of small parts. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DESIGNERS AND DRAFTSMEN.—Several competent designers and draftsmen who have had a broad and varied experience on designing jigs, fixtures, and gauges for small interchangeable parts; permanent position and exceptionally fine working conditions. Address, stating experience, references, and wages expected, Box Z 201 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, outside of New York City; six mechanical draftsmen, men of integrity, ability, and industry, 25 to 30 years of age; at least eight years' experience as machinery detailers and designers, including experience in general drafting, design, and layout work; must be capable of developing machinery from rough sketches or preliminary data and of making finished layouts of apparatus from preliminary plans; also able to sketch existing operating machinery for making additions or improvements; education at least sufficient to figure and sketch strength of different classes of machinery and material. In applying state age, experience, and salary expected. Z 202 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN.
Men experienced in the design of small mechanical and electrical apparatus; to men of ability and technical education we offer permanent positions with excellent opportunities for advancement. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical designer and detailer on light machinery; state age, experience, nationality, education, and salary expected. J 160 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR AMBITIOUS, CLEAN-CUT, AWAKE HUSTLER, WITH SALES ABILITY, IN ORGANIZATION OF ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURER TO ACT AS AGENT OF PROPOSITION, BUT AN OPENING FOR BRIGHT SALESMAN. SALARY AND BONUS PROPOSITION. RAPID ADVANCEMENT ASSURED TO RIGHT MAN. GIVE FULL EXPERIENCE, AGE, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER. ADDRESS J 176 TIMES.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
a number of
MEN
to act as
PARCEL CARRIERS.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

HEARN,
14th St., west of 6th Av.,
requires
tall, bright young men, over 18 years of age, as
WAGON BOYS.
Good pay; permanent position; quick advancement.
Apply 11 A. M., 4th floor.

MAN.—OPPORTUNITY FOR A CAPABLE, ENERGETIC MAN AGE 29 TO 32 POSSESSED OF A GOOD SCHOOL EDUCATION, GOOD PRESENCE, AND ADDRESS, TO ENTER THE OFFICE AND LEARN THE BUSINESS OF A RELIABLE MANUFACTURER LOCATED IN JERSEY CITY; AN OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT MUST BE PROFICIENT IN TYPEWRITING. STATE AGE, RACE, EDUCATION, BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS B 240 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MARGIN CLERK and BOOKKEEPER.—Old-established house has opening for margin clerk and bookkeeper; state qualifications, age, salary, references, &c.; all communications strictly confidential. K 219 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED, OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE, WHO CAN DETAIL FROM LAYOUTS; ELECTRICAL EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR EVERY CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT OFFERED TO THE RIGHT MAN. ADDRESS CHIEF CLERK, ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, WESTINGHOUSE ELEC. & MFG. CO., EAST PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN.

INTELLIGENT, ACTIVE YOUNG MAN, 20 TO 30 YEARS, CAPABLE OF DESIGNING DIES AND TOOLS FOR EXPERTS, PREFERABLY WITH SHOP EXPERIENCE; AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY; ONLY MEN WITH SUCH EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY. CALL AT OFFICE NO. 1, GROUND FLOOR, 104 EAST 32D.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN for permanent position; location, Long Island City; must have at least 5 years' experience in the detail of machine parts; state age, experience, salary expected, and give references. Z 206 Times Annex.

MEN WANTED FOR GUARD DUTY.—Men who have had military training, between ages of 21 and 45, who are exempt from draft and can furnish highest references from past employers, submit recommendation upon application; $75 per month to start; free quarters furnished. Write for application blank to Mr. H. B. Alcock, New England Westinghouse Co., Chicopee Falls, Mass.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.—Only those able to set up their own machines from blue prints and work to micrometer measurements need apply. Morgenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Seventeen St., Brooklyn.

NIGHT WATCHMAN, six nights a week. Charles Fisher & Co., Inc., 602 Flushing Av., near Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man with experience in export office; operate Remington typewriter; state age, actual experience, and salary expected. K 225 Times Downtown.

PIPE FITTER'S HELPER, $1.75 per day. Call 402 West St.

R-U SATISFIED?
Here Is Your Opportunity to Get on a Big Scale Yearly Earning
$3,600 to $10,000 a Year.
The largest real estate subdividers in the world have permanent positions to offer FIVE AMBITIOUS MEN between 25 and 35 years of age; real estate experience not necessary; successful men put on traveling sales crew, with expense and drawing account, and given opportunity of making big money in all our cities; only qualifications must be willingness to work and learn; applicant must be prepared to work on straight commission and give all his time; a great future in store for a successful man. Call Thursday, 10 A. M.,
WM. E. HARMON & CO., INC.,
482 Tompkins Av., near Fulton St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

READY-TO-WEAR BUYER.
Buyer for big dept. store, Eastern city, 100,000; depts. women's and misses' ready-to-wear; liberal salary. Aug. 1st to 15th; must have had successful experience in buying popular-priced suits.; answers, to receive attention, must contain full detail of experience, time in each place, age, and salary expected; letters omitting these features will be disregarded. Address Y 391 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Experienced men's furnishing goods salesmen wanted. Apply to Mr. Hill, Rogers Peet Company, 842 Broadway.

SALESMAN ON HIGH-GRADE PACKAGE CONFECTIONERY LINE FOR PENNSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA, AND GREATER NEW YORK; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, &C.; ONLY MEN OF FIRST-RATE ABILITY INTERVIEWED; SALARY AND COMMISSION. J 146 TIMES.

SALESMAN, experienced real estate, for high class, low priced property; attractive commission and bonus contract; must be a producer, with sales record that can sell without being at work now; no drawing account seekers or dead wood wanted. 340 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Two married men to represent the International Correspondence Schools in Brooklyn; age between 25 and 35; excellent opportunity for right men; permanent positions with excellent opportunities for advancement. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

SALESMEN, A1, on high-class children's dresses; must have large following; good salary. Madame Burada, 37 West 36th.

SOLICITOR wanted in office of collection agency at least three years' experience. Call Room 468, Woolworth Building.

SALESMAN men's clothing; experienced. Lambert, 124 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large downtown bank desires high-class stenographer, under 25 years of age, with business ability; good opportunity; state age, salary, schooling, experience, &c., in detail. K 232 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid typist, young man, if you are sure of yourself and want the chance to climb to an executive position through your own initiative and consistent work, answer full details, stating age and salary to start. Securities, Box 74, Wall St. Station.

STENOGRAPHER and typist. Apply office of manager, National Aniline and Chemical Works, 86d St. and Ditmas Av., Brooklyn. Take Church Av. car to Ralph Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, young man, accurate, quick, for traveling position; salary $60 month, hotel and traveling expenses. Apply Buffalo, 1201 Times Building.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man, at least 21 years old, as head stock clerk; must have had experience in handling large stock, preferably music rolls; state age and last three years' experience; fine opportunity for right man. J 171 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Young man, 17 to 20, thoroughly experienced, to operate switchboard in the office of a large contracting company; splendid opportunity for advancement to applicant who qualifies. Write, stating age, experience, and nationality, to Fire Extinguisher Co., Station V, New York City.

TEACHERS of high school subjects, for up-to-date institution (school); all-year-round position; must be college graduates. Apply personally at Fellowship House, 222 West 135th St., Thursday at 2 P. M. Bring references.

TEACHER of mathematics and civics in institution high school out of city; must be college graduate; all-year-round position, bring references. Apply personally, Thursday, 2 P. M., at 32 West 115th St.

TECHNICAL MAN, preferably M. E., aged 24 to 28, with machine shop or mechanical experience, to enter industrial bearings sales department (bearings for machine tools, steel mills, &c., not automobiles); salary, $100 a month to start; big opportunity for man with the right experience, who is aggressive and has ability to grow; send photograph, training, and experience. Address replies to Sales Dept., care Box 476, Newark, N. J.

THREE MEN accustomed to large affairs and big dealings; we want no petty salesmen, but men of executive possibilities; only highest grade candidates need apply; reference required; commission basis. Phone 6378 Cortlandt for appointment.

WANTED.

An established Real Estate Office can use in its Engineering Department the services of a licensed engineer or superintendent of high-class office building; must be familiar with the supervision and cost of work, and possess a thorough knowledge of electricity, operation of steam and power plants and elevators. Address K 229 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, married, of pleasing personality, to take charge of small photographic supply store; must have some selling experience and understand how to operate a Kodak; splendid opportunity. Write fully, stating age, experience, and salary desired. Address A. C., 240 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN who has had experience in bank on exchange rack, block system, and general work in receiving teller's department; references required. Bank, Box W 36 Times.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of stationery and supplies in large concern; also to attend to upkeep of office appliances and fixtures. Address full details to F 262 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN about 21, who can operate Elliot Fisher billing machine; splendid opportunity with well established concern; write fully, stating references and salary desired. F 259 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in office of general contractor, with some knowledge of plans and stenography; apply in own handwriting, giving experience, references, salary wanted. W 27 Times.

YOUNG MAN, under 21 or over 31, for record and statistical work; one who is good at figures and can write well; must have first-class references. E 121 Times.

YOUNG MEN for various positions in a tool and hardware concern; give full particulars of former employment, specify position desired. Fidelity, 378 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18-19, for office work; must have knowledge of typewriting; state particulars. K 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) in stock broker's office; fair penman; good at figures; salary to start $8. K 224 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) for office work in dye-stuff house; high school education. Call Room 1,134, 21 Park Row.

Employment Agencies.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
CLEAN-CUT, well-groomed men (Americans) for the following permanent openings:
15 STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$20.
10 STENOGRAPHERS, (18-19 yrs.); $12-$15.
5 TYPISTS, $12-$15.
5 BOOKKEEPERS, (exempt ft. draft;) $20.
2 MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN; $20-$25.
2 COLLEGE GRADUATES, (private banking;) $10.
5 ACCOUNTANTS, (knowledge of Spanish;) $20.
1 SENIOR ACCOUNTANT, (Spanish,) Banking and Foreign Exchange experience, for South American opening.
Several SENIOR and JUNIOR ACCOUNTANTS for N. Y. C. offices.
High School Graduates, $8.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE,
37 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHERS or typists; excellent positions for bright young men, with or without experience; salaries $10 to $18. Apply Central Branch Y. M. C. A. Employment Department, (Agency,) 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
CHAS. P. HASSON, Manager.
Many excellent stenographic propositions; also correspondents, bookkeepers, clerks. Highest (Agency), Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, good positions, $1, $20; billing machine operator, $18. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MISS KATHLEEN PATTON HAS BEEN granted a decree of absolute divorce from Charles Kandestin, formerly of New York City. The divorce was granted on the grounds of incompatibility.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN. — EXPERIENCED FURNITURE SALESMEN WANTED BY THE WANAMAKER STORE. APPLY FURNITURE SECTION, 6TH GALLERY, NEW BUILDING; GOOD POSITION FOR RIGHT MEN.

SALESMEN.
Two high-class men wanted by company doing over $18,000,000 annually; our men making from $250 to $1,500 monthly; increasing, permanent income; salary, commissions, or both. Apply Mr. Wadsworth, 111 Broadway.

SALESMAN. — Popular-priced pleasure car factory branch, Brooklyn territory. Qualifications necessary for applicant: Previous experience in selling, with record to show knowledge of cars, acquaintance among prospective purchasers, and ambition for hard plugging. Drawing account against commission when sales warrant. Address, letter only, Salesman, 1,170 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, stationery, who can show results, has an excellent opportunity with a progressive house; good salary to right man. Write, stating qualifications, T. R., 223 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Position open for capable man, preferably technical graduate, with concern supplying metal-working trade; salary; New York; forward particulars, references, experience. Z 218 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Leads furnished; no books or canvassing; evening work; good opportunity; commission or salary if qualified. United Land Developing Co., 132 Nassau St., Room 305.

SALESMAN.—One who has good following; no specialty; also one who has had experience in ladies' bathing suits preferred; salary or commission. B. G., 214 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—If you want a good, live proposition selling stock, big opportunity, and large commission, call or see Mr. Richards, Hotel Churchill, (Phone Stuyvesant 3008,) between 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

SALESMAN, — Have good proposition for salesman, selling aluminium cooking utensils to retail trade; commission basis. B 86 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell exceptionally attractive gold mining stock; liberal commission. Call Room 1808 25 Broad St.

SALESMAN, A1, on high-class children's dresses; must have large following; good salary. Madame Burada, 37 West 36th.

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THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Showers and thunderstorms continued over all districts east of the Mississippi River, although only locally in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys. There were also scattered thunder showers in Western Arkansas, Oklahoma, Interior Texas, and the central Rocky Mountain region. Elsewhere in the West the weather was generally fair.

Temperatures changed but little, remaining moderately low for the season over the Eastern half of the country and high over the Western half, except on the Pacific Coast.

Thunder showers will continue Thursday and Friday in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, and also on Thursday in New York and New England, followed by fair weather Friday. In the Middle Atlantic States the weather will be unsettled Thursday and generally fair Friday, while in the lake region and the Ohio Valley the weather will be fair Thursday and Friday, except that showers are probable Friday in the upper lake region.

It will be warmer Thursday in the upper lake and the west lower lake region and the Ohio Valley and warmer Friday in the Middle Atlantic States.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate south and southwest, with showers; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south, except east and southeast off the Florida Coast; thunder showers.

FORECAST TOUCH AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Local thunder showers Thursday. Friday fair.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled Thursday. Friday fair; warmer interior.

Western New York—Probably thunder showers Thursday. Friday fair; warmer.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
5 A. M.	69	70	4 P. M.	78	80
6 A. M.	70	70	6 P. M.	78	78
9 A. M.	77	75	9 P. M.	72	75
12 M.	80	79	11 P. M.	70	74

This thermometer is 214 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 75; for the corresponding date last year it was 74; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 74; at 8 P. M. it was 77. Maximum temperature, 80 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees at 3:06 P. M. Humidity, 77 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 74 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.12 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.11 inches.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises 4:39 | Sun sets 7:25 | Moon sets 7:40

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:44	7:59	1:48	1:49
Governors Island	8:23	8:38	2:22	2:23
Hell Gate	10:26	10:28	4:30	4:40

Fire Record.

A.M.

6:57—4,061 2d Av.; Brisnner ..... Loss, $500.
7:45—101 Fulton St.; Shoemaker & Co. $500
10:00—902 W. 34 St., (taxicab,) H. Hoff $400
10:20—223 2d Av.; S. Yegrada ..... Slight
M.
5:15—223 9 Av.; Julia Miller ..... Slight
5:30—Hell Gate Bridge, Bronx Side, N. Y.; Connecting Rys. Bridge Co. Slight
7:05—120 E. 112 St.; Harlem Lumber Co. ..... Slight
8:00—2 W. 104 St.; Hopkins & Boyd ..... Slight
8:10—Front 194 2 Av., (auto;) F. Mack ..... Slight
8:35—520 Degraw St.; Herman Baum ..... Slight
8:40—529 Broome St.; F. Pasemeck ..... Slight
8:50—229 Hudson St.; B. Lovey ..... Slight
9:00—2,634 8 Av.; W. Schroeder ..... Slight
9:40—21 E. 62 St., Edward De Rose ..... Slight
9:50—70 W. 46 St., (gas main.) Conn. Gas Co. ..... Slight
11:55—309 5 St.; Isaac Freilich ..... Slight

Estates Appraised.

DAVIES, FREDERICK M., of Davies, Thomas & Co., (May 2, 1915;) total assets, $314,322. The chief beneficiary is his wife, Emily O'Neil Davies, who gets $115,000; assets: Bank, $27,053; personalty, $125,206; stocks and bonds, $9,187, and interest in Davies, Thomas & Co., $152,786.

RIFLEY, ELIZA C., (April 19, 1917;) gross assets, $4,956. The entire estate goes to her Niece, Katharine A. Noyes, of 987 Madison Av. Assets: Bank, $4,461; personalty, $4,449, and stocks and bonds, $171,040.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

Positions open, $25 to $50 weekly, for men trained in the new profession, Mail Salesmanship, for cutting down high selling costs. Those able to install MAKING LETTERS PAY SYSTEM now needed by over 2,000 corporations. Write for free particulars how you can quickly learn this new profession by mail, at low cost.

TRAINING DEPARTMENT, MAKING LETTERS PAY SYSTEM, 220 West 42d St., New York City.

DO YOU LIKE TO USE TOOLS?
Earn $25 to $75 a week and at the same time establish yourself in a profitable, permanent profession. Mechanical dentists are in great demand. No book study—just practical work. Three months' course. Easy payments. You can earn while you learn. School established 25 years. Professor Bodee is recognized as America's leading authority on mechanical dentistry. Ask any reputable dentist about this school and its work. Write today for free Booklet No. 19. Bodee Dental Trade School, 15 West 44th St. Supervision of State University of New York.

MEN OF ALL AGES, if you like to use tools your quickest road to success is to learn MECHANICAL dentistry; no book study, simply laboratory training; remarkably short and thorough course; individual instruction, any time of day or evening; easy payments. Big demand for mechanical dentists; salaries range from $25 to $75 a week; investigate! Call, write, or 'phone. Get free Booklet 51.
DENTISTRY LABORATORIES SCHOOL,
Finest in America. 29 W. 59th St.
First licensed by N. Y. State University.

BE A PHOTOGRAPHER
Earn $25 to $100 weekly. Big demand now for professionals, commercial, motion picture, portrait photographers. Day or evening classes; easy terms. Call or write for free booklet. N. Y. Inst. of Photography T-7, 141 West 36th St., N. Y.

$10
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

BIG CHANCE
for
HARDWARE STORE
in good paying residential neighborhood of New Jersey; very profitable trade; nearest competitor 3 miles away; fine new store and apartment of 9 rooms, tiled bath, over it; price only $2,500 to quick buyer; $1,500 first mortgage buys it; this is a rare opportunity; act now. Address
F. B. WELLS, 170 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY

A WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY.

Coal and ice business established over 20 years in Greater New York; gross income, $15,000; net profits $9,000 annually; nominal rental; control dockage; good contracts; electric hoist, Mack truck and teams; will sell very cheap. Address Opportunity, Suite 925, 51 Chambers St., New York.

MANAGER of ability wanted for the New York or Palm Beach office of an active corporation; the personality should please merchants, dealing in Southern products; only sound business principals are essential; unlimited possibilities for the proper man; salary and commission; bank references necessary. J. Warren Wilson, 101 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

New York manufacturing corporation doing over $100,000 business annually desires $10,000 to $15,000 additional capital to increase business; investment can be secured. Y 193 Times.

WANTED, by new corporation in the automobile accessory business, partner with $5,000, to act as Treasurer; investment fully secured; large profits guaranteed. Call or write F. C. Ahrens, 1717 Broadway, 2d floor.

Active partner wanted, $2,500-$5,000 capital; unexcelled proposition; interview will convince; principals only; act quick. K 221 Times Downtown.

Wanted—$10,000, ten second mortgages, on new dwellings; bonus and permanent position as secretary; salary $40. F. O. Box 240, Brooklyn.

Partner with $5,000 by manufacturer of ladies' hand blocked hats; millinery man preferred. L. H., 252 Times Downtown.

Controlling interest in established publishing business for sale $50,000. F 250 Times Downtown.

Business Notices.

Multigraph letters; rush work specialty. James Gray, 68 William. Tel. 1294 John.

FOR SALE.

A heavy 4x16 mahogany table for sale; been used two months; good condition; will sell for reasonable price. Hoom 1101, Brokaw Bldg.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Nonvisible, 4 months, $5. Visible, 3 months, $7. Initial payment applies if purchased. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC., 241 Broadway, at Worth St. Tel. 2070 Cortlandt. Brooklyn Av., 505 Fulton St. Tel. 140 W. 42d St. at Times Sq. FRANKLIN 10 Barclay St. Telephone 4738 Barclay.

Education Notes.

The Board of Retirement has retired seventy-three public school teachers. Of this number thirty-five will be retired on Jan. 1, having reached the age limit of 70 years, and four will be retired upon application, having served thirty-five years or more. The others will be retired on Sept. 1.

In all the classrooms in Districts 45 and 46, Queens, where there are sittings in excess of fifty pupils the excess will be ended.

Coal contractor has been notified by the Board of Education of the Board of Aldermen to purchase such coal as may be needed up to 100,000 tons, without public letting, in order that the schools may be kept open during the coming Winter and Spring.

The Board of Education has assigned for one year ten teachers in high schools as administrative assistants, to take effect Aug. 1. Michael Arend has been assigned as a clerk in the office of the Superintendent in charge of vacation schools and playgrounds until Aug. 31.

The Committee on Care of Buildings has been authorized by the Board of Education to fill temporarily all positions made vacant through the entry of janitors into the military or naval service.

The

WHITMAN INDORSES FUSION'S PROGRAM

Governor Predicts Election of Mitchel and Expects Cropsey to Withdraw.

SEEK A DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Leaders May Ask the State's Executive to Name His Own Candidate for That Place.

With the selection of candidates for members of the Board of Estimate out of the way, Fusion leaders turned their attention yesterday to a discussion of candidates for the other offices, principally the judiciary and the District Attorneyship. It was the opinion of the leaders that the choice of Mayor Mitchel, Controller Prendergast, Robert Adamson, and Borough President Marks by the Nominating Committee on Tuesday night constituted the strongest possible ticket with which to fight Tammany Hall this year, and that from now on many prominent Republicans would follow in the footsteps of Charles E. Hughes and enthusiastically indorse the ticket.

Governor Whitman, who was in the city, removed all doubt as to where he stood in regard to the ticket when he came out strongly in favor of the Fusion program. He expressed himself as satisfied with the renomination of Mayor Mitchel and Controller Prendergast and predicted their election.

"Of course, I favor the Fusion movement," said the Governor in reply to a question. "I always have favored it. After all, it is a question of Tammany or anti-Tammany, and I believe the Republican County Chairmen are acting in an unselfish manner in their program. I indorse that program heartily. I do not regard it as my duty to recommend any individual. It would not be proper for me to say that Mayor Mitchel, James C. Cropsey, or any one else should be named. I will say, however, that, while I am an admirer of Fire Commissioner Adamson, who is apparently to be named for President of the Aldermen, I do not believe the Republicans are getting a fifty-fifty deal, because Mayor Mitchel is a Democrat, and if for any reason he should cease to be Mayor another Democrat would take his place.

The Governor, it is said, believes Justice Cropsey will find it expedient within a few days to announce that he is not a candidate for the Mayoralty. For him to persist, the Governor thinks, would mean that the chances of defeating Tammany would be jeopardized. More than anything else, the Governor is interested in the District Attorneyship situation. He is anxious to see a capable and efficient Republican nominated for the place. The Governor discussed this situation with a number of callers yesterday, including Republican County Chairman Samuel S. Koenig. It is said that the Fusion leaders will consult with the Governor before a candidate is named, and he may even have the naming of the candidate himself. Among those already discussed for the place are Isidor Wasservogel, who was four years in the District Attorney's office and served as Acting District Attorney under Mr. Whitman; Henry A. Wise, former United States District Attorney; John Kirkland Clark, a former Assistant District Attorney; Robert W. Bonynge, President of the Republican Club, and John A. Delehanty, who, although an independent Democrat, is a close friend of Governor Whitman.

Among those who conferred with the Governor on political and other matters during the day were Republican National Chairman William R. Willcox, Colonel William Hayward, Oscar S. Straus, Chairman of the Public Service Commission; former Representative Richard Young of Brooklyn, F. J. H. Kracke, Commissioner of Plants and Structures; George W. Perkins, Public Service Commissioner Charles B. Hervey, Henry L. Stoddard, and John C. Clark. Mayor Mitchel and Controller Prendergast were out of the city yesterday.

"It is always flattering to receive an indorsement of my administration such as that extended to me last night by the Nominating and Executive Committees of the Fusion Committee of 1917," said President Marks. "I have not fully weighed the proposition and will await the platform and other facts before deciding on my course."

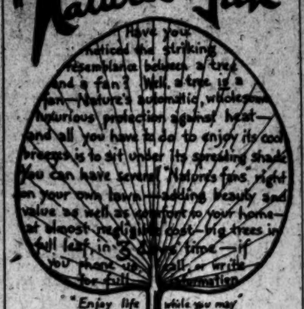
Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., July 18.—Mayor Mitchel, with Mrs. Mitchel and Mr. and Mrs. J. Waldo Smith of New York, will leave the Mt. Washington by automobile tomorrow over the Ideal Tour. When questioned concerning his nomination he firmly declined to make any statement further than that the ticket was thoroughly acceptable to him as he intended postponing the acknowledgment of his intentions until after the action of the full committee on Friday.

Pogrom Spirit Rife in Russia.

A Petrograd cablegram to the New York Jewish Warheit says that the Public Prosecutor has officially declared that a pogrom agitation is being carried on in many Russian provinces, and also in Petrograd. Wherever crowds congregate agitators carry on freely and openly their propaganda in advocacy of Jewish pogroms. The Minister of Justice has been asked to draw up a bill punishing severely those who take part in anti-Semitic agitation of this kind.

"Nature's Fan"



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Make Up Your Mind Right Now—Go to Glacier Park This Summer

Pack your touring and fishing togs, take along your camera and make the trip. In the clear, exhilarating mountain air you will get a *real* vacation—one that will fill you with energy and health.

In this great playground of Nature there are splendid forests of sweet-smelling pine, cool valleys that are a riot of gorgeous wild flowers, glaciers to explore, mountains to climb, hundreds of clear lakes and streams chuck full of trout—and then the riding, motoring or hiking.

There is a bigness, a grandeur about Glacier National Park not to be found elsewhere.

You'll find awaiting you accommodations to suit every purse—wonderful mountain inns, perfectly equipped, picturesque chalets, or just tepee camp life.

Let me help you plan your trip. Drop in, or, if more convenient for you, mail a postal and let me send you booklets and maps with full information and prices. This is a part of Burlington service, and saves you time and trouble.

W. J. Berger, Gen'l Agt., Pass'r Dept., C., B. & Q. R. R., 1,184 B'way, N. Y. C. Phone Mad. Sq. 5706.

Brill Brothers

Offer at All Their Stores

A Special Sale of $25.00 Shantung Silk Suits For Men at $17.50

Only 360 of Them All Told

Cool as a sea breeze and light as a feather, these Shantung Silk Suits offer you a whole Summertime of cool comfort and "Dog Day Joy" at bigger than season-end savings.

No man's wardrobe nowadays is complete without a Shantung Silk Suit, and no suit such as these are can ordinarily be added to your wardrobe at any such price as $17.50.

Also—Genuine Palm Beach Suits

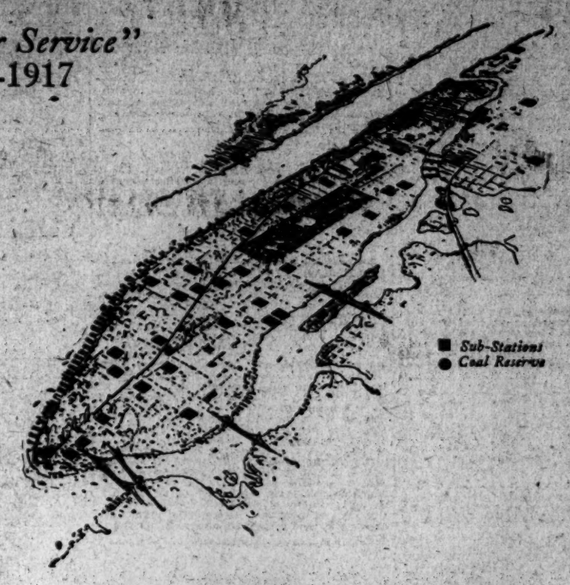
Specially Priced Palm Beach REGISTERED U.S. PATENT OFFICE THE GENUINE CLOTH MFD. BY GOODALL WORSTED CO. at $6.50

In Plain, Norfolk and Pinch Back Models

Brill Brothers

1456 Broadway Broadway, at 49th St. 44 East 14th Street
279 Broadway 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn 47 Cortlandt St.
125th Street, at 3d Avenue—Open Evenings
The Kuppenheimer House in New York and Brooklyn.
Come in or Write for New Spring Style Book.

"At Your Service" 1882-1917



Edison Sub-Stations

In the sub-stations of the Company, now numbering thirty-four, the electric current as generated at the great Waterside power plants is transformed into the electric current as distributed throughout the City and safely used by the smallest as well as the largest consumer, for light, heat and power. These stations contain not only the machinery by which the transformation takes place, but storage batteries of large capacity, which insure a degree of evenness in the regulation of pressure and a continuity of service obtainable by no other means

As one indication of the remarkable electrical development of the City, there are required no less than ten of these sub-stations in the district lying between Eighth Street and Fifty-ninth Street and the two Rivers, containing many of the theatres, the large department stores and the Great White Way

The black spots on the outline map indicate the location of these stations, and the Company's great coal storage plant on the New Jersey shore. This birdseye view well suggests the enormous extent of the Edison system which contributes so materially to making this the greatest industrial and manufacturing centre of the world, and establishes our right to call New York "The City of Light"

The New York Edison Company

At Your Service

Irving Place and 15th Street—Stuyvesant 5600

Branch Office Show Rooms for the Convenience of the Public

Address	Telephone	Address	Telephone
424 Broadway	Canal 8600	151 East 86th Street	Lenox 7780
126 Delancey Street	Orchard 1960	15 East 125th Street	Harlem 4040
10 Irving Place	Stuyvesant 5600	362 East 149th Street	Melrose 9500
124 West 42nd Street	Bryant 5263	All Show Rooms Open Until Midnight	

Night and Emergency Call: Farragut 3000

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Filigree platinum and diamond bar-pin, at Blossom Heath Inn, Merrick Road, Sunday night, July 15, between 12 and 1 A. M.; liberal reward will be paid finder. Address either Far Rockaway or 230 4th Av., New York, S. L. Migel.

LOST—On Thursday evening, July 12, at St. Regis Hotel, one earring, composed of an onyx ball, surmounted by stick diamond; reward $50. CARTIER, 712 5th Av.

LOST—Medium-sized russet grip on Sandy Hook boat leaving Highlands last Monday p. m., containing 3 laundered shirts, silk handkerchiefs, &c.; reward. Bailey, 162 West 76th St., New York.

LOST—Tuesday, July 17, between 42d and 59th Sts. and Broadway, lady's purse, containing small sum of money and diamond ring; liberal reward offered for return. Z 217 Times Annex.

LOST—In vicinity 135th St. and Broadway, small chamois bag containing two diamond earrings and a diamond ring; $50 reward. S. M. Frankel, 1569 West 135th St.

LOST—Blue silk bag containing gold watch, card case, keys, July 15, on Erie train leaving Jersey City 1:30 P. M.; reward. Vidden, 529 Courtlandt Av., Bronx.

LOST.—Diamond cluster pin, Monday, somewhere from People's Line, Canal St., to Whitlock Av., Bronx; very liberal reward. Dr. Peter H. Friedman, 962 Whitlock Av.

LOST—Kelly Springfield tire, 34x4, on gray rim, between Long Beach and New York, 60th to 40th Sts.; reward. D. J. S., 25 Times.

$200 REWARD and no questions asked for return of pearl ring, lost Friday, July 13, at Scarsdale, N. Y. Dreicer & Co., Inc., 560 5th Av., New York City.

LOST—Diamond chain bracelet, July 10, between Arverne and New York; liberal reward. 79 5th Av., 9th floor.

REWARD.—Square platinum pin, set in diamonds, vicinity Broadway, 153d, Edgecombe Av. J 173 Times.

$250 REWARD

for large diamond barpin, lost July 10, between Plaza Hotel and Park & Tilford, 126th St. and Lenox Av.; no questions asked. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 45th St. and 5th Av.

REWARD, no questions asked, for return of three odd shoes taken from showcase at door 259 5th Av. McNulty.

Cool Suits That Fit

Palm Beach $10

Many a man walks out of one of our stores in a Wallach Palm Beach Suit that hasn't had to be touched by our tailors.

Mohair - $15

The sensible, comfortable suit for the man who stays on the job in summer.

Dixie Weave $15

All Wool. Made by Hart Schaffner & Marx.

Won't you walk in and see? $15 to $22.50.

Silk - $22.50

The super-suit for style and comfort in hot weather.

The cut and tailoring are exceptional.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers.
Broadway, cor. 29th.
246-248 West 125th.
3d Ave., cor. 122d.
Open Evenings.

The Only Smart Utility Sport Model

Here is the Country Club car—the most popular sport model ever built.

There is a captivating appeal to its original design and a thrilling zest to the ease and agility of its performance.

It is a strikingly stylish car—with just the right dash of bright color.

There is ample room for four passengers—the front seats are divided and *adjustable* forward or backward.

Its long grain upholstery suggests the quality of an expensive closed car.

Every detail reflects the height of good taste.

It has four-inch tires, cantilever rear springs and is perfectly balanced to give unusual comfort in riding.

And there is power to spare!

Come in and see it today.

Country Club

$795

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Including Five Wire Wheels
Subject to change without notice

Our new warehouse facilities permit us to make immediate deliveries.

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BROADWAY AT 50TH ST., NEW YORK CITY. Telephone Columbus 9400.
MAIN SERVICE STATION, 521-531 WEST 57TH ST. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 9400.
BRANCHES AND SERVICE STATIONS AT THE BRONX, BROOKLYN, NEWARK AND YONKERS

The factory will issue a new price list affecting certain models possibly during July and certainly not later than August First

Today Is Double Profit-Sharing Day

Two "Sperry" Gold Stamps with Each 10c Purchase ALL DAY TODAY

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" Meet me at the Fountain

SIXTH AVE., 18th TO 19th STREET

The Most Astounding Underprice Distribution of Stylish

Clothing of Quality

For Men That New York Has Seen This Year

$6.95, $9.50, $15 & $18.95

It is a fact that the selling prices quoted in this advertisement are less than the garments offered could be bought at wholesale today.

Every garment is guaranteed just as if you paid the regular price. Bring it back if it doesn't give satisfaction to the fullest degree. Complete assortments.

Suits at $6.95

Values to $10

Fully 600 suits for men and youths in this lot. More than half of this quantity are genuine Palm Beach suits in natural color, plain gray, striped gray, tan, striped tan, blue stripes and black stripes. Sizes from 33 to 50 chest measure in the lot. Also three-piece suits in Worsteds, Mixtures and Cassimeres.

Suits at $9.50

Values to $15

Hundreds of serviceable, smart-looking suits in popular two and three button styles. Materials include Worsteds, Cassimeres and Blue Serges, Stripes, Checks or Neat Mixtures. 32 to 46 chest measure.

Suits at $15 *Values To $20*

But as a matter of fact, you will find suits in this lot that retail elsewhere at $22.50 and higher.

This group of suits will be featured in our MEN'S "MAIN FLOOR" $15 CLOTHES SECTION, where you always find the greatest values in New York at this price. The suits in tomorrow's sale at $15 represent selections from our own higher priced lines and two special purchases of high-class suits from reputable makers of high-class apparel.

Here you will find smartest one, two and three button models in plain back, belt-back and pinch-back suits. The materials include Fine Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Homespuns, Plain Gray, Blue or Green Flannels; also Blue Serges and Black Thibets. Every man and youth can be fitted perfectly, for all sizes are in the lot.

Suits at $18.95 *Values To $35*

In this group we have assembled several hundred of the highest class ready-to-wear suits produced by the foremost makers of ready-to-wear apparel in the country. This season's choicest productions in the famous "R. B. Fashion Clothes," of Rochester; Schloss Bros., of Baltimore; Snellenburg, of Philadelphia; The Practical Clothing Co., of New York, and many other well-known makers of superior clothing. THE ENTIRE RANGE OF SUMMER STYLES AND MATERIALS IS REPRESENTED.

Not only are these suits excellent for Summer wear, but any number of them are in light weight fabrics such as will prove serviceable for early Autumn. Any number of these suits are all silk lined, others are quarter silk lined.

Extra force of salespeople to wait on you promptly and efficiently. Sale Begins This Morning.

ALL ALTERATIONS FREE

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps are redeemable for $2.50 worth of merchandise in any department, or for $2 in cash at the 2½c Office on the Fifth Floor. We give 2½c Green Trading Stamps as usual. Ask for them. Double 2½c Stamps till 12 o'clock. Single 2½c Stamps Thereafter. Double "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day Today.

Save From $5 to $15 And Still Buy All Wool

All-wool cloths are admittedly scarce, and yet in many patterns we have more yardage than we care to carry over.

This is our reason—a good reason—for reducing prices.

All grades from $25 up to $40 now contain many materials formerly sold at $5 to $15 more. Samples on request.

Our $25 line is now especially strong.

Suits to Measure Only

Army Officers' Uniforms to measure. Government regulations strictly adhered to. Special service stations at Plattsburg and at Madison Barracks.

We close Saturdays at 1 P. M.

Arnheim

TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*It's better to be an optimist and wrong than a pessimist even though right. You at least have the satisfaction of being happy 'til the inevitable occurs.* Arnheim Axioms.

Time Payments Accepted — Mitchell — Demonstrations Solicited

CLEARANCE SALE OF LATE MODEL MITCHELL USED CARS

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Sedans, Limousines, Cabriolets, Landaulettes.

ALL MECHANICALLY PERFECT AND IN A1 CONDITION

NOW 1916 Models, $550 | Later Models, $750 — *Touring and Runabout Models*

Also a Few Used Cars of Other Makes at Sacrifice Prices.

THE TOURING SEASON IS JUST COMMENCING. NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

MITCHELL MOTOR CAR CO., of New York, Inc.

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